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The Bombay Chronicle

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VOL. XXIV NO. 20 BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1936 TWELVE PAGES

INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

ROYAL LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Libel On Mahatma & Harijan Movement

GOLD STREAM TO LONDON

Fears Of U. S. Inflation Lead To Weakness Of Dollar

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON, Jan. 23.

While the weakness of the franc in terms of Sterling is regarded as a natural consequence of the French political crisis, the Foreign Exchange operators were not fully prepared for a sharp break in the dollar which began last evening and gathered momentum this morning.

Some quarters expressed the opinion that the Dollar's weakness in terms of Sterling was due firstly, to the accentuation of inflation prospects in the United States by the Congress passing the Bonus Bill and, secondly, to heavy selling of Dollars by the United States authorities in order to assist the French authorities to keep the Dollar-Franc rate below the gold export point during the present political crisis.

The market estimates that the British Control yesterday acquired Francs to the value approximately of five millions Sterling and as the Dollar-Franc Cross Rate did not fall below the gold export point the whole outflow of gold from France is directed towards London, thus reflecting to inherent strength of Sterling.

SARRAUT ACCEPTS INVITATION

PARIS, Jan. 23.

Senator Albert Sarraut has accepted President Lebrum's invitation to form a Cabinet.

M. Sarraut, who is a Radical, was Premier for a short time in 1933.

Before inviting M. Sarraut to attempt to form a Ministry, the President had a long conference with M. Herriot lasting for some forty minutes. M. Herriot, however, declined the President's invitation to succeed M. Laval.—Indian Allied News.

AUSSIES' REVISED TOUR PROGRAMME

Will Sail From Bombay On Feb. 13

NEW DELHI, Jan. 23.

The Board of Control for Cricket in India has revised the concluding portion of the Australian Cricket tour in India owing to the death of the King. The visiting team which was due to play at Secunderabad from January 24, will now leave Delhi on January 26, to play against Moinudowla's Eleven on the 29th, 30th and 31st January.

From Secunderabad the Tourists proceed straight to Madras on the afternoon of 1st February and play that Presidency on the second, third and fourth February. There will be no play on the fifth and the last test match against the India eleven will be played on the dates originally fixed namely from the sixth to the ninth February.

From Madras the tourists will go to Bangalore and play there on the 10th and the 11th. The team comes back to Bombay and sails for Australia on February 13 by the Strathnaver.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

MAHATMA FOR CONGRESS 'GADI.'

MADRAS, Jan. 23.

Mr. T. Prakasam, President, Andhra Congress Committee writes to the press appealing that Mahatma Gandhi be elected President of the Lucknow Congress. He says it is essential in the National interest that Mahatma Gandhi should be forced out of his retirement.—A. P.

Insinuations In Official Report

DELHI, TOO, DOES ITS BIT OF PROPAGANDA

Gandhiji Will Deal With The Matter In Due Course

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 23.

When the attention of Mr. Mahadev Desai, Gandhiji's Secretary, was drawn this evening by the "United Press" correspondent to a paragraph in the Government of India's recently published book entitled "India in 1933-34" in which it is suggested that Gandhiji had started the Harijan movement with some ulterior motives, he said:

To Be Placed Before Mahatma

"I have not with me a copy of the book, but when you read out to me the sentence about the suggestion, I must say that the insinuation is baseless, and it would be dealt with by the proper authority, that is, the Harijan Sevak Sangh."

In this connection it is understood that extracts from the report will be placed before Gandhiji when he is fit to attend to such matters, as it is not thought fit to apprise him of such matters in his present state of health.

Those "Certain Observers"

The following is the relevent extract from the Report:—

"It was noteworthy that during Mr. Gandhi's visit to orthodox strongholds, such as Madura, he avoided reference to the subject of temple-entry, which had been understood to form the main plank of his campaign. In the circumstances it is natural that certain observers saw in the Harijan campaign motives other than a purely altruistic desire to remove social disabilities".—United Press.

NO MORE BULLETINS

Gandhiji Decidedly Better

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 23.

Gandhiji continues to maintain general improvement in his health.

As there is nothing further to report about Gandhiji's health, Mr. Mahadev Desai, has discontinued issuing bulletins.

That Gandhiji decidedly feels better is evident from the fact that this evening he was seen walking slowly on the beautiful terrace of the Vidyapith. He attends to his prayers in the evening.

He sleeps in the open terrace under the canopy of the blue sky, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel being his sole companion.—United Press.

CHANGE IN DATE OF CONGRESS

Rajen Babu Informs Reception Committee

LUCKNOW, Jan. 23.

The Congress President has informed the Reception Committee of the forthcoming Congress Session of his decision to change the dates of the Session from the third week of March to the month of April.

The Reception Committee has again made a representation to Rajen Babu not to change the dates, but the Congress Circles here believe that there is no likelihood of his agreeing to that suggestion —United Press.

"MOTINAGAR" FOR CONGRESS SESSION

LUCKNOW, Jan. 23.

The formal opening ceremony of the Congress Nagar, which has been named after the late Motilal Nehru as "Motinagar" will be performed on the evening of the 25th January, when the representatives of practically all districts and provinces who have been elected delegates to the National Congress will be present. Soon after the opening ceremony, the National Flag will be unfurled.

The volunteers camp under the leadership of Dr. Hardikar, who is already here, will be opened at the same time.—United Press.

JAWAHAR'S DECISION

Will Accept Congress Presidentship If Elected

BERLIN, Jan. 23.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is leaving for London on Saturday and will remain there until the beginning of February. After that he is proceeding to Lausanne to meet Mrs. Kamala Nehru who, in the meanwhile, will be transported thither.

Pandit Nehru said: "I will accept the Presidentship of the Congress if elected. I hope to attend the Congress unless my wife's condition prohibits it".

His wife's condition at present is unchanged.—Reuter.

TO BE IN LONDON ON INDEPENDENCE DAY

Public Reception At Caxton House

LONDON, Jan. 23.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru arrives in London on Jan. 26.

The Indian community has arranged a public welcome at Caxton House on Jan. 27 at which Sir Stafford Cripps, Mr. David Grenfell, Mr. Aldous Huxley, Mr. John Jagger, Mr. Harold Laski, Mrs. Saklatvala and Miss Ellen Wilkinson will be among the speakers.—Reuter.

WORKING COMMITTEE

To Meet After Arrival Of Jawahar

PATNA, Jan. 23.

Acharya Kripalani arrived here this morning and is expected to leave for Allahabad to-night after consulting with Babu Rajendra Prasad about the Congress. It is understood that meeting of the Working Committee will be held on the arrival of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

Babu Rajendra Prasad is expected to tour Sind sometime in March.—A. P.

ETHIOPIANS ROUT ITALIAN FORCES

Britain Must Withdraw

THAT 'THREAT' IN HER REPLY

Nahas Pasha Refuses To Form Govt.

CAIRO, Jan. 23.

It appears there is little hope of Nahas Pasha reconsidering the refusal to form a coalition government. During his audience with King Fuad, Nahas Pasha declared that the British Govern-

Nahas Pasha, Leader of the Egyptian Wafd Party delivering an address to an audience of 30,000 in Cairo.

ment's reply concerning the negotiations for an Anglo-Egyptian treaty were unfavourable as it contained a threat. Therefore, something further will be required to remove the impression created.

Sir Miles Lampson in his verbal reply pointed out that no threat was intended.—Reuter.

MILITARY QUESTION BLOCKS TREATY

British View Of Anglo-Egyptian Talks

LONDON, Jan. 23.

For the first time in several weeks official circles referred to the Anglo-Egyptian situation and emphasised that Britain desired that the conversations should proceed as between potential allies. The military question was the fulcrum of the whole situation and the fact that Britain desired it to be settled first did not mean that Britain was adopting an imfossible and rigid attitude on other matters. They pointed out that any new treaty must be mutually satisfactory in the light of the lessons of the recent military history.

In consequence of the Egyptian Cabinet crisis, Britain would be remaining aloof at present until Egypt had settled her own particular problem which would enable the Government to take up negotiations with Britain on the suggested basis.—Reuter.

Nahas Pasha's "No" To Coalition

CAIRO, Jan. 23.

Nahas Pasha, the leader of the Wafd, remains adamant in his refusal to form or participate in a Coalition Cabinet. The situation, therefore, remains confused. According to newspapers Aly Pasha Maher this afternoon conferred with Mohamed Pasha Mahmoud, the Liberal constitutionalist leader.—Reuter.

Commons' Address To King Edward

CORONATION NEXT YEAR IN WESTMINSTER

Proclamation Of Accession Not Read In Dublin

Resolutions offering condolence to His Majesty the King and Her Majesty the Queen Mother on the death of King George were passed by the House of Commons on Thursday.

The Premier, Mr. Stanley Baldwin, moved the resolutions and they were seconded by Major Attlee, the Leader of the Opposition.

After Sir Archibald Sinclair, the Leader of the Liberals, had paid his tributes to Their Majesties, the King and Queen, both resolutions were put to the House. They were carried 'nem con.'

LONDON, Jan. 23.

The Speaker and the officers of the House of Commons were in full dress uniforms, when the House of Commons re-assembled this afternoon. Benches were crowded with members in deep mourning.

Mr. Baldwin announced a message from the King signed in his own hand. He gave the message to the Speaker who read the following "Edward R. I. I am well assured the House of Commons deeply mourns the death of my beloved father. He devoted his life to the service of his people and to the upholding of constitutional Government. He was ever actuated by his profound sense of duty. I have resolved to follow in the way he set before me."

CORONATION NEXT YEAR.

Mr. Baldwin proposed the address conveying sympathy to King Edward, assuring His Majesty that his "father's example of unselfish devotion to public service would ever be held" in affectionate remembrance. He also proposed a message of condolence to the Queen.

In the course of his speech, he mentioned the new King would be crowned with appropriate pomp and ceremony in Westminster Abbey next year. He declared that the great achievement of the last century which culminated in the reign of King George was the coming to terms by democracy with Monarchy, evolving a unique system which it was believed gave stability to the body politic, that most countries would give all they possessed to have it. While the temporal power of the Crown had diminished, its spiritual power far greater than ever was not only the link holding together the country but the whole empire of English-speaking peoples, and was indissoluble link holding the myriad peoples of India.

TRIBUTE TO LATE KING.

King George met the challenge of the greatest and swiftest changes unflinchingly and triumphed at a time, when a slip of speech or action might have wrought irreparable damage. King George never considered his own ease and leisure. The sure instinct of his people gradually discerned whatever frailties and limitations might be attached to the King. His sense of duty to his people amounted to a genius.

QUALITIES OF NEW KING.

King George's power and influence for good were enhanced in million ways by his companionship of the Queen. Everyone felt personal sympathy with the Queen far removed from conventional grief. King Edward brings a personality richly endowed with experience of public affairs, fruits of travel and universal goodwill. He has wider and intimate knowledge of all classes not only in Britain, but throughout Dominions and India than any of his predecessors.

Major Attlee and Sir Archibald Sinclair briefly supported the addresses which were carried.

PUBLIC HOLIDAY ON JANUARY 28

Viceroy's Appeal To Join Memorial Service

NEW DELHI, Jan. 23.

The Governor-General-in-Council announces that the funeral of the late most Gracious Majesty King George Fifth, King of Great Britain, Ireland, the British Dominions beyond seas, Defender of faith, and Emperor of India will take place on 28th January.

The Governor-General-in-Council hereby directs all offices of Government throughout India to be closed on that date and requests Local Governments to notify that day under Section 25, Negotiable Instrument Act, 1881.

The Governor-General-in-Council trusts all subjects of His Majesty will, as far as possible, abstain from doing business on that day of mourning. A memorial service will be held at the Church of Redemption, New Delhi at 4-30 p.m. (Delhi Time) i.e., 4 p.m. (Indian Standard Time).

His Excellency the Viceroy accompanied by the Commander-in-Chief and members of the Governor-General's Council will attend the service. Similar memorial services will be held at the same time in the Capital City of each Local Government and Administration and at churches throughout India. The Viceroy has no doubt that the followers of all religions will similarly observe the occasion.—A. P.

NO PROCLAMATION IN DUBLIN

Two Schools Of Thought

(Special Cable.)

DUBLIN, Jan. 23.

Hitherto no official announcement has been made with regard to the proclamation of the New King.

"The Irish Times" says that in view of the changed situation in the Free State, it is not likely that there would be any ceremonial of the kind observed, when King George succeeded to the Throne.

It appears that there are two schools of thought as to whether

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 8.)

ITALIAN PLOT UNEARTHED

Secret Wireless To Report Emperor's Movements Captured

ADDIS ABABA, Jan. 23.

It is reported from Dessie that the Abyssinian authorities have discovered a secret Italian wireless station in the Dessie region.

The station, it is stated, was used for the purpose of revealing the Emperor's movements as well as Abyssinian troop movements to the Italians.

The Abyssinians have seized the apparatus and have arrested a number of spies who are Abyssinians. The authorities believe that there are other similar stations elsewhere in Abyssinia.—Indian Allied News.

ABYSSINIAN VICTORY

Italians Suffer Heavy Casualties

ADDIS ABABA, Jan. 23.

A further communique has been issued regarding the Abyssinian victory in the Tembien region in which it is revealed that there has been heavy fighting on the Northern front since Monday last.

It is stated that, in the course of the fighting, thousands of Italians were killed and many important Italian positions occupied by the Abyssinians.—Indian Allied News.

CAPTURE OF RIFLES AND AMMUNITION

ADDIS ABABA, Jan. 23.

It is officially stated that an Abyssinian victory has been achieved in the Tembien region.

No details are yet available, but it is learnt from a reliable source that, after fierce fighting on Tuesday last, Ras Kassa captured many Italian rifles and much ammunition.

It is reported that the Abyssinians inflicted heavy losses on the Italians.—Indian Allied News.

ITALIAN ATTACKS REPULSED

ADDIS ABABA, Jan. 23.

Thousands of Italians were killed in a great battle on the Northern Front that began on Monday, claims an official communique issued to-day. It adds a large quantity of material, including many guns was captured. The Abyssinians also claim to have shot down a three-engined Caproni aeroplane.

The fighting which is proceeding is described as of the fiercest character with hand to hand combats, bayonet charges, air bombing and machine-gun actions. The Abyssinians have repulsed several Italian attacks and have launched counter attacks in which Italians have been driven back.

DAME CLARA BUTT DEAD

LONDON, Jan. 23.

Death has occurred of Dame Clara Butt. She had been an invalid suffering from spinal complaint for some years.—Reuter.

(Dame Clara Butt, the famous Contralto Singer was 62 at her death. She was created D.B.E. in 1920. Lovers of music will recall her visit to India a few years back, when she thrilled audiences by her performance. She visited Mahatma Gandhi who was moved by her rendering of "Lead Kindly Light". Last year she contributed a series of articles in the "People" (London) detailing her reminiscences, incidentally give some personal impressions of the Mahatma.)

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted immediately Stenographer, Typing speed 40 and Shorthand 120, Salary Rs. 50. Allowance Rs. 20. Apply Box 2513, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—A first class wireman or supervisor for wiring work at Nipani. Apply with testimonials with minimum salary expected. Pay as per efficiency. Abhyankar Engineer, Nipani. (5531).

Wanted—An Expert Radio Mechanic for upcountry. Apply with testimonials, stating qualifications and lowest pay acceptable. Box No. 5526, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted: Graduate to coach up an Inter-Science Student in Mathematics and Science. Apply Box No. 5517, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—Energetic Youngmen for the sale of easy Industrial Insurance schemes on a salary of Rs. 45 to Rs. 200 per mensem according to qualifications. Write for particulars to the National Home Assurance Co., Ltd., 10, Chamberlain Road, Lahore. (5487).

Wanted a Young, Energetic Person in a big printing establishment. Must be capable of exacting work in composing, printing and binding. Should be proficient in cost finding. Knowledge of Litho an advantage. Knowledge of English, Hindi and Marathi necessary. Pay according to experience. Only thoroughly efficient in the line need apply. Rajasthan Ptg. & Litho Works, Ltd., Akola (Berar). (5516).

Wanted Gujarati English knowing accountants for auditors firm. Typist preferred. Salary Rs. 30. Apply with testimonials Box No. 5508, "Bombay Chronicle."

12. TO BE LET.

To Be Let—For Hindus—Centrally situated well-lighted, self-contained, convenient flat: acc: drawing, dining rooms, two-bed rooms, kitchen, at "Dharam Nivas", Tardeo Road, near Shankershet's Temple. Apply on the premises, Block No. 7. (5530).

56. EDUCATIONAL

Guarantee Cambridge Course ensures success and refunds promptly the fees on failure. Cambridge Senior—a great boon especially to Officers and Clerks. Apply Senior Cambridge Institute, 379, Lamington Road. (1775).

Wanted candidates to qualify as Sub-Engineers: Overseers through Postal instruction. Principal, British India Technical College, Sukkur (Sind). (5473).

Gregg Shorthand taught by India's Pioneer and only Certificated Teacher holding Author's diploma from Chicago. Fee Rs. 4. Period 2 months.—National Technical College of India Limited, Dadar, Bombay. (5520).

44. MEDICAL.

Agents and Patients are invited to try our Health Pills, which cure nearly all diseases. 100 pills cost a rupee. Dinker Pharmacy Jamnagar (India) (5503).

73 AGENTS WANTED

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale—Our Asea's 150 K.W. .8 P.F. 440 Volts, 3 phase, 50 Cycles Alternator complete with exciter, exciter regulator and rope pulley in excellent condition and used for only 2-1/2 years, is for sale as a bigger one is to be installed. For particulars write to Rohit Mills Limited, Ahmedabad. (2489).

121. DAILY WANTS.

Tea—Expert in Tea Business with 47 years' experience is open to engagement or a representation, specially of Nilgiri and Travancore Tea. Apply Jamshetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi, Bombay.

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE

WANTED three GRADUATE LADIES for the Municipal Girls' Middle School, apply stating terms to the undersigned.

B. A. PATEL,
Chief Officer, Broach.
Borough Municipality, Broach.
Broach, 22nd Jan., 1936. 2509

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

II.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that notices have been given under Section 36 (n) of the Municipal Act, for motions to the following effect being placed before the Corporation when the Budget Estimates for the year 1936-'37 are discussed:—

1. By Sir Jehangir B. Bomon-Behram, Kt., seconded by Mr. Mathooradas Tricamjee—For providing Rs. 10 lacs in the Revenue Budget Estimates for the removal of slums in the City, etc.

2. By Dr. Khurshed J. Cursetji, seconded by Mrs. Khadija Shuffi Tyabji and 13 other Councillors—For increasing the contribution payable to the Schools Committee by Rs. 67,000.

3. By Dr. M. C. Javle, seconded by Mr. Chimanlal Manchubhai—For providing Rs. 50,000 in the Loan Works Budget for constructing Tulsi Pipe Line Road between Dadar and Matunga.

4. By Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta—For providing Rs. 25 lacs in the Loan Works Budget for clearing slums in the City.

By Order of His Worship
the Mayor,
D.V. NADKARNI,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 23rd Jan., 1936. 2510.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

I beg to intimate to my personal constituents that I have retired from the firm of Messrs. Breul & Co., Agents of the Queensland Insurance Co., Ltd., as from the 1st day of January, 1936, and that I shall feel obliged if they will refer to me at my undermentioned address in connection with their insurance business placed through me with any of the insurance Companies.

Dated this 23rd day of January, 1936.

K. R. BANAJWALLA.
Zohara Mansion, Wadia Street, Tardeo.
5529.

GENUINE ENGLISH.
CROOKES' GLARE GLASSES
in Tropic-proof frames
Rs. 7-8 per pair.
LAWRENCE & MAYO LTD.
274, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament of SADASHIV NANABHAI HATE, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, Architect, Civil Engineer and Surveyor, married, residing at date of death in Dubash Lane, Vithalbhai Patel Road, outside the Fort of Bombay. Deceased.

BAI KAMLABAI, widow of Sadashiv Nanabhai Hate, the Sole Executrix of the said Will of the said deceased, residing in Dubash Lane, Vithalbhai Patel Road, outside the Fort of Bombay. .. Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the abovenamed deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings if they think fit before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 17th day of January in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and thirty-six and in the 26th year of our Reign

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI,

The 17th day of January, 1936.
Messrs SUNKERSETT & VAIDYA,
Petitioner's Attorneys. (2507).

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that by mutual consent of all the partners of our clients' firm of Messrs. Ramchand Benarsidas, (who have been carrying on business in Bombay, Karachi, Okara, Miya-Channu and other places in the Bombay and Madras Presidencies and in the Native States of Mysore and of His Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad in their own name as well as in the names of Messrs. Thakurdas Dinanath, Messrs. Javhermal Ramgopal and Messrs. Haricharan Benarsidas), it has been determined that as from the 1st day of December 1935, without the joint signatures of Mr. Ramchand Rajhumal and Mr. Benarsidas Bhagwandas the two principal partners of the said firm, no new business on behalf of the said firm in its own name or in any of its said other names should be done or effected by any person on its behalf in its own or any of its said other names, nor should any hundies or promissory notes be drawn, endorsed or otherwise negotiated nor any debts, obligations or liabilities be contracted or incurred by or on behalf of the said firm in its own name or in any of its said other names by any person whomsoever.

As from the said date no business, contract or transaction effected on behalf of the said firm nor any hundi or promissory note drawn or endorsed on its behalf, nor any debt or obligation or liability incurred on its behalf either in its own name or in its said other names without the joint signatures of the said two principal partners Mr. Ramchand Rijhumal and Benarsidas Bhagwandas shall be binding in any way upon the said firm or the partners thereof.

Dated this 20th day of January, 1936.

MULLA & MULLA.
Attorneys for Messrs. Ramchand Benarsidas.
2512.

Auction Sales

BENNETT AND CO.

Under instructions from Messrs. Goherally Jeewabhoy and Sons, (Pledgees) and on account and at risk of the firm of Messrs. Jamnadas Chhaganlal (Pledgers) one hundred shares of Messrs. W. H. Brady & Co., Ltd., of the face value of Rs. 150 each standing in the name of Bai Ujjambai Bhawan, will be sold by Public Auction, at the Auction Rooms of the undersigned, at 120, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on MONDAY, the 27th January 1936 at 3 p.m. (S.T.)

Particulars and conditions of sale may be seen at the office of the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

CRAWFORD & CO.

BONA-FIDE SALE OF FURNITURE AND STOCK IN TRADE of Messrs. G. Griffiths & Co., Ltd., (In Voluntary Liquidation) will be held on SATURDAY, 25th January, 1936, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at Yusuf Building, opposite Flora Fountain, Fort, Bombay.

CRAWFORD & CO.,

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE of W. Anderson Esquire & Others, on (SUNDAY) 26th inst at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, Opp. Hyland Co. of complete Flat Furniture, English Cottage Piano, Singer Machine, H. M. V. Gramophone, Godrej & Chubb Safes Chaiming hall clock, Chesterfield sets, Underwood portable typewriter, American roll top table, Ice Frigidaire, etc. VORA & CO. Tel. 40213.

PLAZA
TO-NIGHT 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
CECIL B. DE'MILLE'S
"CLEOPATRA"
TO-MORROW
BRIDE OF FRANKENSTEIN
A Universal Thriller

RETRENCHMENT IN PAREL G. I. P. WORKSHOP

Staff Union's Reply

The following statement issued by the General Secretary of the New G.I.P. Railway Staff Union, writes:—

The General Secretary of the G. I. P. Railway Worker's Union has issued a statement on the part played by the New G.I.P. Railway Staff Union in the matter of the recently started retrenchment in the G.I.P. Workshop at Parel. Those who have at least the real interest of the working class can hardly afford to waste their time in directing such mis-judged criticisms and we would not have wasted our time and energies over it and over a reply to it, had it not contained gross perversions of facts and glaring inaccuracies.

The statement says: "Mr. Joshi personally told Com. 'Khedgikar, the President of the G.I.P. Railway Workers' Union on the 9th instant, in Fort, that he did not know why he was called by the Agent, but as he has seen some press statement regarding retrenchment in the Parel Workshop, he thought the interview was in that connection and requested Com. Khedgikar for some information". As a matter of fact, Mr. Joshi definitely told Com. Khedgikar that some workers from the Parel Workshop had approached the Staff Union with a request to guard the interest of railway workers against the impending retrenchment, and that the Staff Union had written to the Agent on the 7th instant inquiring as to exact details of the proposed retrenchment and demanding at the same time an opportunity to place before the Administration the view-point of the workers, as permitted to the recognised Unions of employees by the rules of procedure in such cases laid down by the Government. This was again repeated on the morning of 10th, that is, on the day of the interview, in presence of other Union workers, when Com. Khedgikar himself had come to Mr. Joshi with a request that he (Mr. Joshi) should persuade the Agent to call and consult the representatives of the Workers' Union in the matter of retrenchment, Com. Khedgikgar had prior to this made the same suggestion to Mr. R. R. Bakhale, the General Secretary of the N.T.U. Federation. Com. Khedgikar was thus in the perfect know in the matter and wanted anyhow a chance for the Agent's interview in that respect.

OBJECT OF INTERVIEW

The statement next alleges that Mr. Joshi, "had no suggestion to make except that instead of sending men in large numbers on compulsory leave without pay, the work-shop may be closed for a day every week." The Staff Union never made any suggestion attributed to it: As a matter of fact not a single 'alternative proposal' has so far been made. The Union, on the other hand, suggested certain proposals which, if accepted, will tend to provide additional work for the shop employees and thus the very necessity of effecting retrenchment could be knocked out. The object of the interview was mainly to elicit authentic information which the Union was entitled to get. The opportunity was utilised only for this purpose and nothing further. The Union has not made and will not make any alternative proposals without placing them first before the workers and obtaining their approval to it—a thing which any Union having sincerely at heart the real interest of the workers must do. The Union is ever willing to place all correspondence that has so far transpired between the Union and the Agent in this matter before anybody who would desire to get himself satisfied with what has been stated herein.

The fact that 200 men were already sent on compulsory leave and some were actually discharged is to be very much regretted. To put a check to it was really the primary concern of any Union—more especially of the other Union who always boasts to be the sole and unquestionable representative of the G.I.P. workers, and who now finding itself hopelessly helpless is trying to shift its failure upon others. The Staff Union intervened, but only after being expressly asked for by workers themselves.

As regards the challenge occupying the concluding para. of the statement under reference, the less said the better. The Staff Union has outlived many such onslaughts and it will go on smoothly so long its constructive work can find a deep footing among the rank and file of workers.

It is a matter of regret that these Labour leaders should indulge in such attacks in clear contravention of the pledge that they have solemnly given at the time of formation of the Joint Labour Board that they would not indulge in personal attacks. It is disruptive tendencies such as those that mainly prevent Trade Union Unity from being an unaccomplished fact. And sooner the sensible section in the T. U. Congress group realises it and tries to get rid of this mischievous tendency, the better for all concerned.

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A Page About Motoring & Aviation

School Boy Patrols Protect Life Of Child Pedestrians

Bombay School's Commendable Enterprise Should Be Followed By All Educational Institutions

(CONTRIBUTED)

The display of the Antonio Da Silva High School Boys Safety Patrol was one of the many instructive items at the forthcoming Exhibition of the All-India St. John's Ambulance Brigade on January 22 at the Cooperage.

This Safety Patrol which was inaugurated by Mr. C. H. Reynolds, Deputy Commissioner of Police, in December last, has been on duty every school day since its creation, and has guided the students belonging to the Antonio Da Silva High School to and from school in perfect safety. Several of the schools in the neighbourhood have given instructions to their scholars, that when using this vicinity, they must cross the streets in accordance with the Schoolboy Patrol's signals.

COMMENDABLE SYSTEM.

The need for an extension of the School Boy Patrol will commend itself to every progressive educational institution in this country. We hope that it will not be long before grown up people will be found following in their children's footsteps and using the roads in the most efficient way.

In order to enable educationists to appreciate the value of such an organisation, the following note on its origin and value to the Community will be read with interest.

ORIGIN OF SCHOOLBOY PATROL

The Schoolboy Patrol made its beginning in Chicago in 1921. As a result of its utility, patrols are now being used in about 1,800 cities and towns in the United States, and it is estimated there are 200,000 boys serving on these patrols and protecting the lives of 5,000,000 school children. In every town in which the Schoolboy Patrol has been operating a reduction in child fatalities has been reported. As an evidence of its accomplishment, the case of Des Moines in Iowa may be cited. There are 22 schools in which there are schoolboy patrols, and during the past three years, no child attending these schools have been hurt while going to or from school, whereas last year 29 children from the other 30 schools not having patrols were injured by automobiles while on their way to or from the school.

BENEFITS TO COMMUNITY.

Educational authorities everywhere recognise the outstanding and unique value of the School Patrol. The benefits may be stated as follows:—

Firstly, the Patrol provides protection for the student body of the school. It carries out into the street theories and admonitions of class room safety and puts them into actual practice. It guarantees that at least a part of the time the children of your school will be compelled to cross streets cautiously.

"Secondly, The Patrol helps to educate the students of the community in street safety. It is believed that there is nothing which drives home to the child mind more effectively the necessity for streets and highway caution than a properly functioning Schoolboy Patrol. Few children can, day after day, come into contact with the patrol boys at the curb and fail to connect the curb with danger and the necessity for caution Children in schools having patrols, become cautious when crossing streets alone.

Thirdly, the patrol helps to build character. While it is generally recommended above that only boys of good standing be admitted to the patrol, this is only a general recommendation. Some teachers have placed "problem boys" on their patrols with the result that the deportment of these boys was very much improved. May we quote here the words written to Mr. Thos. P. Henry, Pres., of the American Automobile Association by President Franklin D. Roosevelt relative to Schoolboy Patrol: "In addition to the day-to-day protection against accidents to school children afforded by the patrols, the movement is unquestionably a fine builder of morals. It also develops a sense of responsibility which cannot but make for good citizenship."

ITS FUNCTIONS.

The function of the Schoolboy Patrol is to instruct, direct and control the members of the student body in crossing the streets at or near the school. Patrols are not allowed to direct vehicular traffic, other than signalling to an approaching motorist after the school children have left the curb.

Members of the Patrol are appointed by the Principal. Ordinarily they are boys selected from the higher standards. Their service is entirely voluntary and approved by the parents. The size of patrol will naturally vary with the street conditions and the size of school. There are usually two patrols at each crossing.

The standard insignia for patrol members is a Sam Browne belt made of white or blue materials with the school-badge worn over the left breast.

The Patrol member stands on the curb and holds back the children until he sees a lull in traffic, and when this occurs, he motions for the children to cross the street in a group. He still keeps his position on the curb, unless his view of traffic is obstructed by parked cars. Under these circumstances he may step a sufficient distance into the street to obtain a clear view. After the children have crossed, he returns to his station on the curb.

The Patrol members take their posts 10 or 15 minutes before the opening of the school in the morning and remain on duty until after the last bell. At either noon or afternoon dismissals they leave their classes two or three minutes before the dismissal bell, and remain on duty for ten or fifteen minutes while children are leaving.

Further details of the School Boys Safety Patrol may be obtained from the Hon. General Secretary. The Safety First Association of India, Electric House, Fort, Bombay.

A FLYING GIANT

"Hannibal", an Imperial Airwa ys liner used on the India-England route, being refuelled at Karachi Airport. It can carry 38 passengers and a crew of four.

Courtesy: Imperial Airways.)

Might Happen To You!

Practical Hints In Case Of Breakdown

Bus Man's Brain Wave ... When The Steering Wheel Smashed ... The Tale Of A Lost Handle ... And What The Marooned Motorist Did ... An Ingenious Device ... Contact Spring From Bamboo

By S. MAJID ALI BABBAN.

We give below an interesting article, written by a Motorist for motorists. The author relates some interesting experiences and, in doing so, gives some practical hints, which will be of great value to motorists.

My journey was from Mount Abu to Abu Road. Muhammed the driver was employed on the Mount Abu Bus Service. His bus used to carry the passengers as well as the mail, and in order to catch the mail train he usually goes a little earlier. This day he was delayed due to engine-starting trouble. So all the way he was running with throttle depressed, but with care and attention. On coming down and making the last and the sharpest curve in slow speed (hard for so big a bus), when he was about to resume the turn, the steering wheel broke from the steering-wheel post taper and also from all the coupled joints. With continuous day and night usage the wood pieces had been loosened, but Muhammed had paid no attention to it. Thus he was again in trouble at the wrong time. But no sooner did he become aware of the danger than he caught hold fast of the centre steering wheel bolt, and with his full strength turned the face of the bus to the mountain side. Thus he saved the lives of thirty passengers, who might have fallen hundreds of feet down the khud. The bus struck the slope and the passengers received a bad shock. The people shouted horrified, "God save us all." Some in anger cried. "Give us our money back." We will go on feet." Two other passengers appealed to them to sit quietly. The mud-guards were damaged, the head lamps were broken. The driver did his best to bring the steering wheel pieces in grip, but he failed in every attempt. His face paled when he took a look at his watch.

A BRAIN WAVE.

I don't know how he got the brain wave. He deliberately took the big screw-wrench from underneath the seat. He fixed the steering centre bolt in the wrench jaw and then fastened the string over. Started the engine, the car moved back and then proceeded slowly along its way. When Muhammad became satisfied with the steering mechanism he accelerated his pace.

At the Station many were waiting for him. The mail-train was already late by five minutes. The mail carrier on seeing the bus, came running, took and checked the mail then and there. The matter of inquiry was handed over to the police. The improvised steering wheel and all the bus passenger spoke as witness. Muhammed was exonerated and also rewarded by his company manager. Others congratulated him for his courageous work and presence of mind and ingenuity.

A LOST HANDLE

That haste makes waste, and the more haste the less speed, can justly be applied to the motorist who neglects one thing or another. He may leave the switch on and so discharge the battery. No tightening and setting the spare-wheel properly is to part with it on some slight road shock; not closing the leaking petrol cock is to allow the fluid to run to waste. One who fails in hurry to tighten the terminals of a newly-charged battery gets light and speed troubles, and so on. The ideal motorist must always remain calm when at the wheel and ought to be in full control of the machine and familiar with its equipment.

In October last, the Dramatic Club presented a comedy in aid of a School. In my car, I went out alone to witness the performance. On entering the gate, I met a friend, Mr. Sami. We occupied the same box and witnessed together the entire drama. It was nicely staged and the actors acquitted themselves with credit. At about two in the morning it ended, and I accompanied Sami to the cycle stand. He found the front wheel punctured. "Hullow, Sami," I inquired. "What's wrong now?" He maintained a stony silence, so I invited him into my car with his bike. He occupied the front seat, holding his bike tightly. Starting my engine, we soon motored out of the town and proceeded ahead leisurely. In a few minutes we were before the bungalow gate three miles away from town in an isolated area. The cycle was taken down, Sami who, was quite grateful offered me a cigarette. Resting my elbow on the mud-guard, I puffed and puffed and kept on discussing the drama with him. Then suddenly Sami recalled that it was three and he had to report to the office the same morning. I bade him farewell and was left with my car, at that unearthly hour, far from home and from rest.

MAROONED.

Coming to a road that was unexpectedly steep, I switched off the engine and freed it from the gear so as to have a smoother run. I threw the clutch pedal, but clapped on the hand and foot brakes. When it, reached the bottom of the hill, the car ran many yards ahead. Then I engaged the bottom gear, and when there was no engine noise I moved to second gear and then to the third, but the engine still gave no evidence of life. As with every motorist, in similar plight, I freed it from gear and moved my fingers to switch off the machine, but to my surprise found it already off. Evidently in changing gears, I had forgotten the switch. On switching, I bent down to take the handle from the floor and searched every nook of it. Soon I recalled that in talking to Sami I forgot to remove it from the ratchet. I pressed the automatic foot-switch, but it did not work, for all the teeth of gear-rings were broken, and moreover the starter jammed.

And so, at three o'clock in the morning with my handle lost, and myself alone on the road, . . . this was a challenge to the wits. I tried hard to push and pull, but the car budged not an inch. I was about to give up and closed my eyes, when a sudden inspiration dawned. I decided to coil the piece of a string around the wheel cap and then pull. But where to get the string? I could make use of the box-spanner, so I took the seat away and got the jack, and the set of box-spanner complete. With these, I pulled the car into third easy gear, the level in full retard position. Coming to my side wheel I jacked it and then fixed a spanner to one of the disc wheel nuts. Putting the box handle into the spanner and grasping the handle of course, in the correct method, with the thumb, tucked well out harm's way, on the same side of the fingers, I straightaway applied my full strength with a round jerk. The wheel moved and the machine turned a half or so, and then came the noise of the started engine. I ran in jig time to the seat, freed it from the gear and advance the lever a little. On hand braking, I alighted to remove the jack and the box-set, and then groped on my way back in search of the lost handle. No sooner had I reached up the hill, then it came into sight some yards away. Happily I took it and returned. The car now under my full control, I descended the hill and sped along reaching home safely. On leaving the car under the porch, without changing my clothes, I curled into my bed sorely in need of sleep.

BROKEN CONTACT-SPRING REPAIRED.

Do stop when you see a fellow motorist in trouble: for there is pleasure in tracing the break downs and perhaps you may learn something, and sometimes also make friends. On some occasions you may encounter cranks who do not like anybody else even to touch their beloved car, afraid of more damage. Be courteous, be honest and give them sound advice. Explain to them politely, how even through the car manual one can easily trace the possible troubles.

BABY IN DISTRESS

One day I was returning from a long run with Zahir beside me. All of a sudden I was held up by a "Baby" owner. He was a young man coming from a far away town to enjoy, his X'mas holidays, with his family. There was a baby (this one human in the mother's lap, and she was giving water from thermos to another beside.) The man said his machine had gone wrong. It had suddenly stopped working. "Will you please," he said, 'phone no: . . that Mr. Sharma with the family is held up on the road some thirty miles away due to mechanical trouble." "If you allow us," I volunteered, "we shall just try to look up the trouble." "Oh, yes!" he replied cheerfully. "If you know autos, you can by all means." I told Zahir to get the screw driver from the kit. On switch, Zahir turned the handle over, I tested the plugs and soon noted that the ignition spark was totally missing.

"There is no spark nor is the current flowing." I told him as I opened the distributor cap. Zahir attending behind me cried," Well, there the contact-spring has broken." Oh Yes!" said I, "Then get a thick steel wire." Both the cars were thoroughly searched, everything was turned topsy turvey, but in vain. "Let's go. This cannot be helped now." I urged. Discouraged, Sharma suggested. "If you receive no reply send the Taxi to us for we want to reach the town before it is dark."

IMPROVISED CONTACT SPRING.

I then motored at good speed, but all the while I was thinking to do something. Soon after I caught sight of a bamboo stick on the road. I stopped the car and turned back. "Why are you going back? To tow them home?" inquired Zahir. "Indeed not," was my reply. "Pointing to the bamboo stick, I gave him the knife from my pocket and told him to make silver thin pieces of its outer elastic sheating or bark

(Continued on Page 4, Col. 4)

PNEUMATIC TYRES FOR INDIAN BULLOCK CARTS—II

Why The Poor Man's Own Vehicle Should Not Be Ousted

By S. S. NAIK, L.C.E.

We will now examine the advantages claimed one by one. (1) the carts can transport much greater loads.

This is an advantage which has been ascribed to the pneumatic tyre, though really it is an advantage which must be claimed by the conditions of the make of the cart to a very large extent. The axles of the cart wheel fitted with pneumatic tyres are provided with roller bearings which reduce the rolling friction of the cart and enable the bullocks to pull heavier loads. If an ordinary cart wheel is so designed that it can have this roller bearing and still have the wooden wheel with iron rims, can it be denied that it would enable the bullocks to pull a load much heavier than they do now and perhaps nearly equal to that pulled by the pneumatic tyred cart?

The load which is transported by a cart depends upon the power of the pull that can be exerted by the bullocks yoked to it. This pull has to overcome two forces (a) the friction between the road surface and the wheel surface and (b) the component of the weight of the load tangential to the road surface, when the road is inclined The friction (a) again depends upon two factors (i) the coefficient of friction between the two materials—the material of the road surface and the material of the tyre and (ii) the design of the wheel in its bearing. The friction between the two materials, the asphalt or macadum surface of the road and the iron or rubber surface of the wheel, if examined critically would give no advantage at all to the rubber. I am inclined to think that so far as this coefficient of friction goes, the friction between the polished surface of the iron tyre and the road would be mathematically less than that between the road surface and the rubber. And thus this advantage would be with the iron tyre. The second component of this friction is really what matters in these cases. The rolling friction in the case of the roller bearings of the rubber tyred wheels, is so reduced by the introduction of the special mechanisms in the rolling parts of the wheel with reference to the axle, that the friction is only a fraction of that exerted by the crude form of the present cart wheel.

Supposing we make an experiment of fitting a rubber pneumatic tyre to the present crude form of the cart wheel without changing the rolling surfaces, we will find that the same bullocks will pull—not more but less load.

Thus as I have said above the advantage claimed to be due to the rubber tyre is really an advantage due to the roller bearings of the wheels, and even if an ordinary cart wheel with iron tyre is fitted with equally good roller bearings in the axle, it will have the same advantage of having considerably reduced friction.

SPEED.

The next advantage claimed of increased speed of the carts is on the face of it unsustainable because the speed of a cart depends (other factors apart) on the speed of the bullocks, and the Indian bullock is accustomed to his slow movement which does not change even if the cart is empty or even if he is yoked to a light tanga or for the matter of that, be walked without any cart yoked to him. He puts on his steady 2 miles per hour speed in all the above cases and hence his speed is constant. I cannot conceive of any special incentive in the pneumatic tyre that can make him give up the habit of a life time unless it be that he is so mightily pleased with the pneumatic tyre that he trots fast to indicate his pleasure —a thing which is impossible for the stolid and unimaginative bullocks of the East.

The next point made out is that the pneumatic tyre cuts up the road surface much less than the iron tyre or does not cut up the road surface at all. At the outset it must be admitted that there is an element of truth in this assertion. But the extent to which damage is done to the road surface by iron tyres is grossly exaggerated. We are told that an iron tyred cart damages each mile of road so as to cost per year Rs. 228/- for every 4 miles trip loaded and 4 miles empty, a journey of 8 miles, so that the damage works out to Rs. 28/- for every mile used by every cart per year.

AN EXAGGERATION.

Let me illustrate the extent of this exaggeration.

The road from Sangamner to Belapur in the Ahmednagar District is 32 miles. When carts alone were plying on this road and there were no lorries or buses, an average of 200 to 300 carts used to use this road every day. So during the year the total loss of surface on this road must have been—

Cart average. 250
Miles. 32

Therefore cart miles—800.

Damage done to every cart mile —Rs. 28/-

Therefore total damage—800 x 28 equal to Rs. 2,24,000/- whereas the current repair estimate during those days were about Rs. 200/- per mile or Rs. 6400/- for the whole road so that the damage is estimated about 35 times exaggerated.

(To be Continued)

The wreckage of an old plane has been found in a forest in Northern New Brunswick by trappers. It is believed to be that of the French airmen Nungesser and Coli, who disappeared when on an Atlantic flight in 1927.

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Sports Jottings From Here And There

A "Feeler" From Patiala

(By J. C. MAITRA.)

Now that the time for selecting the team for the England tour is fast approaching, a "feeler" has been sent out to the country from Patiala by the "Special Correspondent" of Bori Bunder. I had suspected this move long ago and even gave publicity to it. That is perhaps the reason why the cat took a little time to come out of the bag. The point in a nutshell is that the Yuvaraj of Patiala should be made the virtual Captain of the team which will be sent out to England next summer.

BORI BUNDER'S PROPAGANDA.

The correspondent mentioned above says, "In spite of his not being able to play against the Australians in India the Nawab of Pataudi is certain to Captain the Indian team in England. The question of captaincy therefore does not arise. As regards vice-captaincy, the considerations of consolidating the team-spirit may lead to the Yuvaraj being appointed, as the recent experiments in captaincy have not exactly helped in the building of cordiality."

QUESTION OF CAPTAINCY.

In the face of the resolution of the Bengal and Assam Cricket Association to re-open the question of captaincy in view of Pataudi's continued illness, one may wonder wherefrom the special correspondent gathered that air of finality with regard to the captaincy. As far as I am aware there are others besides Bengal who would raise the question at the next meeting of the Board of Control.

THE VICE-CAPTAIN

Then there is the question of the Yuvaraj of Patiala being selected the vice-Captain of the team. I smelt this rat immediately his name was announced as Captain of the Bombay "Test". I am now convinced that the idea seems to be to retain Pataudi as the skipper and as he may not be able to play the virtual captaincy will go to the Yuvaraj. As I have said repeatedly in these columns that I do not object to the captaincy of the Yuvaraj just because he happens to be a Prince. I would have supported his candidature wholeheartedly if I were convinced that he was better qualified for the position than the others. But all that he has shown so far conclusively proves that he is not yet fit to be a member of the team, let alone its captain or vice-captain.

"TEAM-SPIRIT."

A lot has been said about the absence of team-spirit among Indian cricketers, especially of the highest rank. Everybody deplores this lack of the most essential factor in a team game in our players. But I must point out that the responsibility for this lies on people other than the players, as C. K. Nayudu once pathetically complained to me that it was never allowed to be foster. Extraneous matters were always trotted in to mar the harmony of the team.

THE NAYUDUS TO BE ELIMINATED?

With the Final Test match still to be played, I do not wish to discuss the other members of the team. As for the Captaincy and vice-Captaincy I have already mentioned the names who I feel confident would fill them with honour and glory, and they are C. K. Nayudu and Syed Wazir Ali. It is stated that the Nayudu brothers may not be selected for the England team, if "C. K." refuses to play at Madras, obviously under the captaincy of Wazir or somebody else whom the selectors may be pleased to appoint.

THE BEST ANSWER FOR NAYUDU

I await to hear the explanation of "C. K." From what he said in Bombay when the agitation against the nomination of the Yuvaraj was going on, one would expect him to play under any captain. It is difficult to believe therefore that he did not play just because he was dethroned or Wazir was appointed in his place. It is very likely that he was extremely put out by the selection of the Lahore team as a whole. And as one who felt that the Australians could be easily beaten if the best Indian combination was put on the field, he thought that his absence would not make much difference to the result of the game. Of course these are all surmises. He may have other very good reasons of his own. The best answer that he could give to his critics would be to play at Madras, irrespective of the captaincy and personnel of the team.

ECHO OF DELHI BOMB EXPLOSION

Three Men Charged Under Explosive Act

NEW DELHI, Jan. 22.

The echo of the bomb explosion in the New Delhi Post Office and New Delhi Railway Station was heard to-day in the court of the first class magistrate, when the special staff of police presented two separate charges against three persons Jallal, Amritlal and Shivshankar under Section IV of the Explosive Substances Act.

It is understood that Sunheri and Amarnath have turned approvers, and about 42 witnesses will be examined.—A.P.

SITUATION IN SINKIANG

Restrictions On Indians In Respect Of 'Visas'

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 22.

Sir Eric Teichmann is busy writing his report on the situation in Sinkiang.

This report which will be of some interest to Indian traders must first be submitted to the British Ambassador in Peking.

Meanwhile as a result of Government of India's representation on restrictions in respect of 'visas' the Chinese Government have admitted that a levy of ten dollars per each exit 'visa' is a hardship and have ordered this restriction to be withdrawn. But difficulties in respect of the entry of 'visas' whereby all foreigners desiring to enter China are now required to possess passports continue especially as these could be obtained only from the Chinese Consul at Calcutta.

Representations have already been made in this respect with a view to relaxation but no decision is reached.

LATEST GALLOP NOTES

Pougatchev Shows His Paces

Risque, Natbay & Pompidhor Should Be Noted

(By Our Special Correspondent)

Trainers with horses engaged on Saturday have sharpened up their charges for the opening of the big meetings. Some smart gallops were done during the week:—

FLYING ORDERS (Vatard) CHOU ROSE (Lowrey) and BLACK PERIL (Riding Boy) were sent 6 furlongs on the race track. Chou Rose moved splendidly and appears to be very fit. In Calcutta the horse was often left at the barrier and if he has overcome this tendency he will be hard to beat.

POUGATCHEV (W. Sibbritt) finished in front of CAMPING (Whiteside) over a mile on the tan. The former is in fine fettle at the moment.

TOLERATE (Munro) covered a mile on the race track, a stablemate helping her along over the last 7 furlongs. She moved freely and is looking well.

CENTOI (Vatard) was seen to advantage over 9 furlongs on the race track. Fit and well.

GRAND WAZIR (Whittle) finished a shade better than CHEBLI (Cook) when sent 10 furlongs.

DR. STRABISMUS (Northmore) had IT (S. Black) for company over 9 furlongs on the tan. The doctor is in fine heart at present.

RAPSONIA (Davison) galloped 10 furlongs. Fair.

RISQUE (Brace) beat HERITAGE (Riding Boy) over 7 furlongs on the race track with the greatest of ease. The former has never been so fit before.

ALMEIDA (Riding Boy) was exercised for 5 furlongs on the grass track. She looks well in spite of her long absence from the course.

COUNT ITO (Burn) shaped very well for 10 furlongs. Should be making amends now.

SHAPHIR (Burn) prevailed over MAS D'ANTIBES (Wilson) in a mile trial on the race track.

ZUYDER ZEE (Wilson) showed to advantage over the 7 furlongs course. Is none the worse for his strenuous Calcutta trip.

CORCY (Burn) moved splendidly over 10 furlongs.

POMPIDHOR (W. Sibbritt) easily accounted for DANDY BRUSH (Clarke) in a rousing 10 furlongs gallop.

CARIOCA (Graham) was not extended in a 9 furlongs gallop with MAYCOCK (Bullock). The former can still win.

WINALITTLE (Britt) travelled 10 furlongs on the race track, ROBERT (Munro) joining in over the last 7 furlongs. Both finished strongly and are in great trim.

VIJAYA KUMAR II (Cook) held POWDER BOY (Whittle) over a mile. The former has reached his best.

CASH SWEEP (Brace) showed vast improvement by trouncing INVERALGA (O'Neale) over 10 furlongs on the race track.

FAIRFORD (Riding Boy) moved with great freedom in a 9 furlongs gallop.

PIN MONEY (Burn) easily beat LADY BRENDAN over 6 furlongs. The former has made notable improvement since last win.

REDRESS (Burn) travelled 6 furlongs in taking style. In fine fettle.

GRECIAN ORB (Forsyth) was sent 6 furlongs. Ignore recent lapses.

CARTOON (Wilson) went 5 furlongs. Very fit.

GLEN GOWAN (Riding Boy) gave satisfaction over 6 furlongs on the race track.

NATBAY (Simmons) was much superior to KIRKIBOST (Blyth) over 9 furlongs on the tan.

QUICK IMAGE (Brace) appeared to hold RUNNING SEA (O'Neale) fairly comfortably over 9 furlongs on the race track.

ARAB QUEEN (Northmore) galloped 10 furlongs. Fair.

THE VICEROY (Burn) pleased in a 10 furlongs gallop. Has struck form again.

THE DUKE (Brace) finished better than ZOZAN (Ahmed Ali) over 10 furlongs. Has bright chance in cup race.

SAMRA LAYALI (C. Hoyt) shaped well in a mile gallop. She has retained her form.

ALHARITH (Riding Boy) was in front of AL HAMIL (Davison) over 9 furlongs.

MAMLUK AL IRAQ (Cook) beat

(Continued in Col. 5).

(Continued from Col .7)

KRISHNA (Whittle) in a 10 furlongs trial.

FIERY FACE (Cook) proved superior to WAALIM (Burn) over 10 furlongs.

FARAT PRINCE (Forsyth) and NASSIRWAN (W. Sibbritt) were given a 10 furlongs gallop. Both will make their presence felt shortly.

SHOGAT AZIZ (Britt) shaped well over 10 furlongs. Very fit.

WHITE FLOWER (Munro) was too good for IRAQ GIFT (Britt) in a 6 furlongs gallop.

FARHAN PASHA (Northmore) did well in a 6 furlongs burst.

BADEN (W. Sibbritt) finished in front of BURGESS (Forsyth) over 6 furlongs. Much improved.

SADUZAMAN (Simmons) impressed in a 5 furlongs burst.

SA'AMI (Riding Boy) shaped in fine style over 6 furlongs.

The following have worked well: BEAUTAUR, OOTMAN, HIMAT, IRAQ BAHADUR.

Acceptances For Saturday's Races

Nine Prominent Candidates Decline In Grand Western Handicap

The following are the acceptances for the First Day of the Big Meetings to be held on Saturday, January 25:—

1st Race: 2-15 p. m.

THE TOM LE MESURIER PLATE.—(Division II) Distance—6 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 2,500; Second, Rs. 750; third, Rs. 500. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

Rushdi 9-4; Lucky Boy 9-0; Harry Johnson 9-0; Violence 8-5; Silver Jubilee 8-5; Amir 8-8; Sa'ami 8-5; Imperial 8-4; Money Order 8-4; Sunspot 8-3; Watchmaker II 8-0; Mosul King 7-13; Serheed 7-12; Pallazaman 7-10.

2nd Race: 2-45 p. m.

THE FORT PLATE. (Division II) Distance—1 mile.

Winner, Rs. 3,500; Second, Rs. 1,250; Third, Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Handsel 9-0; Grenadier 8-13; Ballylinch 8-13; Cybo 8-12; Cheap Jack 8-11; Turlogh 8-11; Doreda 8-8; Tijiro 8-1; Pratap Sinha 7-13; Cyprus City 7-9; It 7-9; Running Sea 7-8.

3rd Race: 3-15 p. m.

THE FORT PLATE (Division I.) Distance—1 mile.

Winner Rs. 3,500; Second, Rs. 1,250; Third, Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Quick Image 9-0; Garter Princess 8-12; Glen Gowan 8-11; Lingo 8-7; Angelo 8-7; Lenadoon 8-5; Aurangzebe 8-5; Natbay 8-4; Mr. Pip 8-4; Royal Pair 8-1; Sherwood 7-6; Rimmon 7-13; Achieve 7-7.

4th Race: 3-45 p. m.

THE IMPORTERS' PLATE. Distance—About 1½ miles.

Winner, Rs. 6,000; Second Rs. 2,000; Third, Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for all Horses.

Corcy 9-7; Winalittle 9-4; Clicquot 9-2; Vijaya Kumar II 9-0; Powder Boy 8-11; Sabrino 9-0; On Time 8-10; Highness 8-7; Trelawne 8-6; Bonne Tete 8-4; Jelal Shah 8-4; Pompidhor 8-0; Inveralga 7-7; Dandy Brush 7-7; Recall 7-4; Monreale 7-4; The Earl 7-0; Sky Hawk 7-0.

5th Race: 4-15 p. m.

THE ADELAIDE PLATE. Distance—6 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 6,000; Second, Rs. 2,000; Third, Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Pin Money 9-3; Royal Prince 9-2; Redress 9-0; Beautaur 8-13; Grecian Orb 8-12; Swift Reynard 8-11; Cartoon 8-10; Lady Brendan 8-9; Teller 8-8; Benevento 8-7; Smilin' Thro 8-7; Staff Officer 8-5; Fearless Prince 8-5; Woolworth 8-5; Provence Rose 8-3; Earlston 8-2; Misty Dawn 7-11; Ramillies 7-7; Camille 7-0; Fairford 7-4; Raghubeer 7-4.

6th Race: 4-45 p. m.

THE GENERAL OBAIDULLAH KHAN MEMORIAL GOLD CUP. Distance—1¼ mile.

A Gold Cub value Rs. 3,00:, presented by the Nawabzadas of Bhopal and Rs. 12,000, from the fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 8,000; Second, Rs. 3,000; Third, Rs. 1,000. For Arabs 4 years old and upwards. Arabs, 6 years old and upwards, to carry 8st. 7lbs. Arabs, 5 years old, to carry 8st. 5lbs. Arabs, 4 years old, to carry 8st. Penalties.—Winner of a race value Rs 3,000; or over, 7lbs. extra. Allowances.—Arabs in Classes II and III, 7 lbs. (Landing Allowance Clause in General Conditions will not apply).

Arab Queen 9-0; Karam Allah 9-0; Saifuldowla 9-0; Dahes 9-0; Samra Layali 9-0; Bushboos 9-0; Al Hamil 9-0; Jahan Ara 9-0; Legion of Honour 8-12; Shogat Aziz 8-5; Yona 8-7; Farat Prince 8-7; Nassirwan 7-7; Fiery Face 8-7; The Viceroy 8-0; Tamim 8-5; Goolab 8-0; Bahadur al Iraq 8-0; The Duke 7-12; Ababil 7-7; Dilawar 7-7; Alharith 7-12; Ace of Hearts 7-12; Mamluk al Iraq 7-7; Krishna 7-7; Barkhat 7-12.

7th Race: 5-15 p. m.

THE GRAND WESTERN HANDICAP Distance—1¼ miles.

A Cup value Rs. 1,000, or in specie at the option of the winner, and Rs. 19,000 from the fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 12,500; Second, Rs. 4,000; Third, Rs. 2,500. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

Tolerate 9-7; Pougatchev 9-4; Camping 8-0; Count Ito 9-2; Silver Plated 8-7; Talk 7-13; Dr. Strabismus 7-11; Robert 7-11; Centoi 7-4; Chebli 7-4; Grand Wazir 7-0; Ootman 7-3; Rapsonia 7-2; Draughtsman 7-0.

8th Race: 5-45 p. m.

THE CHIEF OF KAGAL MEMORIAL PLATE. Distance—7 furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 10,000; Second, Rs. 3,500; Third, Rs. 1,500. A Handicap for Horses in Class I.

Play On 9-7; Tolerate 9-2; Maid of Orleans 7-2; Argo's Heir 7-0; Zuyder Zee 9-2; Mas d'Antibes 9-1; Diamond Shower 9-1; Pougatchev 8-13; Light Sussex 8-9; Shaphir 8-5; Chou Rose 8-2; Shahali 8-2; Risque 8-2; Almeida 7-0.

9th Race: 6-15 p. m.

THE TOM LE MESURIER PLATE. (Division I) Distance—6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 6,000; Second, Rs. 2,000; Third, Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Arabs in Classes I and II.

White Flower 9-4; Burgess 9-1; Baden 8-3; Rajput 8-10; Funny Face 8-4; Blanche 8-2; Farhan Pasha 7-13; Mujbil Hatim 7-12; Pasha 7-11; Adhba II 7-11; Iran Gift 7-9; Happy King 7-0; Saduzaman 7-7; Yanoos 7-7; Argonaut 7-7; Aziza 7-6; Queen Singer 7-4; Green Lawn 7-4.

HINTS IN CASE OF BREAKDOWN

(continuued from page 3)

equal in size to the spring. "Will it work?" said Zahir. "We shall just try and see." I drove the car dead ahead towards them. They were amazed at so early an arrival of a car. On halting near by, I told them that I got the hang of the thing, we could now easily mend the defect. "Here are the bamboo stick pieces and you just see how it is done. Get the thread from your wife's knitting bag:" Zahir opened up the bonnet, carefully took the distributor cap and laid it aside with all the wirings and then opened the screws of the spring. Both the broken spring pieces were taken out. They were brought in contact and the bamboo pieces were overlapped. Taking the spring in between, the thread was coiled closely. When all was up, the contact-spring was adjusted to the right place. Next the handle was turned over by Zahir. "Good Heaven! it is rolling in. It is indeed beautifully done," said Sharma. The distributor was next covered and the wires were all timely pressed. On switching, in half the turn the engine started and was raced to full throttle. After a few minutes running trial, the spring was again inspected. It was found secure and rigidly in place. I told Sharma to drive their car in front, so that if something went wrong again, we would be there. He agreed and we set out.

All the way it worked well, and at the town cross-road, we had a look again. I warned him," Please replace the spring with a new one soon: the repair is strictly temporary!" We bade them farewell, hands waving, and they made for the south.

Two Cases Of Alleged Rash Driving Before Mazagaon Magistrate

BOMBAY, Thursday.

The Dongri Police arrested two tram-car drivers, named Chotesing Raghaversing and Ram Dayal Kehri Singh, on Tuesday and Wednesday last, on a charge of rash and negligent driving.

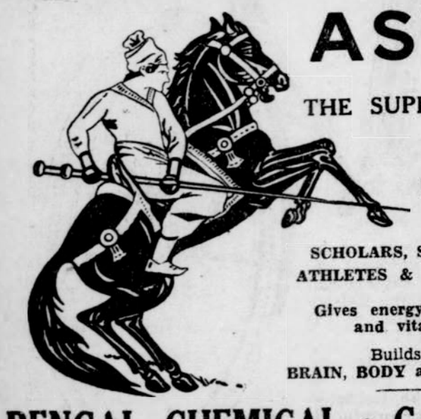
Both the tram-car drivers were placed before Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon, to-day.

Raghaversing was stated to have been driving the tram-car in such a manner as to push a motor-truck to a distance of about 20 feet, while the other was stated to have rammed a bullock-cart in a thoroughfare at Sandhurst Road, driving it off to a distance of 45 feet

It is further alleged that the bullock cart was in advance of the tram-car on the tram-tract at a distance of 50 yards, but the tram-driver was stated to have driven the car, withal.

Both the accused were ordered to be enlarged on bail or in default to be remanded into police custody for a period of seven and fourteen days respectively, pending further police inquiries.

LAWN TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS OF WESTERN INDIA and visit of CENTRAL EUROPEAN TENNIS TEAM FEBRUARY, 10th to 17th Entry forms and Season tickets (Rs. 10-8-0) from Bombay Gymkhana.

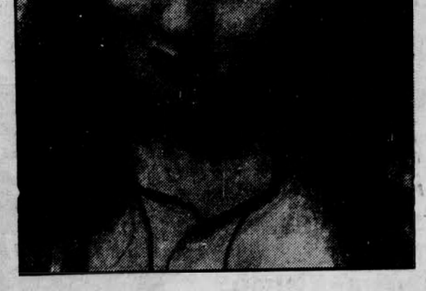


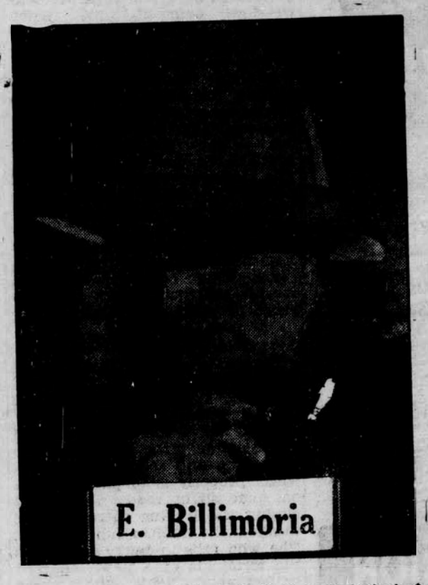
ASVAN THE SUPREME TONIC For SCHOLARS, STUDENTS, ATHLETES & THE WEAK Gives energy, strength and vitality. Builds up BRAIN, BODY and MUSCLES.

BENGAL CHEMICAL : CALCUTTA

Agents:—Orient Drug Agency, Princess Street, Bombay 2.

Commencing TO-DAY RANJIT'S Super-Jewel Gay-Romance Raj-Ramni A Jayant Desai Production





E. Billimoria

Starring Bewitching Beauty of the Indian Filmland MADHURI and Most Versatile Hero of the Indian Screen TO-DAY AT West-End TALKIES Matinee at 2-30 p.m.

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Poush Vad 30, 1992
Muslim: Shavval 28, 1354
Parsi: Amardad 20, 1305
Hightide: 0-07; 11-52
Lowtide: 6-17; 17-56
Sunrise: 7h. 15m.
Sunset: 6h. 28m.

Bombay Art Society's Exhibition, Town Hall, 9 a.m. to 7-30 p.m.

Last day of B.P.W.C. Exhibition and Sale of work, University Building, South Wing, Esplanade Road, 3 p.m. to 7 p.m. Open to public.

SATURDAY, January 25.

S. S. 'Carthage' with English mails sails at 1 p.m.

University Senate, 1 p.m.

Standing Committee at 2-30 p.m. (Bombay Time).

SUNDAY, January 26

Bombay Art Society's Exhibition, Town Hall, 9 a.m. to 7-30 p.m.

MONDAY, January 27

Bombay Art Society's Exhibition, Town Hall, 9 a.m. to 7-30 p.m.

TUESDAY, January 28

Bombay Art Society's Exhibition, Town Hall, 9 a.m. to 7-30 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, January 29

Bombay Art Society's Exhibition, Town Hall, 9 a.m. to 7-30 p.m.

KAKA KALELKER'S LECTURE

Under the auspices of "Shree Tarun Gujarati Sahitya Sabha, Kaka Kalelker will deliver a public lecture on "Script and Gujarati Culture" to-day (Friday) at 7-15 p.m. at Forbes Gujarati Sabha Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Opposite Congress House.

UNVEILING CEREMONY POSTPONED.

Owing to the death of His Majesty the King Emperor, the unveiling ceremony, under the auspices of the Central Bank Silver Jubilee Fund Committee, of the bust of Sir S. N. Pochkhanawala, Managing Director, the Central Bank of India, Ltd., at present fixed for the 27th instant, has been postponed to (Wednesday), the 29th instant, at 5 p.m. (S.T.)

KARNATAK SANGH

Under the auspices of the Karnatak Sangh, Bombay, Syt. Belur Keshavdas, the well-known religious preacher and Kirtankar of Karnatak, will deliver a lecture on "Shri Purandardas, his life and philosophy" in commemoration of the Purandardas Day to-day (Friday), at 6-30 p.m. in the Hall of the Sangh, Dwarkadas Mansions, Benam Hall Lane, Girgaum. Mr. R. A. Jahagirdar, will preside.

Under the same auspices Syt. B. Keshavdas will give a Harikirtan performance in the same place on (Sunday), the 26th instant at 5-30 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE

Parcels for Germany direct per S.S. Freienfels will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 9 a.m. on (Monday) the 27th instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The N. Y. K. Steamer "Mayebashi Maru" left Kobe for Bombay via ports of call on the 19th January and is expected to arrive here on or about the 15th February.

Clan Line Steamer "Clan Macbean" arrived at London in the evening of the 21st inst.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

We have received a Horlick's wall calendar for 1936 and two wall calendars from National Insurance Company.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

PATHE—"Peter Ibbetson". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CENTRAL—"Broadway Melody of 1936" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

REGAL—"Sweet Surrender." Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

CAPITOL—"Roman Scandals". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Dharmatma." Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

MINERVA—"Dhoop-Chhaon". Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m.

IMPERIAL—"Dr. Madhurika". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

SUPER—"Hind Kesari". Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.

WELLINGTON—"Evergreen". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EXCELSIOR—"The Passing of the Third Floor Back". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.

EMPIRE—"The Metropolitan" Time as usual.

PLAZA—"Cleopatra." Daily at 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.

VILE PARLE MUNICIPALITY'S CONDOLENCE

The Managing Committee of Vile Parle Municipality expressed its sorrow to-day for the sad and sudden demise of His Majesty King George V and Emperor of India by passing a resolution of condolence. It further closed its proceedings for half an hour.

A meeting of the General Board is to take place on Sunday the 26th inst and it is expected that a similar resolution of condolence will be passed on that day.

PRIZE DISTRIBUTION POSTPONED

"Owing to the death of His Majesty King Emperor George V, it is hereby announced that the Prize Distribution Ceremony of the Annual Sports of the Municipal School children which was to be held in the compound of the Gilder Tank Building, Grant Road, Bombay, on (Saturday), the 25th inst ant under the presidentship of the Mayor of Bombay is hereby postponed to a later date."

DR. M. N. DHALLA'S LECTURE.

Under the auspices of the M. F. Cama Athornan Institute Shams-ul-Ulma Dastur Dr. M. N. Dhalla will deliver a public lecture on "Our Religion-In Relation to Other Religions' Historical Contact" to-day (Friday), at Banaji's Atashbehram at 6 p.m. Sir Jehangir C. Coyajee will preside.

KITTE BHANDARI MANDALI'S CONDOLENCE

Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole, President of the Kitte Bhandari Aikyavardhak Mandali, has requested the Viceroy to convey the condolence of the Mandali to His Majesty King Edward VIII, the Queen Mother and other members of the Royal Family.

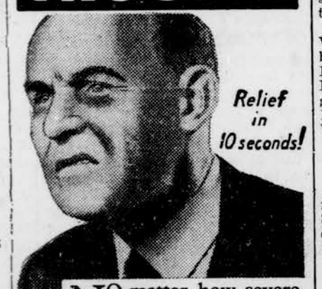
C. L. BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL

The Social Gathering of the past students of the C. L. Boys' High School Dadar (Formerly known as "Dadar English School") will be held under the auspices of the Association, on Sunday 9th February, 1936, under the presidentship of Prof. Vaman Malhar Joshi.

Under the patronage of
H. E. the GOVERNOR of Bombay
KERALA KALA MANDALAM
Presents The
KATHAKALI
Traditional CLASSIC DANCE DRAMA, depicting Hindu Mythological Heroes and Gods!
at 6-30 and 10 P.M.
THURSDAY, 30th and
FRIDAY, 31st at
THE CAPITOL
PRICES: Rs. 5-12, 3-6, 2-4 & 1-2.
Plans Open: Book Now.

THE CAPITOL
TO-DAY ONLY
AT 6-30 & 10 p.m.
EDDIE CANTOR
IN
"ROMAN SCANDALS"
Rome burns—and How!
When Eddie fiddles around!
: : TO-MORROW : :
GRACIE FIELDS
in
"LOOK UP & LAUGH"
from the story by
J. B. PRIESTLEY

STOMACH TROUBLE



NO matter how severe your stomach trouble, 'Bisurated' Magnesia will always give you quick relief by removing the cause. Try it now! Don't suffer another day.

'Bisurated' Magnesia costs very little, from any good chemist or drug store, but always see the oval BISMAG sign on the package—it is your guarantee of quickest stomach relief

'BISURATED' MAGNESIA
quickest stomach relief

WOMEN'S ART-CRAFTS EXHIBITION
At The University

Relief Will Not Go To Tenants

General Opposition To Reduction Of Civic General Tax By One Per Cent.

"If the Corporation decides to reduce property tax, the relief will not go to tenants because the landlords are not likely to reduce rents, but ultimately if such a reduction is agreed upon it would be better to give rebates to those landlords who produce evidence of having reduced their rent by 10 per cent. which would be equal to the proposed reduction in property tax."

With these words, Mrs. Lilavati Munshi opposed the reduction or property tax by one per cent in the Municipal Corporation on Thursday when the debate on the budget estimates for 1936-37 was resumed.

Mrs. Munshi characterised the budget estimates as very unreal with the manipulation of figures. She opposed the transfer of the sale proceeds of land to the Revenue Account which she said should have been utilised to reduce debts or for capital expenditure. Then the debt charges were spread over 30 years instead of 18 years. This method saved Rs. 8 lakhs this year but in the long run, she said, they would have to pay more in the shape of interest.

She also opposed the restoration of cut in the salaries as the prevailing prices of food stuff were low. She, therefore, suggested relief to the low-paid staff and not to those who were already highly paid. She doubted if the tenants would get any relief from the landlords if the tax was reduced and therefore suggested to give rebate to those landlords who produced evidence of having reduced their rents by at least 10 per cent. She also urged the improvement of the slum areas and the encouragement of education by more liberal grants.

PLEA FOR SCHOOLS COMMITTEE.

Mr. Ishwarbhai Patel also opposed the reduction of one per cent in the property tax and suggested the utilisation of Rs. 11 lakhs saved from the one per cent reduction in the property tax in clearing the slums in the city. He pointed out the various difficulties of the Schools Committee and begged the House not to cut the grant of that body.

Dr. M. C. Javle said the Corporation had failed in discharging the obligatory duties and pointed out how large sums of money were spent for the luxuries of the poor. There were places where the poor did not get amenities of light, roads and sanitation while vast sums of money were spent on roads for the benefit of the rich.

Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas also urged the House to clear the slum areas which were a disgrace to the City. The real tax, he said, was paid by the poor through the landlords, but they did not get any amenities in return.

At this stage the Corporation adjourned till Monday.

Empire Broadcasting

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. Geiger and his Orchestra, relayed from Claridge's Hotel, London. 7-45 p.m. "Around these Isles." 8-15 p.m. The BBC Northern Orchestra; leader, Alfred Barker; conductor, T. H. Morrison. 9-15 p.m. "From the Woman's Point of View. A talk by Minnie T. Hogg. 9-30 p.m. A Recital by Frederick Thurston (Clarinet) and Myers Foggin (Pianoforte). 10-00 p.m News and Announcements. 10-20 p.m. The Hotel Metropole Orchestra; leader, A. Rossi; under the direction of Emilio Colombo, Relayed from the Hotel Metropole, London. 10-30 p.m. Close down.

NEW ANIMALS IN VICTORIA GARDENS.

The following animals have been presented to the zoological collection of the Victoria Gardens:—

White armed Gibbon by Mr. H. W. W. Verrall; Common or Desi Myna by Baiji Prasad Dhondoo; two Gulls-Black-backed by Mr. D. K. Shroff; Bonnet Monkey by Mr. E. G. Montgomery; Two Ganga Myna by Mr. H. D. Bharucha and two Indian Wolves by Miss M. Lyons.

MR. S. G. WARTY FOR VARSITY SENATE

Mr. S. G. Warty M.A. is standing for election to the Bombay University Senate from the Registered Graduates' Constituency at the next election to be held in June or July next.

R. C. OF A. I. T. U. CONGRESS

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Reception Committee of the 15th Session of the A.I.T.U.C. will be held in the office of Bombay Girni Kamgar Union at 6 p.m. to-day (Friday).

G. I. P. RLY. STAFF UNION

A meeting of the shop employees will be held to-day (Friday) at 5-30 p.m. sharp in the Tiffin Shed of the Parel Workshop to consider the question of the present retrenchment.

HOMOEOPATHIC CONDOLENCE

The Bombay Homoeopathic Medical College was closed, as a mark of respect to the memory of His Majesty George V, on the 21st and 22nd instant.

PRATAP HIGH SCHOOL, AMALNER

The annual prize-distribution ceremony of the Khandesh Education Society's Pratap High School, Amalner, was held under the presidentship of Mr. L. T. Gholap the Collector of East Khandesh, on the evening of (Sunday) last.

ENGLISH MAIL

The P and O. Mail Steamer "Mooltan" with the Mails from London of the 16th instant passed Suez at 2-17 a.m. on the 23rd instant.

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY

Mr. Ardeshir N. Bilimoria Editor, "The Cherag" Navsari will lecture in Gujrati at the Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-day (Friday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on "The Purpose of Human Existence".

PRINCESS DURYA SHAHWAR AND BEGUM AGA KHAN

Visit School Of Art

Her Imperial Highness Princess Durya Shahwar of Hyderabad with the Begum Aga Khan paid a visit to the Sir J. J. School of Art on (Thursday). The party who were received by Mr. Gladstone Solomon, the Director of the School of Art, were accompanied by Khan Bahadur Syed Ahmed and members of their suite. Her Imperial Highness was shown round the classes of the School of Art where the students were at work, by Mr. Gladstone Solomon and spent a long time in looking at the Indian Designs and pictures in the Indian Style which particularly interested them. The Class of Mural Painting was also inspected, and the Princess and her party showed much interest in the work going on in the School of Sculpture.

More Messages Of Condolence

The following have sent their condolence by telegrams to the Private Secretary of the Viceroy to be conveyed to the Dowager Empress and to the Royal family.

The Zakaria Bazar Piece-goods and Millinery Merchants' Association, Bombay.

Bombay Homoeopathic Association and College.

Memon Merchants Association, Bombay.

Kitte Bhandari Mandali.

Hon. Bench Magistrates Andheri Sir. Chinubhai, Madhowlal Ranchhodlal Maharashtra Chamber, Bombay, Mazagaon institute.

INDIA WIDE EXPRESSION OF REGRET

Messages have been received by us from different places in India including the following saying that the news of King's death was received there with grief and that as a mark of respect, schools, colleges and other institutions were closed:—

In some of these places public meetings were held when speeches condoling the death of their beloved sovereign were made.

Bhopal Rewa, Sachin, Mansa, Rander, Broach, Dharampur (Dist. Surat), Saugor, Lahore, Shikarpur, Cochin, Madras, Rajkot.

KSHATRIYA DHANGAR SAMAJ

A general meeting of Kshatriya Dhangar Samaj will be held on (Monday) 27 instant, at 8 p.m. (S.T.) in Rambhawadi near Bhandari Street Round Temple.

DR. MULBAGLA'S LECTURE

Dr. K. V. Mulbagla, will deliver a public lecture at the Local Arya Samaj Hall Kakadvadi at 8-30 p.m. today (Friday) under the auspices of this office. Mr. Manubhai C. Pandya will preside.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Fairy Tales?

When Mrs. Bapsy Sabawalla told the audience at the women's Conference on Thursday evening at the Convocation Hall that modern children were born with their eyes wide open, it looked like a fairy tale! What was more, these children, as soon as they came into the world, looked around and interested themselves in all sorts of things. People of the eighteenth century would have considered the twentieth century products (the moderns), as being lunatics! All these statements looked like fairy tales and caused no small amusement among the listeners. Mrs. Sabawalla then referred to the problems of free love, companionate marriage, birth control and divorce, and urged that modern problems must be handled with courage and due deliberation. The present generation should bear in mind that the twentieth century would be a back number in the 21st century and the future generations might look down on the present "moderns" with as much contempt, as the 19th century people were now looked down. She, therefore, pleaded for a sympathetic attitude towards the past generation.

Stark Realities

With a devastating frankness she then drew the attention of the audience to the stark realities confronting modern society. She said that revolutionary ideas about love and marriage had come to stay. Free love and companionate marriage had their own place in society. Only, one should have the courage to be faithful and honest to one-self in tackling these problems. She as a "semi-modern", advised the "moderns" to be careful, balanced, and use their judgment and common sense to weigh the issues. In the case of the poor people, who could not afford to have too many children, she considered that birth control was not merely a necessity but was a sacred duty. Side by side there was the danger slowly creeping into the Indian society, of women adopting birth control without bestowing enough thought on the subject. Mankind dared not violate the laws of nature. Judicious recourse to birth control was the best guarantee for the child to come into this world in a healthy atmosphere. Knowledge about sex could no longer be kept beyond the reach of the younger generation in the modern conditions. In fact, the children were born with their eyes wide open. She felt that there would not be any harm caused by imparting such knowledge, as the subject then became innocuous. Divorce was needed in the cases where the parties to a marriage felt that a mistake was committed and that it should be rectified. Every question demanded careful consideration and, above all, women must cultivate courage in them to be honest to themselves and to their ideals.

A. I. C. C. ELECTIONS IN BOMBAY

Four Nominations For Two Seats

The General Secretaries, Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, write:—

Four nominations for two seats on the All-India Congress Committee have been received. The election by the members of the B. P. C. C. will be held on Saturday, the 25th instant, at the Congress House. The polling time is from 2 p.m. (S. T.) to 6 p.m. (S. T.) continuously. The voting shall be by the process known as "Single Transferable."

Bombay Congress Delegates' Meeting

The first meeting of the newly elected delegates to the Indian National Congress for the year 1936, who are also the members of the B. P. C. C., will be held on Saturday, the 25th instant, at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.) at the Congress House.

Mourning For Girl Guides

The District Secretary of the Girl's Guide Association Girgaum writes:—

Will girl guides of the Bombay Division please note that they should wear a black arm band 3 1/2 inches wide on the left arm, and on the arm that is not covered by the saree in case of those wearing sarees, when in uniform until further notice.

KING EMPEROR'S DEATH MEMORIAL RALLY.

Sir Jamshetjee Jeejibhoy Messrs. V. G. Rao, Burford and Tyrrell, District Commissioners write:—

The King Emperor's Death Memorial will be held at 8 a.m. on Sunday 26th instant at the Sir Chunilal Mehta Scout Hut, Esplanade Maidan Fort.

All groups in the Bombay Boy Scouts Local Association, Bombay Municipal Local Association, Bombay Dist. G.I.P. Rly. Local Association, and Bombay Suburban Local Association are earnestly requested to attend.

Groups should assemble quietly at 7-45 a.m. under their own leaders.

Scouters may wear black bands on their left shirt sleeve above the elbow, three inches wide. Scouts will not wear bands.

The rally will be under the sole direction of Sir Jamsetjee Jeejibhoy, who will give all necessary orders.

The orders of Rally will be as follows:—

1. One long blast on bugles.
2. Prayers by Scouts from different religions thanking God for the beneficient reign of King George V. offering prayers for the Queen Mother and Royal Family and prayers for the devine guidance and long life of King Edward VIII.
3. Short Address.
4. The Last Post, blown by Buglers of Durham Light Infantry.
5. The Reveille, blown by same Buglers.
6. Three Cheers for King Edward VIII.
7. Dismiss.

During the playing of the Last Post and Reveille, Scouts will stand at "Alert" and Scouters will Salute and all flags will be dipped.

All friends and well wishers of the movement are cordially invited to attend.

BREACH OF TRADE MARK

Injunction In "Squibb's Ague Specific" Case

Mr. Justice Blackwell at the High Court disposed of the suit brought by Messrs. Madon Sons and Co. asking for an injunction to restrain Messrs. Patel and Co. from selling their Ague specific under certain trade marks and get up which, according to plaintiffs, were a colourable imitation of the trade mark and get up of the plaintiffs' preparation known as "Squibb's Ague Specific."

At the hearing of the suit a consent decree was passed by his lordship under which a perpetual injunction as desired by the plaintiffs was issued against the defendants.

Mr. P. B. Vachha, instructed by Messrs. Vachha and Co., appeared for the plaintiffs. The defendants were unrepresented.

Prof. K. T. Shah For Bombay Council

We understand that Prof. K. T. Shah is standing as a candidate for the forthcoming Legislative Council Bye-Election from the graduates' constituency to fill in the vacancy caused by the death of Rao Bahadur Kale.

BANKERS' CASHIER STABBED

Four Accused Sentenced At High Court Sessions

Before Mr. Justice Barlee and a common jury at the High Court Sessions, Shersing Kamalsing, Gumansing Gajalsing, Dharmanand Kamlakant and Charandas Anatram were put up on the charge of house trespass by night. The fourth accused was further charged with causing grievous hurt to the Jiwandas.

On the night of September last about 3 a.m. all the accused entered the Bansi Building in Narayan Dhuru Street, Barbhaya Moholla, on the 2nd floor of which was the "pedhi" of Bansilal Josamal, bankers. Jiwandas, the cashier used to sleep in the "pedhi" room. At about 2-30 a.m. he was startled out of his sleep and noticed accused No. 4 armed with a knife pressing his mouth which was gagged, and after a struggle he was stabbed by the accused in the abdomen. On his shouting for his master Govindram, all the accused ran away.

The jury unanimously found all the accused guilty of the offences with which they were charged.

His Lordship sentenced accused Nos. 1, 2 and 3 to 4 years' R. I. each. and No. 4 to 8 years' R. I. each.

Mr. J. N. Varma, instructed by Mr. Walker, Public Prosecutor, conducted the prosecution. Dr. Daruwalla appeared for the second accused. The other accused were unrepresented.

KEPT FROM WORK BY BACKACHE

Suffered For 3 Years

SAYS HE OWES JOY AND HEALTH TO KRUSCHEN

Backache may be just bothersome; on the other hand, it may creep on and become chronic, and render you incapable of earning your living Such was the unhappy state of the man who wrote the letter below—until he was induced to try Kruschen. To-day he has a different tale to tell:—

"For three years I was badly troubled with my kidneys. They caused me such severe pain in the back that I had to quit working. I tried many prescriptions, but they wouldn't do me any good. One day I saw a Kruschen Salts advertisement in a newspaper. After using three bottles, my backache was entirely gone, and I can now work as never before. I shall never be without Kruschen Salts again. I owe all my joy and health to these Salts" —J. E.

The six salts in Kruschen will coax your kidneys back to healthy, normal action so that they will rid your Bloodstream of every particle of poisonous waste matter. As an immediate result you will experience joyous relief from those old, dragging pains. And as you persevere with the "little daily dose" of Kruschen the twinges will become less and less frequent until finally your backache will be no more than the memory of a bad dream.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists and Stores at 2/6 per bottle.

BEAUTY BRAVES THE SUN

Beauty is woman's birthright. It is one of her dearest possessions—a key which unlocks doors which nothing else can open—a key to Life, Love, Romance. But beneath this Eastern sun of ours, the majority of women find that beauty fades too quickly. Petal-smooth skins become sallow and shrivelled—pink and white complexions so soon attain a dusky tan, creamy skins become a shade darker in hue—yet this can be so easily avoided. Keep your skin fair and flawless—free from that unbecoming swarthy appearance due to exposure to scorching sunshine And this is how you may do it. Get from your chemist an ounce or two of Mercolized Wax—that magic beauty to which so many famous beauties own their loveliness. Smooth a thin film of this wax over face, neck and hand, nightly and while you sleep it will gently and imperceptibly absorb the faded outer tissue—taking away wrinkles and sallowness, banishing sun tan and freckles and revealing in their place a youthful unblemished complexion. Practise the wax habit daily and you will find that you have discovered the secret of perpetual youth and beauty.

PATHE
LAST DAY

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1936

WOMEN'S AWAKENING

The proceedings of the 17th Annual General Meeting and Conference of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council, now being held in the City, testify to the excellent work that has been done by the Council and, generally, to the remarkable awakening among Indian women in recent years. That awakening was seen at its best in the glorious part taken by thousands of women during the last national struggle. But the work of bodies like the All-India Women's Conference, with its various provincial branches, and the Bombay Presidency Women's Council, with its branches at Poona and Ahmedabad, shows that women's activities are as varied as they are widespread. The B. P. Women's Council came into existence sixteen years ago,—inspired, as Mrs. F. S. Talyarkhan, its President, points out, by the varied war services of Indian women during the World War. During all these years the Council has done much to improve the social, economic and political position of Indian women. But Mrs. Talyarkhan does well to point out that a great deal more still remains to be done. The Council can easily break its own records if it widens its scope of work and makes itself more representative of the women of the Presidency.

Women And Legislatures

One of the most important resolutions adopted by the Conference condemns the present inequality of status between men and women in this country and urges that all the existing legal, social, political and economic disabilities should be removed and agitation strenuously launched by the women of our country to secure, amongst other things, adult franchise for both sexes and equal partnership in marriage and property rights. If, irrespective of any work done in this direction by men-folk, women take their salvation into their own hands and ceaselessly carry on the strenuous agitation suggested by the resolution, it cannot be long before their labours will bear fruit. They should, among other things, take a greater part in the legislative elections. As suggested by Mrs. Faiz Tyabji, they should not be content with reserved seats for women but should also contest unreserved seats and "prove that they do not want reservation." Even as voters women can exercise much influence if they are sufficiently active and organized. There are, unfortunately, in our public life several men who talk big about politics but are rank reactionaries in social matters. Women voters should show short shrift to such persons.

Wanted Vigorous Agitation

The Conference naturally attaches much importance to the question of women's health and the evil effect thereon of early marriages and premature maternity. Dr. Mrs. J. R. Dadabhoy pointed out what a heavy toll India paid in deaths of mothers. That tragedy is due partly to child-marriages and partly to inefficient maternity service by untrained *dais*. The latter evil can be but partially remedied by the registration of trained midwives on the lines suggested by the conference. It is also necessary to provide at the same time far more facilities for the training of midwives than are at present available. As for the abolition of child-marriages, a sub-committee of the B. P. W. Council makes the disconcerting remark that "the ineffective punishment and the absence of any provision to penalise marriages performed in Indian or foreign States in India, tended to make the Act almost a dead-letter, and created a definite increase in the number of child-marriages." The Conference accordingly urges Government "to find ways and means for strict enforcement of the Child-Marriage Restraint Act." It would have been better if the Conference had suggested some of the ways and means. In such matters strong public opinion is absolutely necessary to support legislation and bodies like the Women's Council can do much by propaganda to build up such opinion. Vigorous agitation by women to safeguard all their interests will not only influence public opinion but also ensure to them fuller representation in the Councils.

Pressure Of United Front

Events in Egypt seem to be moving at rather a fast and unexpected pace. Nessim Pasha and his Cabinet have resigned and, if Britain withdraws her threat, there is likelihood of Nahas Pasha, the leader of the Wafd, taking over the reins of Government. This transference of power to the true representatives of the nation was bound to come sooner or later and we can confidently expect that, with the solid support of the United Front behind him, Nahas Pasha will be able to strive for the realization of the aims of nationalist Egypt as effectively in his new capacity as the head of the State as he has so far done as the leader of the Nationalists. What is significant about Nessim Pasha's resignation, however, are the reasons that have prompted it. Though, according to Reuter, the resignation is entirely due King Fuad informing him that circumstances now necessitated a change in the Government, Nessim Pasha's Government tendered resignation, it is understood, as a protest against certain British conditions precedent for the proposed Anglo-Egyptian treaty. Among other things they objected to the provision for retention of British military establishments in Cairo and Alexandria, exclusion of Egyptian troops from the defence of the Suez Canal, inadequate revision of the capitulations arrangements, retention of the British Chief of Police and the existence of European direction in the Department of Public Security. These provisions in the treaty, would, of course, be tantamount to keeping Egypt in a subordinate position and Nessim Pasha and his colleagues deserve to be congratulated on their patriotic protest against them.

It is difficult to imagine beforehand how the advent of Nahas Pasha's Ministry would react on the situation. Political circles in London deny that Great Britain made any detailed proposals for the Anglo-Egyptian treaty. "Sir Miles Lampson," it is stated, "suggested merely what might be regarded as a basis for negotiations." But these suggestions must have been definite enough to provoke such a strong protest from Nessim Pasha's Ministry. And it remains to be seen whether in dealing with Nahas Pasha, Great Britain will stick to these demands or modify them. But this much is certain that a Ministry with the support of the whole country will be in a much stronger position to negotiate with Britain than an unpopular Ministry like that of Nessim Pasha.

STAGING OF A VERSE-PLAY

"Tukaram"

(BY HARINDRANATH CHATTOPADHYAYA.)
II

"Tukaram."

In the production of "Tukaram" I had borne all these points in mind. When this play was enacted in London at "The Adelphi Theatre" in the year 1928, the "Manchester Guardian" spoke of it as a 'rich static lyric" and the "Manchester Guardian" was absolutely right. Unfortunately at that time I had not conceived of the play as such. It hardly struck me, too, that, it being in verse throughout, the technique involved in the presentation of its characters and of the emotion of the play itself, would naturally have to be entirely different from that involved in a straight prose-drama of the same theme.

"Tukaram" has been produced several times in this country as well. But every time the play was done I felt that some things were missing in the production, that some quality which was the soul of the piece, was lacking somewhere, but I could not place it at all for a long, long time. It dawned on me that, after all, "Tukaram" was not a Play, but a Poem! "Eureka"! I cried to myself, "I have discovered the missing quality." Immediately I set about to dream of the whole play as a poem of immensely rich beauty of sound, phrase and image,—a beauty that is not obvious but tremendously subtle, a beauty that exists in pure imagination, a beauty that evades the craft of the obvious prose play. At once I set about to imagine "Tukaram", not the historical saint-poet, not the weak and always yielding "Tukaram" of tradition but the poet-saint of the Inner Consciousness, which is a synonym for intense rhythm and colour and splendid architecture, for that Consciousness is not a "dead, foolish, irresponsible thing," but the high-watermark of building-power, of ryhthmic line and movement, of artistic intoxication. That is the reason why my whole conception changed in my last presentation of the play-poem. Somebody remarked to me, "Tukaram did not wear the ochre robe, he was a 'grihastha", to which I could only reply that it was not news to me, and assure him that I had chosen that colour deliberately because it had the general historical background of the inner renunciation in the minds of the people, as also, that it was much more artistic in the whole picture, as I conceived it, the white inartistic historical dress of the actual "Tukaram." I am one who am not afraid to sacrifice historical accuracy, where it is unimportant, for a deeper artistic effect. With regard to my make-up there was some whispering. I was told that "Tukaram had no beard". I was not at all unacquainted with the fact, nor was my presenting him with a beard the result of my inability to pay the barber for a clean shave!. The beard, too, has its own psychological flavour of inwardness and strength for the people, even though, thinking hygienically, it may become a serious synonym for an unhygienic institution unbecoming of a saint, since "cleanliness is next to godliness"! I also knew very well, that the pictures have represented him with a pair of long moustaches pointed at the ends. Now, it would have ruined my whole imagining of the character had I allowed myself to appear in such a make-up! It would have been as out of place in my make-up as a black sun in a dawning horizon.

Stylisation of Acting.

Now I come to the much more important factor of the stylisation of the acting. In my previous productions I always represented Tukaram as an immobile individual who would have considered moving a single limb as anti-spiritual! A static, stolid person with hardly a rhythm in his body, hardly a shade of inner beauty in his gesture, which now seems to me an entirely stupid picture. Besides, it was a verse-Tukaram, and not a prose-Tukaram, which made all the difference to the character! W. B. Yeats has written in his preface to his plays that he himself had realised that the technique which would be necessary for his own particular style of verse-play would have to be discovered for himself, and have to be quite new and different from all other techniques in existence. This is true. The technique for the verse-play must surely change with the style, the quality, the flow of the verse itself. I, therefore, tried to fix in my mind a ryhthmic gesture, a stylised sym-

(Continued on Page 10 Col. 7.)

Japanese Imperialism

An Intriguing Problem For Western Imperialists

By K. F. NARIMAN
II.

Japan has created a very piquant situation in the Far-East, diverting the attention of international world politics in that direction. The fate of North China seems to be as certainly sealed as Manchuria. This novel process of imperial foreign penetration by means of indigenous, local autonomous movement may be a little more dilatory, but in course of time, the result will be the same, and the Japanese hold on this more important strategic slice of China will be as complete, through this make-shift mask of autonomy, as it is at present on Manchuria through an 'independent State of Manchukuo.'

Problem For Western Imperialism

Great Britain and America both are as it were on the horns of a dilemma. Next to India and Egypt, China is the most precious jewel in the East, with great potentialities and capacities for commercial and industrial exploitation. It affords a very suitable and convenient dumping-ground for surplus goods. Once Western civilization penetrates this extensive mystic land, with vast growing population of millions, it will afford a very resourceful and fertile soil for dollar and pound hunting, for Britishers and Americans. Hence this self-interest in and concern for China is much greater than in Abyssinia. Japan is a much more dreaded and formidable Asiatic rival than the Fascist Italian State of Mussolini. Will the Western Imperialists view the situation with equanimity and indifference and allow the progressive encroachment and domination, that have been hitherto supposed to be the monopoly of Western Imperialism alone?

Japan And Russia

The situation becomes more complicated and embarrassing in the presence of a third rival, perhaps more feared and envied than even Japan. It becomes extremely difficult to make a choice between capitalist Japan and proletariat Russia. If the Nanking Republic cannot resist the ever-increasing and steadily growing Russian Soviet influence and hold on Central and North China, would it not be a lesser evil to permit the Japanese penetration to prevent the Red menace? That often accounts for and explains the luke-warm and apparently indifferent attitude of Western Powers, with regard to Japanese aggression in China. There is no doubt that if not restrained by the Japanese check, the greater part of Central and even Northern China would be under the Communist sway.

Japanese Commercial Supremacy

Side by side with the political aggression and diplomatic plans, proceeds the economic and commercial penetration all over the world, and the latest figures and statistics show that, in spite of all the checks, obstructions and handicaps, paper-pacts and hostile anti-Japanese commercial combinations, she is still leading in most staple industries and manufactures and rapidly displacing the monopolist and premier position of Great Britain in that field.

This economic and commercial supremacy of their Asiatic rivals is an additional cause for anxiety to the hitherto commercial and industrial lords of the earth—Great Britain and America. In the circumstances, the British and American foreign policy had two alternatives, before it, either to make an American-Soviet Pact against Japan or join hands with Japan to counteract Russian influence from China. The situation is fast approaching when neither of these great Powers can view the position with equanimity. Japan, like Fascist Italy, is bent upon extending her Empire and both are regardless of world opinion. According to them everything is just and fair in every attempt to extend one's empire.

China's Attitude

After the last bitter experience at Manchuria China no more trusts either the League or international pacts, treaties and conventions. Being unable to resist, individually and separately, either the Russian or Japanese onslaught the only alternative before the new Republic of China is to seek and make a secret alliance either with one or another of her neighbours. She too, like her Western ally, has for the time being, preferred Japanese yellow peril to Russian red menace. Just as a few years ago Great Britain desired to create a buffer State in Afghanistan between Russia and India, so Japan to-day wants a safety zone in North China, between Manchukuo and Soviet Central China.

Japan And Siam

Not being content with meddling in the Chinese Republican affairs, Japan is gradually extending her influence in distant Siam. Siam looks for political inspiration rather to the Japanese cousin, than the distant Britishers. The present Siamese Government seeks advice and guidance from Tokyo, and a new navy is being formed and recruited and trained in Japan. It is also feared that a new Naval Siamese base under virtual Japanese control, will shortly be created in Siam not very far from the important British Naval base of Singapore; thus adding one more serious circumstance to the already anxious situation.

An Intriguing Problem

The present political position is thus extremely intriguing and the whole world is watching, with intense suspense, future developments. Whether this situation will continue for some time or the war-hammer will fall soon, none can predict. Anyhow it is wise both to watch and be prepared for the coming events.

(Concluded).

Frankly Speaking

WANTED A PREMIER

France is without a Premier and, consequently, without a Cabinet to run the Government of the Republic. Monsieur Laval tendered his resignation on Wednesday and has since declined the invitation of President Lebrun to form a new Cabinet. He is reported to be determined not to form another Ministry as he considers that the Radicals who have caused the crisis should face the responsibility for it and form a Government if they can. Monsieur Bouisson, the President of the Chamber, too, having declined the invitation to form a Cabinet, the next person asked was Monsieur Herriot, the leader of the Radical Party. But he also refused; for while the Radicals have succeeded in breaking up the Cabinet, their position is hardly strong enough to enable them to run the Government. France, thus, is faced with a difficult problem, indeed. Unless M Sarraut, who has accepted the task, succeeds in forming a Cabinet commanding sufficient support in the Legislatures, we may witness the triumphant return of Monsieur Laval. And having seen what an unhealthy influence he can exercise on international politics one cannot but hope against that prospect.

OIL.

The Sanctions Committee (of Eighteen) has acted upto expectations. The question of Oil embargo, which has hitherto been tossed from one Committee to another, has now been referred to a Committee of Experts from the principal oil producing and transporting countries to study whether it would be effective. And since these experts, each of whose countries is interested financially in supplying oil to Italy, can be depended upon to discover quite a number of difficulties in enforcing an oil embargo, the question is as good as shelved already. The reference to "transporting countries," however, as a Geneva cable points out, "indicates an interesting development" It appears that while U.S.A. controls large quantities of oil which, taking advantage of its neutrality, it may continue to export to Italy, the bulk of the oil transport trade is controlled by Britain, Holland and Norway. And thus, even without the co-operation of U.S.A. and Japan, an embargo on oil can be effective if British, Dutch and Norwegian tankers refuse to carry oil for Italy. But will the "experts" agree to the sacrifice of a lucrative trade at present being carried on by their countries on the altar of world peace and collective security? The past record of these Powers does not hold much promise of any such altruistic action.

CONVENIENT TO PUBLIC

The Congress President's decision, approved by a majority of the members of the Working Committee, to hold the Lucknow Congress session during the Easter holidays will be far more suitable to the public in general than the days previously fixed by the Committee, namely, the 23rd, 24th and 25th of March. In a statement announcing the revised dates, the President points out that the earlier dates would have been inconvenient to the Congressmen in the Legislative Assembly and also to those engaged in the elections to the Calcutta Corporation, due to take place on March 26. We do not know if these difficulties could not have been considered by the Working Committee while fixing the dates in March. Ordinarily it is not good to upset a considered decision for the convenience of a few Congressmen. However, in the present case the balance of advantage to the public seems to be in the revised dates, as many can get the benefit of the various facilities available in the Easter holidays. It is, therefore, to be hoped that the Reception Committee will cheerfully adjust their arrangements to the altered dates.

A COMPARISON.

Among the most interesting visits to the Vishwa Bharati, founded by Poet Rabindranath Tagore, is the recent one by a Negro Delegation from the United States of America. Interviewed on the present educational conditions in the States, Prof. Thurman, the leader of the Delegation, pointed out that while literacy among the Negroes at the time of their emancipation about seventy years ago was nearly 100 per cent, it has now been reduced to only about 14 per cent. That compares well with the position in India under British rule, where illiteracy is still about 90 per cent. Things would have been bad in America, too, if the Government had treated the Negroes as certain hill tribes and "criminal tribes" are treated in India and if the authorities had not recognised the claims of education as being among the first charges on their resources.

Press In Baroda

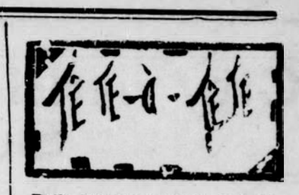
To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,"Pro Bono Journalist" in the issue of January 16th refers to certain difficulties experienced by journalists in Baroda. While agreeing with most of the details, I emphatically protest against the treatment meted out to the representatives of the Nationalist journals. Becoming a prey to the so-called favours shown by parties, concerned, some local vernacular papers have got into the habit of publishing even trash which has resulted in hampering the progress of true journalism. Sometimes the problem of dress is very rigorously imposed upon the journalists at official functions, the fact being substantiated by one of my journalist friends. In the general public interest it is desirable that no distinction should be made between this journalist and that and equal treatment should be given to one and all. Petty matters like dress should not be given undue importance in case of journalists who come on purely professional mission, especially in a progressive and enlightened State like Baroda.

Yours, etc.,

"SYMPATHISER."

Baroda.



Both Monsieur Laval and Monsieur Bouisson have refused to form a Cabinet in France.

"Wanted: A Premier," the French Government may well advertise. And we know some out-of-job Indian politicians who wouldn't mind applying.

* * * *

The Thana Municipality has ruled that public meetings may be held in the Vegetable Market.

Our own Corporation need give no such ruling. Members are already allowed—nay, encouraged—to vegetate in the Corporation Hall itself.

* * * *

Will fluid and elusive China ever be fitted into hard Japanese moulds? asks a writer.

Yes, when she is frozen to death by the frigid attitude of the world Powers and when the fire of her nationalism has died out.

* * * *

"I myself notice," said the U. P. Governor in a recent utterance, "an increasingly practical outlook in this matter and growing realization that the new Constitution will set up quite new conditions which call for careful study and preparation in advance."

Yes, as any doctor will tell you, it is always advisable to be prepared in advance for all epidemics, maladies and afflictions.

* * * *

The Government of India, it is learnt, will oppose the ratification of the 40-hour Labour Convention.

They feel, it is stated, that it is not possible either to shorten the hours of work in mills, factories and mines or to raise the hours of work in Government offices and Secretariats to bring them into level with the 40-hour week.

* * * *

A Dictator Nobody Knows
—Headline.

Must be the Dictator's wife!

* * * *

Italy, says an Italian note to the League Council, never menaced any body.

The poor, little, innocent darling who never menaced even a fly! Even to think that he is accused of menacing civilization with his toy soldiers and aeroplanes!

* * * *

Birth-control movement, says Mr. S. Satyamurti, "is almost blasphemy."

But not quite. And that is the characteristic virtue of all great movements. They are all "almost blasphemies."

* * * *

We read in the Government of India's publication "India in 1933-34."

"Mr. Srinivasan, the veteran Depressed Class leader, took exception to the use of the very term "Harijan" which Mr. Gandhi had coined for the community."

A few sentences later we find the following observation by the author (s) of the report—

"In the circumstances it is natural that certain observers saw in the Harijan campaign motives other than a purely altruistic desire to remove social disabilities."

We have no desire here to dilate on the obviously absurd and unfair implication of the statement What interests us is that a Government publicist uses the term "Harijan." Mr. Srinivasan, "the veteran Depressed Class leader," had better protest to the Governor-General, for the use of this term!

* * * *

P. S. Purely as a historical postscript we may add that Mr. Srinivasan received the title of Rao Bahadur in the recent New Year Honours list.

Not all protests are barren of fruit!

* * * *

GIRLS PROVIDE THE BRAINS
—Headline.

Noble self-denial!

* * * *

"See that plot of land over there?" he asked, "Well, a year or two ago I could have bought it for a mere song. Now it's worth thousands."

"I suppose you couldn't sing?" asked his friend, facetiously.

The other grunted. "Oh, I could sing all right, but I couldn't get the right notes."

O, For A 'Human Touch'

Show Love & Affection To Women Prisoners

Mrs. Naidu's Eloquent Plea At Conference

BOMBAY: Thursday.

"The ineffective punishment and the absence of any provision to penalise marriages performed in native or foreign States in India, tended to make the Act almost a dead-letter, and created a definite increase in the number of child-marriages."

This is the opinion contained in the Report of the Parliamentary Sub-Committee of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council on the working of the Sarda Act, presented at the Conference yesterday morning at the University Convocation Hall, Bombay, by Mrs. Gulbanu J. R. Doctor, Secretary of the Committee.

"The Sub-Committee discussed the Hon. Mr. Das' Bill to amend the Child-Marriage Restraint Act, introduced in the Legislative Assembly. The new Bill and Rai Saheb Harbilas Sarda's Act were compared, and the Committee approved of the amendments proposed, but was of the opinion that, the amendments were incomplete," and proposed to send their recommendations.

The condition of long-term Women-prisoners evoked considerable discussion. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu criticised the inhuman Prison Laws and exhorted women-visitors to the jails to carry comfort to women-prisoners, not in a spirit of condescension, but with love and affection, and with the realisation that these unfortunate women were not all criminals, though they were condemned to imprisonment for some offence committed in a fit of passion.

Pathetic Tale Of Defective Children

The conference resuming its session this morning adopted the report of the Parliamentary Sub-Committee, which had to its credit the sustained agitation carried on in the province against Mr. H. R. Desai's "Bill to Amend the Law of Adoption", which was ultimately thrown out by the Legislative Council.

The Committee also considered the 'Bill to Amend the Hindu Law of Inheritance", sponsored by Rao Bahadur R. R. Kale (since dead), and sent their recommendations.

Miss M. K. Davis, Superintendent of the Umerkhadi Children's Home, gave a pathetic account of the conditions of mental defectives among juveniles and pointed out that they required the greatest protection. It was estimated that out of the 2,560,000 mental defectives of all ages, there were nearly 284 000 children and their cases required special attention and treatment.

Lunacy and mental defect were two different evils requiring different methods of treatment. At present there were only two homes for mental defectives in India, one at Kerseong near Darjeeling for European children and the other in Midnapore District for Indians. They charged prohibitive rates monthly for each case admitted and they could not be of any use to the Bombay Presidency.

She suggested that a special Home with adequate equipment for the protection of the mental defectives among children be provided through charity by way of endowment. Miss Davis paid a tribute to the organisers of the only school for mentally defective children in Bombay Presidency at the Byramji Jeejeebhoy Home, Matunga, where a courageous experiment was being carried out.

Mrs. R. P. Masani, gave a brief account of the working of the School at Matunga, and said that instead of waiting for help from others, the Women's Council should take the initiative and try to open some more institutions of the kind.

Women In Jails

Mrs. V. Inglis then led a discussion on "Long-term Women Prisoners". She said that suitable occupation for the women prisoners had engaged the attention of the authorities. In Bombay Presidency, the women prisoners generally came from the lowest classes. Some of the prisoners were from rural areas, who were quite independent and industrious, but for some unfortunate act during a moment of passion, they were serving long terms. There was a suggestion that the Red Cross organisations might provide some work for these women.

Mrs. Shufi Tyebji said that formerly they were allowed to give brief lectures to women prisoners, but that practice was stopped after the Civil Disobedience movement. Formerly these prisoners were being supplied cloth for sewing but the Home Department of the Government informed them that the rules did not allow such work.

Mrs Sarojini Naidu, who was the only speaker who had studied the conditions first-hand, having spent nearly two years in jail thus coming into close contact with the women prisoners, said that the long-term prisoners were over-worked and they had too little energy or leisure left for learning or education.

What they needed was the human touch while the Prison laws were quite inhuman and did not count the human equation. There were women who would have made good mothers and wives, but in a fit of rage, they had committed some offence unable to bear their misery and had been sent for long terms. It was not merely a question of providing them some comforts. It was a question of making the Jail Code more elastic and more human. All of the women prisoners were not criminals though they were condemned to imprisonment.

A resolution was also passed by the conference "urging the Government to find ways and means for strict enforcement of the Child Marriage Restraint Act, moved by Mrs. Mangalabai M. F. Premchand and seconded by Dr. Malinibai Sukhtankar. After the report of the Haj Sub-Committee presented by Mrs. Sumud Shah was adopted, the conference adjourned for lunch.

HOME INDUSTRIES FOR FAMILIES

The promotion of home industries in Middle class families with a view to adding to the income of the families concerned, was the interesting topic on which discussion was initiated by Mrs. Rasikamani Desai, in the afternoon when the conference met again with Mrs. Francis Low, Vice-President of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council, in the chair in the absence of Mrs. F. S. Talyarkhan who went to the mail-boat to receive Dame Elizabeth Cadbury.

Several speakers pointed out that such institutions were already functioning in the city and the suburbs, imparting instruction to women in home crafts, so that they might supplement the family income.

PRIMARY EDUCATION

Mrs. Shufi C. Tyabji read a highly informative paper on the growth of compulsory primary education in the city and said that the scheme involved an annual expenditure of about 40 lakhs of rupees. She said that as long as Bombay remained a wage-earning centre for the masses from the rural areas, who went back to their homes in the districts frequently, the difficulty in the full concummation of th escheme could not be got over. Moreover financial considerations and the refusal of the Government to sanction the extension of the scheme all over the city, had blocked further progress. At present the 'F' and the 'G' wards in Bombay were under the scheme.

Mrs. Gangaben Patel and Dr. Mrs. S. Noronha gave interesting discourses on the responsibility of the women house-holders or housekeepers in maintaining the civic health.

DEMAND FOR EQUALITY

After this a resolution was passed moved by Miss Maniben Kara and seconded by Mrs. Bachuben Thakkar condemning the present inequality of status between men and women and urging that all the existing legal, social, political and economic disabilities be removed and agitation strenuously launched by the women of the country to secure amongst other things, universal adult franchise and equal partnership in marriage and property rights.

Mrs. Bapsy Sabawalla gave a talk on the modern problems in "women's life and work".

The session then adjourned to meet again to-day (Friday) at the Princess Victoria Mary Gymkhana at 10 a.m. The exhibition organised in this connection had been kept open for two days more, as it was highly popular and attracted large numbers of enthusiasts.

The First Conference organised by the Bombay Presidency Women's Council was held on Wednesday evening at the University Convocation Hall under the presidency of Mrs. Talyarkhan (centre).

Arrivals By Mail Boat

Prominent arrivals by the mail boat including Major General Sir Douglas Baird, General Officer Commanding-in-Chief Eastern Command, Lady Teichman, wife of Sir Eric Teichman, member of the Chinese Consular Service, Mr. C. A. Emerson, son of the Governor of Punjab, and Mr. E. O. Dinwoodie, Agent of the Allahabad Bank, Patna.

TAKU INCIDENT SETTLED

TIENTSIN, January 22.

The Taku incident in which some Chinese soldiers were alleged to have ransacked a store and hauled down the Japanese flag has been settled. The Chinese have agreed, "inter-alia", to pay 400 dollars as compensation.—Reuter.

PARSI GYM. OPEN TENNIS TOURNEY

Keen Contest Between Bobb And Pereira v. Stroud And Mytton Match

Ten matches were played to a finish on Thursday in the Parsi Gymkhana Open Tennis Tournament. The match with E. V. Bobb and A. C. Pereira partnering against R. F. Stroud and G. L. Mytton was an even contest and was unfinished at the close of the day (6—3, 3—6, 5—5) and will be played to-day (Friday)

Mrs. B. J. E. Tew and J. E. Tew scored another victory over Mrs. N. G. Hunt and N. R. Suvarna (6—1, 6—1).

E. V. Bobb in his second round defeated R. N. Pandit (6—3, 6—3).

Results

MEN'S SINGLES.

H. C. Sansoni beat C. Gonsalves 6—2, 6—3.

E. V. Bobb beat R. N. Pandit 6—3, 6—3.

R. F. Vakharia beat C. V. Bhandarkar 6—3, 6—4.

J. Harvey beat L. Gopaldas 6—3, 6—2.

MEN'S DOUBLES.

E. V. Bobb and A. C. Pereira vs. R. F. Stroud and G. L. Mytton, 6—3, 3—6, 5—5 (unfinished).

MIXED DOUBLES.

Mrs. B. J. E. Tew and J. E. Tew beat Mrs. N. G. Hunt and N. R. Suvarna 6—1, 6—1.

Mrs. Osborne-Carey and O. Sutton beat Mrs. Thornby and Partner 6—1, 6—4.

Miss L. Portlock and D. Stillard beat Miss M. J. Wadia and A. C. Suntook, 6—2, 6—3.

LADIES SINGLES.

Miss L. Portlock beat Miss Jejeebhoy 6—3, 6—1.

T. Dias walk over Miss Hunt.

Miss P. G. Dinshaw beat Miss F. Talyarkhan 6—4, 6—4.

Friday's Programme

COURT I: 3-30 P.M.—

S. A. A. Azim vs. L. R. Pereira.

H. C. Sansoni and A. M. D. Pitt vs. H. N. Contractor and R. F. Vakharia.

Miss L. Row and E. V. Bobb vs. Mrs. Griffiths and Partner or Mrs. Sutton and N. J. Leontzini.

COURT II: 3-30 P.M.—

C. W. Owen and O. Sutton, vs. N. R. Suvarna and Partner.

Miss Talyarkhan and Mrs. Blundell vs. Miss Portlock and Miss Dinshaw.

Mrs. Tew and Miss Hill vs, Miss Wadia and Miss Jijeebhoy.

COURT III: 3-45 P.M.—

Mrs. Griffiths and Partner vs. Mrs. Sutton and N. J. Leontzini.

Mrs. Thornby vs. Miss D. Dadabhoy.

R. C. Summerhayes and R. G. Hopkins vs. J. Harvey and R. N. Chopra.

FIRST AVAILABLE COURT: 5-15 P.M.—

J. Charanjiva and J. E. Tew vs. Prince Ghanshyamsingji and D. Stillard.

It is understood that Sir Darcy Lindsay will be returned to the Assembly from the Bengal-European Constituency in the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mr. Chapman Mortimer.

JAP WARSHIPS FOR CHINA

SWATOW, Jan. 23.

Three Japanese warships arrived following the alleged murder of Japanese consular police officer by the Chinese. The Consul protested regarding the alleged murder, also alleging that Japanese shop-keepers were intimidated by Chinese armed pistols. —Reuter.

Conciliation Move Futile

GENEVA, Jan. 23.

The League Council to-day will formally take cognisance of the report of the Committee of Thirteen which closes with the indication that no attempt at conciliation would serve any useful purpose at the present stage.—Reuter.

TEMPLE ENTRY CAMPAIGN

TRIVANDRUM, Jan 23.

Resolutions 'inter alia' advocating immediate temple entry for Harijans will be moved by the Kerala Provincial Secretary of Harijan Sevak Sangh, Mr. G. Ramachandran at the coming meeting of the Central Board of All-India Harijan Sevak Sangh at Delhi on 7th and 8th February.—A. P

NO FRESH OATH-TAKING BY M.L.As.

NEW DELHI, Jan. 23.

Inquiries indicate that it will not be necessary to have a fresh oath-taking by the members of the Assembly and the Council of State as done in case of the members of the House of Commons.

It is pointed out that in the House of Commons when the members take an oath of allegiance to the King, they mention the name of the King while this is not done in India.—United Press.

B. P. W. C.'s Exhibition And Sale Of Work

Owing to requests from the public, the Exhibition Committee have decided to continue the Exhibition for two days more, and the Exhibition will accordingly remain open till Sunday from 3 to 7 p.m. daily.

Stall holders are requested to attend at the scheduled hours.

KIPLING'S REMAINS

Interred In Poet's Corner

LONDON, Jan. 23.

Kipling's cremated remains were laid to rest at the foot of Addison's statue between Charles Dickens and Thomas Hardy's graves in the Poets corner in Westminster Abbey.

The Dean of Westminster conducted a simple, but impressive service which included after the singing of the Recessional. Every part of the Abbey was crowded and in every nook were hung floral tributes. Wreaths included foliage and flowers from war cemeteries around Ioos.—Reuter.

Garden Party Cancelled

NEW DELHI, Jan. 23.

The Ball Garden Party which the Countess of Willingdon was to give on February 18 and 28 will not take place owing to the death of the King.—United Press.

VICEROY PROCLAIMS HOLIDAY ON 28th

(Continued from page 1)

it is necessary for the Governor-General to be sworn-in again. One section considers that as the Governor-General Buckley on his appointment to the Office in November 1932 took the oath of allegiance to King George the Fifth, his heirs and successors, this is sufficient to meet the situation. It is, however, pointed out that Mr. Buckley also took the second oath to "well and truly serve His Majesty King George the Fifth in Office as Governor-General of the Irish Free State." Therefore it may be necessary for Mr. Buckley to be sworn-in again to the New King's style, the title being substituted for King George.

WHY PROCLAMATION WAS NOT READ

DUBLIN, Jan. 23.

The Proclamation of Accession of King Edward VIII was not read in Dublin yesterday. In connection with this fact, the Free State constitutional authorities appear to be agreed that there is no legal necessity for the renewal of the oath which the Governor-General took on the assumption of office. That oath, it is considered meets the new position.

The Removal of Oath Act became law in May 1933 when it received the King's assent. The Act removed the Oath of Allegiance from the Free State Constitution. —Indian Allied News.

FUNERAL DAY, NOT A DAY OF PUBLIC MOURNING

LONDON, Jan. 23.

It is officially announced that January 28, the day of King George's funeral, will not be proclaimed as a day of public mourning.

It is, however, suggested that a two minutes' public silence should be observed at the time the funeral service is taking place at St. George's Chapel, Windsor.—Indian Allied News.

LYING-IN-STATE BEGINS

LONDON, Jan. 23.

After the body of the late King had been placed on the catafalque, the Archbishop of Canterbury conducted a brief service.—Indian Allied News.

PROCLAMATION AT CAPE TOWN

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 23.

The Proclamation of Accession of King Edward VIII was read here to-day in terms conforming with the requirements of the Statute of Westminster.

In addition to his other titles, His Majesty was referred to as "Supreme Lord in and over the Dominion of South Africa".—Indian Allied News.

KING GEORGE'S BODY TAKEN TO LONDON

LONDON, Jan. 23.

The first funeral service was said over the late King George's body at the Church of St. Mary Magdalene at Sandringham this morning.

The coffin was draped with the Royal Standard and it bore two wreaths of flowers. One was from Her Majesty the Queen and the other from the new King and the Dukes of York, Gloucester and Kent.

After the service, the coffin was borne on a gun-carriage drawn by Royal Horse Artillery to Wolferton Station. His Majesty the King and Their Royal Highnesses, the Dukes of York, Gloucester and Kent together with their brother-in-law, Lord Harewood followed the coffin on foot. Her Majesty the Queen, together with other members of the Royal Family, followed in two carriages.—Indian Allied News.

Norman Davis To Represent U. S.

(Special Cable.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.

Mr. Norman Davis will represent the United States at the funeral of the late King George.

New York 'Change To Delay Opening

(Special Cable.)

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.

The Stock Exchange has decided to delay its opening for an hour on the occasion of the funeral of the late King George.

Italian Crown Prince To Attend Funeral

ROME, Jan. 23.

It is announced that Crown Prince Umberto will represent the King of Italy at the funeral of King George of England.

Detachments of the Italian Army, Navy and Air Force will also be sent and will take part in the funeral procession.—Indian Allied News.

FIVE KINGS FOR FUNERAL

LONDON, Jan. 23.

King of Bulgaria will attend the funeral of King George. Thus five Kings will be present in addition King Edward.

The Admiralty is providing a special escort of flotilla leader Montrose and four other destroyers for Foreign Monarchs' journey. Crown Prince Paul of Greece will represent the King of the Hellenes in London.

The Stock Exchange will be closed next Tuesday.—Reuter.

LITVINOFF ANGERS ALOISI

Speech Creates Sensation In League

GENEVA, Jan. 23.

There was a minor sensation in the League Council meeting discussing the dispute between the Soviets and Uruguay, when M. Litvinoff delivered a mordant speech containing veiled references to Germany's rearmament, Japan's activities in China, Italian aggression in Africa and concluded by asking whether the disturbed history of Uruguay suggested that they needed outside guidance in the act of risings.

Baron Aloisi immediately protested against M. Litvinoff's allegations against Italy and asserted that Italy had not (sic) undertaken the operation openly in defence of civilisation.

The Uruguayan representative Sr. Guani recalled the expulsion of the Soviet representatives from several countries since 1918.—Reuter.

COUNCIL OF STATE

NEW DELHI, Jan. 23.

The Governor-General has fixed Monday, February 17 as the date for the commencement of the Winter session of the Council of State.—United Press.

HAMMOND COMMITTEE REPORT SIGNED

Sir Laurie Will Personally Submit It To Secretary Of State

NEW DELHI, Jan. 23.

The "United Press" learns that the Indian Delimitation Committee report has been signed to-day by Sir Laurie Hammond (Chairman), Justice Sir Venkata Subbarao and Khan Bahadur Din Mohamed (Members).

Sir L. Hammond leaves for Bombay by the Frontier Mail to-morrow and sails for England on the 25th. He will personally submit the report to the Secretary of State for India who appointed the Committee.

It is further understood that an Order-in-Council announcing the constituencies for the new Provincial Legislatures will be placed and approved by Parliament before the Easter recess. This Order-in-Council is expected to include the constituencies for Provincial Legislatures only and later another Order-in-Council will be issued regarding the Federal Assembly and Senate.

So far as the Legislative Assembly is concerned, it is understood that the Government will be prepared to allot a day for discussion of the Hammond Committee's report, relating to the Federal Assembly but not the portion of the report relating to Provinces.—United Press.

PARIS, Jan. 23.

M. Herriot has declined the President's request to form Government.—Reuter.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *"The Black Abbot"*

WADE AND DONAVAN, IN ADJACENT ROOMS AT FOSSAWAY MANOR, DRESS FOR DINNER
CAN YOU HELP ME WITH THIS TIE, INSPECTOR?
DON'T CALL ME INSPECTOR, DONAVAN ---REMEMBER, NO ONE MUST KNOW WE'RE DETECTIVES!
FIFTEEN TONS OF GOLD!— D'YOU THINK IT'S REALLY TRUE, SIR?
LORD CHELFORD IS GOING TO SHOW ME THE MANUSCRIPT AFTER DINNER, DONAVAN----
AND THAT'S WHERE WE'RE GOING NOW --COME ON, DONAVAN--
THE BLACK ABBOT AN' THE CHELFORD TREASURE! WHEW! I HOPE THIS EXCITEMENT DON'T RUIN MY APPETITE!
TH' CHELFORD TREASURE, EH?- I THINK I'LL GET A LOOK AT THAT MANUSCRIPT BEFORE THE DETECTIVES DO!—
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Repeal Revenue Code

TAX ONLY NET PROFIT ON AGRICULTURE

Matar Peasants' Conference's Demand

(From Our Correspondent.)
AHMEDABAD, January 22.

A successful conference fully representative of the peasants of the Matar Taluka (Kaira District) was held yesterday at Matar under the presidentship of Mr. Dadubhai P. Desai.

Messages emphasizing the necessity of organising peasants on sound lines were received from Sardar Patil, Dr. Chandulal Desai and Mr. Morarji Desai.

In the course of his presidential speech Mr. Dadubhai Desai recalled the era of golden prosperity once enjoyed by the farmers of this area. This taluka could then boast of producing the best rice and the best wheat in Gujarat. But, bad season, recurring famines, floods and frost had brought the people to the verge of bankruptcy. Nothing however, continued Mr. Desai was more responsible for the desperate straits of the peasants, than the land revenue policy pursued by Government. It was no use asking for little suspensions and remissions from Government year after year. A root and branch reform of the land laws of the province, was the greatest need of the hour.

The first resolution adopted by the conference requested Government to reduce the revenue demand of the villages hit hard by the scarcity of rains, and by the failure of rice, wheat, cotton, pulse and such like crops.

Repeal Revenue Code

The second resolution was more far-reaching and could be paraphrased as follows:—"In view of the progressively deteriorating condition of the peasantry in the area, this conference is firmly convinced of the urgent necessity of effecting the following reforms in the present agrarian laws:—

(1) That the existing Law Revenue Code be repealed and the net profits of agriculture, if any, should be fixed in future, after first providing a minimum sum as subsistence allowance for the cultivators and the families.

(2) The present oppressive terms of giving Government "tagavi" loans at the exorbitant rate of 8 1/4 per cent. and adding compound interest every three months should be drastically reformed.

(3) That the administration of the agrarian co-operative credit societies be thoroughly overhauled, as they have proved a veritable curse to the peasants of the taluka.

(4) That the farmers of the 'Kalamahandi" villages should get the full benefit of the waters of the Khari river, and that the fantastic cess levied as 'Akashia Himayat' (sky rate) be abolished.

(5) That sufficient grazing lands should be allotted to every village.

A permanent body called "Matar Taluka Kheduta Sangh" (Peasants' Union) was launched to secure these and similar reforms and a representative committee was appointed to draft the constitution of the Sangha and to carry on the Sangha.

Mr. Chaturbhai Patel, M.L.C., Mr. Gokuldas Talati, Mr. Indulal Yagnik and Mr. Raojibhai Patel the Secretary of the Kaira District Congress Committee and other local leaders addressed the conference which ended amidst thundering shouts of "Bande Mataram".

BENGAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE

New Executive And Office-Bearers

(From Our Correspondent)
PATNA, Jan. 22.

The following are the Executive and Office-bearers of the new Bengal Provincial Congress Committee:—

President: — Subhas Chandra Bose,

Vice-Presidents:—Surendra Mohan Moitra, Abhullahil Baqui, Dr. Suresh Chandra Banerji,

Secretaries: — Suresh Chandra Majumdar, Haran Chandra Ghosh Choudhury (Asst. Secretary), Harendra Ghosh of Howrah and Sailendranath Roy, (Treasurer): Kumar Debendralal Khan.

Members:—Kiron Shanker Roy, Dr. Profulla Chandra Ghosh, J. C. Gupta, Dr. Indranarain Sen-Gupta, Khitish Chandra Das-Gupta, Asrafuddin Choudhury, Diresh Chandra Chakravarti, Satyendra Chandra Mitra, Nepal Chandra Roy, Panchan Bose, Pramathanath Banerjee, (Midnapore) Rajendra Chandra Deb, Hemantakumar Bose, Dr. J. M. Das-Gupta, Paritosh Banerji, Dr. Jibanratan Dhar, Chapalakanta Bhattacharjya, Dibhutishusan Hazra, Osimuddin Ahmed, Birendra Chandra Majumdar, Narendranath Datta, Smt. Urmila Debi, Binay Krishna Bose, Jitendra Nath Mitra and Rezaulkaraim".

Mrs. Nellie Sen-Gupta and Moulana Abul Kalam Azad are ex-officio members.

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LIGHT BROWN
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Dr. DE JONGH'S COD LIVER OIL is prepared from the finest Norwegian Oils by a process which cannot destroy the Vitamins, and has been recommended for over 80 years by the leading medical authorities in the treatment of CONSUMPTION, DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND CHEST, RHEUMATISM, ASTHMA, RICKETS and other INFANTILE complaints, and

ALL WASTING DISEASES

Dr. De Jongh's Cod Liver Oil is sold only in Imperial Half Pint and Pint Bottles bearing Dr. De Jongh's signature.
Beware of attempts to substitute fraudulent imitations.
Proprietors: Ansar, Harford & Co., Ltd., 192 Gray's Inn Rd., London, W.C.1

THREE YEARS OF OTTAWA!

Congress-Independent Blockade Against Further Lease?

NEW DELHI, Jan 23.

The "United Press" learns that the Government may move a motion, probably in the second week of February, asking the Assembly to constitute a committee of the House to examine the three years' working of the Ottawa Agreement.

If the House agrees to set up a committee, its report may be considered only after the disposal of the Finance Bill by the end of March. In case the Opposition members reject the motion for a committee on the ground that they were for the outright denouncement of the Agreement, a piquant situation will arise.

In this connection it may be remembered that while accepting the Ottawa Agreement provisionally in December 1932 the Assembly resolved to examine its working after three years to determine whether to continue the Agreement or give six months' notice for its termination.

Much depends on the attitude of the Congress Party as to whether they want a committee or not and how far will they be able to carry with them the Independents led by Mr. Jinnah.

Non-official observers who re-call the attitude taken up by Mr. Jinnah on the occasion of the debate on the Indo-British Trade Agreement last year are inclined to infer that Mr. Jinnah will not favour the continuance of the Agreement. —United Press.

USE FOR OLD JUHU AERODROME

Indian Gliding Association Secures Ground For Training Purposes

BOMBAY, Jan. 23.

The Associated Press understands that the Gliding Association of India has successfully negotiated with the Bombay Government for the use of the old aerodrome at Juhu for training purposes. As a result of prolonged negotiations the Government of Bombay have given the entire old aerodrome at Juhu measuring over 150 acres to the Indian Gliding Association.

It will be remembered that the Indian Gliding Association has been conducting its classes at Oundh for lack of proper grounds in Bombay. The organisers of the Association have been trying their best for sometime now to secure a proper ground in Bombay so that the Association's activities may attract more aviators to get themselves trained in the art of Gliding. So long as they had no proper grounds in Bombay, it was but natural that there was a certain amount of apathy on the part of prospective aviators to take advantage of the facilities provided by the Indian Gliding Association. The organisers now hope that larger number of people will take to gliding in which India has yet to make a name.

It is stated that Indian Gliding Association has already taken up the work of getting ready the ground at Juhu in hand and they hope to start their training classes in a short time.

The old Juhu aerodrome is situated next to the pesent aerodrome towards Andheri.—A. P.

REFERRED TO SELECT COMMITTEE

Money Lenders' Bill Before C. P. Council

NAGPUR, Jan. 23.

The C. P. Council to-day referred Mr. Raghavendra Rao's Money Lenders' Amendment Bill to a Select Committee, the dilatory motion for circulation being defeated.

The Bill which makes the registration of money lenders compulsory is expected to yield nearly four lakhs of rupees yearly by way of license fees.

The Adjustment and Liquidation of Industrial Workers' Debt Bill modelled on the lines of the recommendation by the Whitley Commission is enacted into law.—United Press.

Broadcasting Station For Madras City

MADRAS, Jan. 23.

To advise the Government of Madras in regard to the establishment of a Broadcasting Station in the city, Mr. Kirkee, of the British Broadcasting Corporation is coming to Madras on February 1.

Mr. Kirkee will go into the details of the scheme and suggest the quantity of power to be employed, the wave length and the site and such other details.—United Press.

SATYAGRAHA INEVITABLE

S. African Indians Tell Govt. How Life Is Made Miserable

NEW DELHI, Jan. 22.

Representation has been made to the Government of India by Swami Bhawani Dayal Sanyasi on behalf of the South African Indian Congress against two laws passed recently in South Africa. Swami Bhawani Dayal met Sir Girja Shanker Bajpai to-day.

The representation submitted by him to Sir Jagdish Prasad, Education Member, states that the Slumbs Act passed by the Union Parliament in 1934 invests local authorities with wide and discretionary powers without necessary safeguards and protection to those affected. When the Act was passed the Minister for Public Health assured that the Act would not be so operated as to cause any racial discrimination but soon after that declaration was made 16 acres at Mayville, entirely owned by Indians, and hundreds of individual premises in the borough of Durban were declared as slumbs,

On the former land only nine out of 36 premises contained nuisance and in direct contravention of the Act, no opportunity was given to owners to remove the nuisance but after improvement the land was sold to Europeans only.

The South African Indian Congress led a deputation to the Minister concerned with regard to this matter but his attitude was most unsympathetic.

RUINOUS SEGREGATION.

Swami Bhawani Dayal next points out that the Transvaal Asiatic Land Tenure Act, also recently passed, was designed to introduce a policy of complete residential and commercial segregation and to restrict and curtail rights hitherto enjoyed by Indians in the Transvaal. This Act would mean the ruination and ultimate elimination of Indian residents there and a direct violation of the Indo-Union Agreement.

Concluding Swami Dayal says, if such legislation were not put a stop to the South African Indians would be forced in despair to repeat the history of passive resistance again of which the closing chapter was the Gandhi-Smuts Agreement of 1914. Therefore, it was essential that the Government of India must intervene in the matter in order to protect the just rights and privileges hitherto enjoyed by Indians in South Africa.—A. P.

TREBITSCH LINCOLN FOR SINGAPORE?

SINGAPORE (By Mail).

"I want to leave the East for good, and to found a Buddhist monastery in Europe. I shall then retire and wait until this tottering and crazy civilisation has disappeared".

Thus writes Trebitsch Lincoln, at one time a German spy, former M.P., for Darlington, and now living in China as the Buddhist abbot Chao Kung, to one of his followers in Singapore.

Lincoln says that he intends to visit Singapore, and then will charter a ship to sail to Spain by way of the Cape. As he was refused permission to land in Britain when he arrived at Liverpool in 1934, it is doubtful whether he will be permitted to land in Singapore.—Indian Allied News.

CAR DASHES INTO TRAM

Three Occupants Injured And Admitted In Hospital

A motor car dashed into a stationary tram car opposite the Royal Indian Marine Offices and three persons were injured. They were admitted in the St. George's Hospital at about 10 p.m. last night. The Colaba police are making inquiries.

BAQUI TO BE DISQUALIFIED?

Assembly Election Dispute Sequel

NEW DELHI, Jan. 23.

The "United Press" understands that the Governor-General-in-Council have not accepted the explanation tendered by Mr. Abdul Baqui, a member of the Assembly from Bengal, and decided that the member has incurred disqualification under electoral rules.

It may be recalled that on a petition by Mr. Kabiruddin Ahmed the Election Tribunal held that the returns of expenses filed by Mr. Baqui were false in material particulars. Mr. Baqui was asked to submit an explanation by January 21.

It is understood that Mr. Baqui will be disqualified for a period of five years and his seat will be declared vacant, resulting in a by-election.

Mr. Baqui is the only member of the Assembly on the Congress ticket from the Muslim Constituency. —United Press.

Kamaladevi In Bombay

Mrs. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya who presided over the All-India Congress Socialist Party Conference at Meerut, arrived in Bombay on Thursday by the Punjab Mail and spent a few busy hours in the City. She left for Poona the same afternoon "en route" to Dharwar where she will attend the meeting of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee on the 25th instant. During her brief stay in the City, she paid a visit to the Office of General Bima Agencies, Chief Agents of the Bharati Bima Ltd. of Benares of which she is a director.

(Continued from column 7.)

shall consider no sacrifice or suffering too great to be undergone and shall not rest till we have achieved it.

"As an essential step in the direction of achieving that end we shall seek

(a) To adopt and promote heart unity among different communities and to establish complete equality of status among all, irrespective of caste or creed or race.

(b) To adopt and promote complete abstinence from intoxicating drinks or drugs.

(c) To promote hand spinning and other village industries and to adopt for personal use khaddar and other products of village industries to the exclusion of other products.

(d) To abolish untouchability.

(e) To serve the starving millions in every way we can.

(f) To engage in all other national and constructive effort."

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Meningitis In Bombay

To The Editor of "The Chronicle",

Sir,—I received a letter from some one that meningitis was spreading in some parts of C ward and early steps should be taken in order that the disease may not spread. There was a letter in the "Bombay Samachar" to the same effect. On that I met the Health Officer of the Bombay Municipality and asked him what steps he was taking to prevent the spread of the disease in the city. He said that so far only a few cases had occurred in different localities of the city and he was taking precautions to check it. He has written to me a letter also with reference to my personal inquiry, a copy of which I am sending to you for publication along with this letter.—Yours etc.,

LILAVATI MUNSHI.

Bombay, Jan. 22.

P. S. The Health Officer has sent me a copy of the bulletin in which he describes how to check the spread of this disease. I am quoting a paragraph from it in order that it may be useful to the people who want to take precaution in this matter.

"A few cases of cerebro spinal fever have occurred in the city. Avoid crowded rooms. With a view to check the spread of this disease, special arrangements have been made to treat contacts daily between 9 and 10 (a.m.) (B.T.) with nasal and throat disinfection by means of an inhalator installed at the Municipal camp at Sukhlaji Stret. Inoculation with anti-meningococcal vaccine is recommended."

(Copy)

Public Health Department:
Bombay, 21st January, 1936.

Dear Mrs. Munshi,

With reference to your personal enquiry about certain points in regard to cerebro spinal meningitis cases, I have to state that the cerebro-spinal meningitis is not a new disease in Bombay. The cases of this disease have been sporadically occurring in different localities of the city from the last some years and only during the last two years, they showed gradual increase.

When a case occurs, measures such as disinfection, prophylactic inoculation etc., are immediately taken by this department in order to check the spread of the disease. Accordingly when these cases recently occurred in No. 4 District, the contacts and the residents of the locality were persuaded to get themselves inoculated with anti-meningococcal Serum. As a result of this, about 500 persons have so far been inoculated. The places where the cases occurred and the neighbouring localities have been still kept under observation and the residents are persuaded to go in for prophylactic inoculation. Moreover, since the first outbreak of the disease in the city, necessary instructions as to the prophylactic measures against the disease are being given on page 3 of the attached monthly Health Bulletins of this Department, which are published every month and forwarded free of charge to the medical practitioners and other interested institutions.

Yours, sincerely,
(Sd.) J. S. NERURKER.

Birth Control

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The opinions expressed on "Birth Control" in the pages of the Sunday "Chronicle" are both interesting and instructive—I do sincerely hope it continues, as I consider there is no better way of spreading this primary necessity.

Would to God some of the vernacular papers would copy and publish some of the sound arguments advanced in your esteemed Sunday edition.—Yours, etc.,

W. TURNER.

G. I. P. Railway,
Thana.

"Complete Independence Is Our Birthright"

Observe January 26 As "The Solemn National Day" And Hoist Tri-Colour On Every House

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following appeal in connection with the "Independence Day":

The public should need no reminder that 26th of January has been observed, ever since the Lahore Congress, as the Poorna Swaraj (Complete Independence) Day. According to the instructions of the Congress President issued on behalf of the Working Committee, this National Day has "to be devoted, in so far as it is possible, to some special constructive effort and a determination to be made to develop greater dedication to the cause of Poorna Swaraj".

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, there will be the following public functions for the Day:

PROGRAMME.

8 a.m. (S.T.): Flag Salutation at the Congress House. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will unfurl the Flag.

6 p.m. (S.T.): Public meeting on Chowpatty Sands when the resolution, given below, will be read in various languages and passed. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will preside.

National Flag Buttons will be sold throughout the Day in all Wards by the Gandhi Seva Sena Sevikas and other Ward workers.

Citizens are requested to hoist the National Flag on their houses and in front of their residences and also participate in the functions organised by the B.P.C.C. Flags of all sizes are available for sale at the Congress House.

Volunteer organisations in the city are requested to co-operate with the B.P.C.C. in the celebrations. They should be present in good time at both the functions.

THE RESOLUTION.

The following resolution will be passed at the public meeting:

"We remind ourselves on this the solemn national Day, that Complete Independence is our birth-right and that we shall use all and only peaceful and legitimate means to achieve it. We

(Continued in Col. 5.)

YOU'VE GOT TO CANCEL ALL YOUR ENGAGEMENTS

IMPERIAL FILMS' MASTERPIECE OF THE YEAR

FOR TO-MORROW
BECAUSE—
There comes MYSTERIOUS
CUTE LITTLE
CHARMING but
Sometimes Dangerous

See your favourite star
Sulochana

WILD CAT OF BOMBAY

with D. BILLIMORIA, JAMSHEDJI, GULAM MOHMED, ZILLOO.

Also—
Exclusive scenes of great pomp and glory of Golden Jubilee of H. H. Aga Khan with charming commentary includes the programme.

TO-MORROW
GRAND GALA-OPENING!
at
ROXY Talkies
New Queens Road.

Directed by:
Sjt. NANDLAL

Booking in advance solicited

Make SAFETY! SECURITY INVESTMENT POLICY FOLLOW THIS ROAD TO

SOUNDEST PROVISIONS FOR YOUR FAMILY!

This is what you will think if you do. *"I do not leave them in the lurch. Things will go, as they go now. I shall not be here, but the insurance company will pay an income every month. The boys will go to college, and make a fair start in life. The girls will have dowers. And my wife will not worry."

*All you do is get a policy today, and pay a few rupees every quarter. The rest is our part.

ASHOK INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Head Office: AHMEDABAD. Branch: 9, Forbes St., BOMBAY.

Their Highnesses the Nawab and Begum of Rampur arrived in Bombay by the Punjab mail on Wednesday. Photo shows them (in the centre) at the Victoria Terminus. Dr. M. A. Ansari who also arrived by the same train may be seen at the extreme right.

Sleep — soundly

WHEN 'Ovaltine' is your "goodnight" beverage you can be sure of sound, natural sleep the whole night through.

A cup of delicious 'Ovaltine' taken at bedtime is so easily assimilated that its rich nourishment passes rapidly into the system, soothing and restoring the nerves, bringing that perfect composure of mind and body which leads quickly and surely to peaceful slumber. From this deep untroubled sleep you

Awake—refreshed

re-invigorated and alert, ready for the adventures of a new day.

Prepared from Nature's finest tonic foods—ripe barley malt, fresh creamy cow's milk and delicately flavoured with cocoa—'Ovaltine' supplies Nature with the restorative elements needed to rebuild the whole system and to create new strength and vitality. A cup of 'Ovaltine' at night—make this your golden rule for sound sleep and good health. Be sure you buy genuine 'Ovaltine'. There is no substitute "just as good".

OVALTINE

TONIC FOOD BEVERAGE

Ensures Sound, Natural Sleep

Sold by all Chemists and Stores.

Agent: James Wright, 85a, Ripon Street, Calcutta, also at Bombay and Madras.

No Gifts No Coupons Just 100% Quality & Value

OE/155

AROUND THE COURTS

Tragic Story Of Heroic Attempt To Extinguish Conflagration

The gallant efforts made by a school-boy to save his sister from blazing flames were narrated today before the City Coroner by the boy himself at the inquest, held on the body of Gangabai, who died of burns at the G. T. Hospital on Monday last.

Dwarkadas Vassanji, her brother stated, that he was playing on the passage at about 3 p.m. on Monday. His sister was alone in the room. All at once, he heard cries of alarm from his sister, and rushed into the room.

When he entered the room, he found his sister enveloped in flames and screaming.

The boy then caught hold of every available vessel in the room and filled it with water, which he threw over his sister. Slowly, the boy stated, the flames subsided and smoke issued, and the boy redoubled his efforts.

When asked by the Coroner whether there was any "primus stove" near his sister at the time, he replied in the affirmative and added that he noticed a broken bottle of kerosine besides the stove.

Later on, the boy put his unconscious sister on the bed and sent for his elder brother who was a broker.

The elder brother giving evidence said that he was told by his sister that her "sari" was caught by the flames when she was boiling milk on a primus stove. As soon as he came home he had her removed to the G. T. Hospital where she succumbed to her burns the same day.

The Coroner's jury returned a verdict of death due to shock following upon extensive burns sustained from a primus stove.

A verdict of death as a result of severe burns accidentally sustained from the flames of a "chula" before admission to hospital, was recorded by the City Coroner, today, at the inquest held on Tanabai, a kept mistress of Ramchandra Keshavrao Juptap residing at Karalwadi off Girgaum.

The Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of death due to natural causes, touching the death of a flour-mill attendant named Baboo Ananth Rath, in the mill-shop at Mazagaon Road on January 18 last.

It was suspected at first that the death was caused by an electric shock from the machinery of the flour-mill belonging to Motiram Ganpat.

A daring theft was committed in the Bohri Mosque last night by a person who, it is alleged, extracted from the coat pocket of a worshipper in the mosque, a packet containing jewellery and cash collectively valued at Rs. 533.

A complaint was lodged at the Palton Road Police Station by Mr. Nazaralli Tyeballi that some person had stolen a packet containing jewellery and cash left in the pocket of his coat which was hung on a peg while he was offering his prayers.

Inquiries were made and one Ahmedali Mehalji was arrested. He was produced before the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day and ordered to be remanded in custody pending further inquiries.

Shah Wali, a hotel guide, was acquitted of a charge of assaulting two constables on November 13 last and preventing them from the discharge of their duties, by the Chief Presidency Magistrate to-day at the Esplanade Police Court.

In his judgment the Magistrate asserted that the prosecution story had been so exaggerated that no Court could place any credence in it.

The evidence of the two policemen, he added, was absolutely unreliable, and the whole prosecution evidence bristled with contradictory statements.

Mr. M. Sheikh appeared for the accused.

High Court Confirms Sentences On Two Villagers For Killing Youth

The Chief Justice and Justice N. J. Wadia at the Bombay High Court confirmed, on Wednesday the sentence of death passed on Dagadu Hari Mahar and that of transportation for life passed on Ragunath Anant Kulkarni by the Sessions Judge of Satara.

The charges against them were that they, on June 27, 1935, committed the murder of a Muslim youth, Shilu Gulab Mokashi, of Surul, a village in the Satara District. The second accused was also charged with abetment.

In the lower court, the first accused was sentenced to death, as there were no extenuating circumstances in his case. As regards the other accused, the Sessions Judge observed that his case was different from that of Dagadu. The circumstances of the case showed that the actual murder must have been committed by Dagadu. Moreover, Ragunah was a young man, and the Judge thought that the ends of justice would be met by sentencing him to transportation for life.

Mr. Ramnath Shivlal appeared for the first appellant, Mr. P. S. Bakhale for the second, and Dewan Bahadur P. B. Shingne, Government Pleader, for the Crown.

Co-op. Bank And Its Officials Sued

Mr. Justice Barlee at the High Court commenced the hearing of the suit filed by Philip Rangel claiming Rs. 5,000 as damages for alleged defamation from the Central Telegraph Office Co-operative Credit Bank Ltd., its President, Secretary and members of the managing committee.

The plaintiff was a Telegraph Master employed in the Central Telegraph Office, Bombay, for 30 years with a clean record of service. He was the President of the 1st Defendant Bank in 1929 and 1930, and had acted some time as the President of the Telegraph Office Consumer's Society Ltd.

Surprised At Allegation.

The second defendant, who was the President of the 1st defendant bank, wrote a letter to the plaintiff on February 23, 1931, in which he asked the plaintiff to tender an apology for the abusive language which he alleged, the plaintiff had used at a general meeting of the Bank held on February 13, 1931. The plaintiff was surprised at such an allegation and refused to apologise.

At the instance of the President and the managing committee, the secretary (3rd defendant) then placed both letters on the notice board at the Central Telegraph Office at a place which was accessible to all.

The plaintiff contended that by putting up the letters on the notice board in public, the defendants had defamed him.

It was further alleged by the plaintiff that the defendant had also sent copies of the letters to the Chief Superintendent of the Telegraph Office. The object in doing so, he complained, was to lower him in the estimation of his superiors and others.

The plaintiff therefore, through his attorneys, wrote to the 3rd defendant complaining of the wrongful action of the defendants, and asked for an apology, intimating that if no apology was given, he would take both civil and criminal action against the defendants and also claim damages for defamation. The defendants, however, declined to give any apology.

The plaintiff also complained that in consequence of the letter written to the Chief Superintendent he was under orders from his superior for a transfer from Bombay to Lucknow, which was in contravention of the rules of the Central Telegraph Office. He therefore submitted that by reason of the false and defamatory statements made and published against him, he had suffered damages which he assessed at Rs. 5,000.

Defence Plea.

The defendants contended that as the 1st defendant bank was a society registered under the Bombay Co-operative Society Act of 1925, the Court had no jurisdiction to try the suit, and submitted that the plaint disclosed no cause of action against the bank.

The defendants therefore denied that by reason of what they had done there was any defamation of the plaintiff, or that he had suffered any damages, thereby, or that they were in any way liable for the same, and submitted that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

The hearing of the suit is proceeding.

Mr. Purushottam Tricumdas, instructed by Messrs. Ferreira and Vallabhdas, appeared for the plaintiff. Mr. J. D. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Mirza Mirza and Desai, appeared for the defendants.

Prosecution Of Man Previously Acquitted Of Same Charge, Fails

BOMBAY, Thursday.

Is the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay competent to launch a fresh Prosecution with respect to an alleged Offence under the Municipal Act against a person who was previously prosecuted for the same Offence for having contravened the Provisions of the same Section of the Municipal Act and was acquitted? This was the Point of Law raised by Mr. Ambalal P Parikh, Advocate, for Mr. A. Haji Mahamad of Messrs. Habib & Co., leading Sugar Merchants of the City, before a Bench of Magistrates, Messrs. Richards and Seerwai, presiding over the Municipal Court at Mazagaon on Wednesday.

Amongst other things Mr. Parikh pointed out that under section 403 of the Criminal Procedure Code the previous trial and acquittal was a complete bar to the present Prosecution, for' nemo debet bis vexari' (no man should be twice put in peril for the same offence) was the most elementary proposition of Criminal Law.

Their Worships agreed with this viewpoint and acquitted the accused.

Dr. Choksey, Assistant Health Officer of the Bombay Municipality, conducted the Prosecution while Mr. Ambalal P. Parikh Advocate, appeared for the Accused.

DID YOU Maclean YOUR TEETH TO-DAY ?

A triumphant smile when the Ace of Trumps is produced is excusable—especially when it displays a set of sparkling white teeth. You can't always hold the right cards but you can be sure of the right toothpaste. Macleans Peroxide Toothpaste leaves nothing to chance. It cleans the teeth effectively in three different ways. First, it gently dissolves away obstinate stains. Then, it whitens and polishes with two of the safest, softest ingredients known in dentistry. And lastly, it contains efficient germicides to leave your mouth hygienically clean—cool and refreshed. Yes, you can be sure of whiter and healthier teeth if you Maclean them each day!

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES THROUGHOUT INDIA, BURMA, & CEYLON.

The good tooth paste in the large tube..

INDIAN OXYGEN & ACETYLENE CO., LTD.

WITH works at Calcutta, Bombay, Lahore, Jamshedpur, Cawnpore and Colombo for the production of Oxygen and Dissolved Acetylene, the Indian Oxygen and Acetylene Co., Ltd., is in a position adequately to meet Industry's total demands for Gases.

The Company compresses Industrial Gases of high purity and in conjunction with the British Oxygen Company, Ltd., London, retails the Rarer Gases.

All types of welding, metal cutting, brazing and lead-burning apparatus are stocked in the various works, and expert welders are available for the purposes of demonstration and tuition.

Your enquiries will receive immediate attention.

Works at:—
CALCUTTA.
(Oxygen)—138, Balliaghatta Road.
(Acetylene)—Belur Math, Howrah.
BOMBAY.
(Oxygen)—Byculla Bridge
(Acetylene)—Sewri.
LAHORE.
(Oxygen)—Grand Trunk Road.
JAMSHEDPUR
(Oxygen)—Tatanagar.
COLOMBO
(Oxygen)—Skinner's Road North.

LOCAL BOARDS OF RESERVE BANK

The Central Board of the Reserve Bank of India has nominated the following gentlemen as members of the Local Board of the Western Area under section 91/B the Reserve Bank of India Act, viz: Dewan Bahadur Ambashanker U. Malji (Broach) and Mr. B. V. Jadhav (Kolhapur and Bombay). Section 91/B states that the Local Board will consist of five members from the shareholders and not more than three nominated by the Central Board.

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 2 POINTS UP

Better Tendency On Inflationary Sentiment

GOLD QUIET BUT SILVER SLIGHTLY HIGHER

Wheat Steady And Linseed Unchanged But Jute Better

BOMBAY, Jan. 23.

On Thursday crossrates moved upward.

NEW YORK COTTON STEADY.

New York cotton developed better tendency on inflationary sentiment in connection with the passing of the Bonus Bill through both the Houses. The closing tone was steady with 2 points up.

SILVER SLIGHTLY BETTER.

London gold was quiet but silver was slightly better.

WHEAT STEADY.

Wheat ruled steady but linseed was unchanged. Rubber and Jute were a shade higher.

SECURITIES UNCERTAIN.

The London Stock Exchange at first displayed a very good tendency but later business slackened. Giltedged securities were uncertain.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(MARCH 1936.)

New York, Jan. 23.

Previous closing	11.42
To-day's opening	11.47
Difference	+.05
To-day's closing	11.44
Difference	+.02

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(MARCH 1936.)

Liverpool, Jan. 23.

Previous closing	5.98
To-day's opening	5.97
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	6.04
Difference	+.06

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May ..... Rs. 206-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Jan. 23.

The cotton market developed better tendency on inflationary sentiment in connection with the passing of the Bonus bill through both the houses and better overseas advices.

Contrary to expectations trading in March opened at 11.47 i.e. 5 points higher than the previous closing. Though the undertone was steady there was very little doing and prices showed downward tendency pending more decisive advices of effects of the new production control plan but better Liverpool cables forced the market to the opening level.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 11.44 with a rise of 2 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan. 23.

The following were the opening changes:—

March (11.43/11.44) 11.47/11.47
May (11.14/11.14) 11.24/11.22
July (10.78/10.78) 10.88/10.87

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan. 23.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m

American January (5.98) 5.99
American March (5.96) 5.97
Egyptian January (9.70) 9.56
Egyptian March (9.21) 9.07

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Jan. 23.

Broach cotton for April May delivery moved between Rs 206-4 and Rs. 207-4 at night. The rate at 10-40 p.m. was Rs. 207-4 with New York futures about 7 points up at that time.

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION

Bombay, Jan 23

	Rs.	a.	p.
GROUNDNUT FEB—			
Opening	7	15	9
Highest	8	2	0
Lowest	7	15	0
Closing	8	0	9
GROUNDNUT MAY—			
Opening	41	4	0
Highest	41	15	0
Lowest	41	1	0
Closing	41	11	0
CASTORSEED MAY—			
Opening	7	1	3
Highest	7	1	9
Lowest	7	0	6
Closing	7	0	6
COTTONSEED JAN—			
Opening	3	1	3
Highest	3	1	4½
Lowest	3	1	3
Closing	3	1	4½
COTTONSEED MAY—			
Opening	21	8	6
Highest	21	11	6
Lowest	21	7	0
Closing	21	10	0

TENDERS FOR STERLING

On Wednesday, the 22nd January 1936, tenders to the amount of £45,850,000 at 1s. 6 1/8d were received and allotted approximately 2 per cent.

£1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday the 28th January 1936, on the same conditions as previously announced.

Sterling purchased by the Reserve Bank of India during the week ended the 17th January 1936 was £1,500,000.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Jan. 23.

Previous closing	4.96
To-day's opening	4.96 3/4
To-day's closing	4.96 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Jan. 23.

Previous closing	4.96 1/8
To-day's opening	4.96 1/8
To-day's closing	4.96 13/16
Difference	+.00 11/16

FRANC RATE

London, Jan. 23.

Previous closing	75.01
To-day's opening	75.03
To-day's closing	75.04
Difference	+.03

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Jan. 23.

London exchanges opened steady with the sterling dollar quoted at 4.96 1/8. However the rate eased to 4.95 15/16 but on better feeling the rate steadily rose to 4.96 7/16.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.96 13/16.

Franc opened at 75.03 and remained steady with slight variations.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 75.04.

LONDON SILVER

London, Jan. 23.

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	19 15/16d.	20d.
Forward	unquoted	unquoted

The market was quiet.

LONDON GOLD.

London, Jan. 23.

Gold per ounce (£7-0-9 1/2) £7-0-9 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, Jan. 23.

3 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

4 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent

6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent.

CROSS RATES

London, Jan. 23.

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay	(1-6 5/32) 1-6 5/32
Paris on Bombay	(5.66 7/8) 5.67 1/8
New York on Bombay	(37.45) 37.55
Berlin on Bombay	(0.92 7/8) 0.92 7/8
London on Milan	(61.87) 61.87
London on Shanghai	(1-2 1/2) 1-2 1/2
London on Kobe	(1-2 1/32) 1-2 1/32

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Jan. 23.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 49/2 and 49. Prices advanced on upcountry demand and bears covering and closed at Rs. 49/15 and 49/12.

Gold opened at Rs. 34/10/6 and 34/10/3 quiet and declined on firm sterling and closed at Rs. 34/9/9 and 34/9/6.

LAND MORTGAGE BANK SHARES

BOMBAY: Jan. 23.

The Publicity Department of the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Land Mortgage Bank, Ltd., has issued the following:—

In view of the safeguards under which the Bank's operations will be carried on, the facilities granted by the Government, the privileges under the Co-operative Societies Act (such as exemption of registration fee, stamp duties and incometax) and the close association of Government with the Bank the shares provide an attractive investment based on sound security.

It is a banks' Bank and has thus double security. A similar bank started in Madras paid as much as 6 per cent. tax-free dividend last year.

An investment in these shares besides being safe will benefit the agriculturists. The present issue is restricted to only 5,000 shares. Copies of the Prospectus and Application Forms are available at the office of the Bank or at R.R. Nabar and Co., Dalal St., Fort, Bombay.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Jan. 23.

Liverpool wheat opened dull with March at 89 1/4 May 77 1/4 and July 77 3/8. There were scattered buying orders on steadier foreign advices and prices were then at the opening level.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Jan. 23.

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 1.00 7/8. The market displayed better activity on foreign buying and good support.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Jan. 23.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Jan. 23.

The following cable information was received from London to-night:

"India bought. Speculators sold. Market quiet."

METALS

Tin (£207 buyers £207 1/2 sellers. Easy) £203 buyers £203 1/4 sellers Irregular

Lead (£15 1/16 buyers. No sellers. Firm) £16 1/16 buyers £16 1/8 sellers. Strong.

Electrolytic Copper (£38 1/2 to £39) £39 1/4 to £39 3/4

Glasgow Iron (£74) £74

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-2) 1-1 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-0 1/4) 1-0 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-10 1/2) 1-10 1/2

JUTE.

New Crop January February (£19 15/16 paid and value) £20 paid and sellers.

Dunlop January (£24) £24 sellers.

Lightning January (£22) £22 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (6 13/16 paid and buyers) 6 15/16 paid and value.

April June (7 1/8 paid and sellers) 7 1/16 paid and value.

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay January February (£12 15/16 sellers) £12 15/16 sellers.

Linseed Calcutta January February (£13 1/8 sellers) £13 1/8 sellers.

Linseed La Plata January (£11 1/16 sellers) £11 1/8 sellers.

Groundnut Coromandal January (£14 3/8 sellers) £14 3/8 sellers.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Jan. 23.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat May	4	8	6
Wheat September	4	9	3
Linseed May	7	8	9
Linseed September	8	0	9

The tone was steady.

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1936 Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds Association).

Bombay, Jan. 23.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 9-0 p.m.	7	8	3
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	8	9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7	9	0
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	9	0

LIGHT RAIN FALLS IN CENTRAL INDIA

POONA, Jan 23

Light rain occurred locally in Central India and a few stations in the Central Provinces, United Provinces and Kashmir. Minimum temperatures were below normal in Northwest India and above it in the Central parts of the country and the United Provinces.

Forecast: Scattered light showers are likely to fall in the Central Provinces, Central India, United Provinces, Bihar and Orissa, and Southeast Madras.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 23-1-1936.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours	—.014 inches
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m.	73.3 degrees.
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m.	70.3 degrees.
Maximum temperature during 24 hours	81.2 degrees. 1.5 (below normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hours	69.2 degrees. 2.7 (above normal)
Relative humidity at 8 a.m.	85 p.c.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m.	SE

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 23-1-36

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 75.4 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.13 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.95 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Confident Undertone In Stock Exchange

COMMODITIES MORE OR LESS FEATURELESS

Sharp Rise In Lead On Active Buying

WALL STREET FIRM DESPITE PROFIT-TAKING

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Jan. 23.

On the Stock Exchange the undertone was confident although the settlement tended to retard business.

Among industrials, breweries, motors,, tobaccos and iron and steel issues all made good showing while among foreigners Japanese and Brazilians also strengthened.

Giltedged securities were undecided Commodities were more or less featureless with the exception of lead which soared on active general buying and advanced almost one sterling from the recent low level.

On exchanges franc continued controlled throughout the day. Dollars created principal interest weakening considerably on general selling impelled mainly by inflationary sentiment.

Wall Street opened firm and advanced despite profit-taking.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Jan. 23.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £97 1/4

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Wednesday, January 15 £97 1/4
Thursday, January 16 £97 1/4
Friday, January 17 £97 1/4
Monday, January 20, £97
Tuesday, January 21 closed.
Wednesday, January 22, £97 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan. 23.

3-30 p.m.

After being firm and fairly active, markets generally were quieter. Giltedgeds were rather undecided. Industrials generally were steady to firm Kaffirs were rather irregular.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85 1/2) £85 5/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 7/8) £108

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£111 3/8) £111 3/8

4 per cent Funding Loan (£117 7/8) £117 7/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 1/8) £106 1/4

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£116 1/4) £116 1/2

INDUSTRIALS.

British Celanese 2nd Preference (23-7 1/2) 23-7 1/2
Marks and Spencer Splits Shares (dol 4 7/8) dol 4 7/8
Hydro electric (dol 5 7/8) dol 5 7/8
Musical Industries (27-3) 27-3
Princhin Johnson (43-10 1/2) 43-6
Imperial Chemical (37-0) 37-6
Imperial Chemical Ord (9-0) 9-0
Woolsworth New Ford (118-3) 118-3
Realisation 1930 (£90 1/2) £90 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (41-3) 42-0
University Ordinary (32-4 1/2) 33-0
Ford Motors (34-7 1/2) 35-3
Cable Wires (£8) £8
British American Tobacco (120-0) 121-10 1/2
Camera A (£9) £9
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (156-10 1/2) 155-7 1/2
P and O S N Company Defd (20-4 1/2) 20-9
Distillers (98-9) 99-6
Bred and Dyers (8-9) 8-9
British Celanese (14-9) 14-9
J and P Coates Ordinary (65-9) 65-9
Courtaulds Ordinary (59-7 1/2) 59-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (7-9) 7-9
Western Limited Ordinary (21-7 1/2) 22-4 1/2
Inter Nickels (£47 1/2) £48 1/4
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-6) 5-6
Tata Iron and Steel (£102 1/2) £102 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Jan. 23.

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£98) £98

3 1/2 per cent Indian (£97) £97

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£114 1/2) £114 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£116 1/2) £117

4 per cent Indian 1948/53 (£109 1/2) £109 1/2

5 per cent Indian 1945-47 (£110 1/2) £110 1/2

5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1934-48 (£106) £106

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£114) £114

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (22-0) 22-0
Donaro Tea (43-9) 43-9
Empire of India Ceylon (32-0) 32-0

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (28-3) 29-0
Gula Kelampong (25-7 1/2) 25-7 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (33-4 1/2) 34-4 1/2

JUTE SHARES

Bangalore (£10 1/2) £10 1/2

MINING SHARES.

Nandy (60-0) 60-0
Burma Corporation (9-9) 10-3
Rio Tintos (£19 5/8) £19 5/8
East Rand Proprietors (62-0) 62-0
Rand Mines (£8 3/8) £8 3/8

MINE SHARES.

Crown Mines (£14) £14
Goddar New (£11) £11
Moddar New (61-10 1/2) 61-10 1/2
Sub Nigel (£12 3/4) £12 3/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (45-7 1/2) 45-7 1/2
Union Corporation (£8 1/2) £8 3/4

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela Persian (43-9) 42-6
Anglo Iranian (80-0) 79-4 1/2
Burma Oil (91-3) 91-10 1/2
Mexican Eagle (8-7 1/2) 9-6
Shell Transport (90-0) 90-0
Royal Dutch (£32) £32

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£50 1/2) £50 1/2
L M Ford (£18 1/2) £19 1/8
L N E R Defd (£5 3/8) £5 3/8
Southern Dutch (£22 1/2) £22 3/4
London Paris 5 per cent (£136 1/2) £136 1/2
London Board G Stock (£109 1/2) £109 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Jan. 23.

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 54 1/4) dol 55 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 28 1/2) dol 29 5/8
U S Steel Common (dol 47 1/4) dol 48 5/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 118 5/8) dol 119

JUTE SHARES QUIETER

Coals Steady & Teas Dull

CALCUTTA, Jan. 23.

Jutes ruled slightly quieter and business reported was on a limited scale. In coals limited turnover took place at steady rates. Teas were dull. In Miscellaneous electricals kept fairly steady while Indian wood products were a turn easier. Government securities were quiet but steady.

Following were the closing quotations:—

Securities:—Three per cent New Loan 1951/54 102/11 small lot, three and a half per cent Government paper 96, five per cent Loan 1945/55 118/8 small lot.

Banks:—Bengal Central 9 small odd lot, Central 35/12, Reserve 126/8.

Railways:—Baraset Basirhat 51/8, Darjeeling Himalayan pref 108. Mayurbhan 56.

Cottons:—Bengal Nagpur 14/12.

Coals:—Amalgamated 20/4, Howrah 49/2, Kanknarrah 415, National 21/12 small lot, New Central 304, Reliance 65/8, Soorah pref 122 small lots, Union 390 small lots.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 6/10 ex rights, Agra elec. 126 ex div. Barrackpore elec. 209, Bengal Telephone ordy 18 small lot, Bengal Telephone pref 14, Benares elec. 15 small lot, Jubbulpore elec 12/14 ex div, Britannia Building and Iron 1/15, B. I. Corporation pref 156 small lots, Indian 1915/43 Chowringhee properties 00/6.—Wood Products 25/4.

Sugars:—Murree Brewerry 213/8, Samastipore 8/14.

Teas:—Dessai and Purbuttia 226/8, Hasimara 40/12.

Debentures:—Five and half per cent

UPPER EGYPTIANS

Liverpool, Jan 22

January	7.19+06
March	7.23+08
May	7.22+07
July	7.18+08
October	6.92+04
November	6.67+04
January	6.64+04
Spot Cotton	7.40—07

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Jan 22

March	80 1/4 + 1/2d.
May	77 1/8 + 3/8d.
July	77 1/4 + 1/2d

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Jan 22

May	1.00 5/8 +5/8c.
July	0.89 + 3/8c.
September	0.87 1/2 + 3/8c.

Problems For International Women's Council

Dame Elizabeth Says Calcutta Conference Will Discuss Franchise And Geneva

Dame Elizabeth Mary Cadbury, D.B.E., arrived in Bombay by the mail boat "Rawalpindi" on Thursday on her way to Calcutta where she will attend the Conference of the International Council of Women. She is going there as a member and one of the chief officers in England of the International Council of Women.

Dame Elizabeth who is past 75, had come all the way from England to attend the conference and when a "Chronicle" representative called on her at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Thursday evening, she was taking rest, having caught cold shortly before landing in Bombay.

Dame Elizabeth said that she was interested in peace, education, health of school children and the training of social workers and housing problems. Her experience in these fields is vast and her knowledge profound, having been actively associated with more than 10 national and international organisations.

At the Calcutta conference about 10 different countries would be represented including China, Japan and Australia.

WOMEN AND FRANCHISE.

"We shall discuss the League of Nations and probably the question of franchise," she added.

"Personally I doubt whether giving of vote to adults in England had increased the general knowledge. There are a number of women who do not take advantage of this privilege."

Dame Elizabeth has an invitation from Mahatma Gandhi and she regretted to have missed seeing him at Bombay by just two days. She said that she would meet him at Delhi, which indicates that Mahatmaji intends visiting Delhi in the near future.

"This is my first visit to India," she said, "and I am much interested in the history, philosophy and the religions of India.

CONFERENCE OF RELIGIONS

"Next July, Sir Francis Younghusband is calling a conference of the representatives of all the religions in the world and just before I came away, he asked me to make this known wherever we go. He hopes that several people from India representing the religions in this country, will come to the conference in London. Sir Francis was ever so interested in the mysticism of India, because the Society of Friends to which I too belong, values very highly the spiritual writings of the mystics of all ages."

HOUSING IN INDIA.

Dame Elizabeth is particularly interested in the Housing problem and she had promised the organisations in England that she would study the housing conditions in India and would tell them all about the progress made in this country.

Referring to the international situation, she said she had heard Sir Samuel Hoare's broadcast speech, while at Geneva, and followed it up by looking into the economic conditions of other countries, especially with respect to raw materials.

It was a matter for regret, Dame Elizabeth concluded, that Italy had to be named the aggressor in the present dispute, as there had been such a friendship between Italy and England especially since Italy stood and fought for freedom of conscience.

Dame Elizabeth is accompanied by Mrs. Greeves, her daughter and Miss E. Lewis, of the "Sunday Times," London. All of them are on their way to Calcutta.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, Jan. 23.

S S Garbeta, Capt. L E Heeth, Calcutta via Mangalore, M M & Co.
S S Rahmani, Capt. E L Gibbons. Calcutta, Madhavlal & Co., Ltd.
S S Badarpur, Capt. P Sharman. Rangoon, Burmah Shell Oil S & D Co.
S S Rawalpindi, Capt. R C Dene. London via Aden M M & Co.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, Jan. 23.

S S City of Canterbury, Capt. H Percival, Antwerp via Karachi James Finlay & Co.
S S Garbeta, Capt. L E Heath, Karachi via Coast Ports M M & Co.
S S City of Pittsburg, Capt. J Singleton, F F Campbell & Co. Colombo, Madras, Rangoon & Calcutta.
S S Rawalpindi, Capt. R C Dene, Kobe via Colombo, M M & Co.
S S Gurna, Capt. R R Marsh, Karachi via Bhavnagar, M M & Co.
S S Varela, Capt. E H Brady, Basra via Karachi, M M & Co.
S S Meliskerk, Capt. W Post, Australian Ports Lionel Edward Ltd.

The following steamers entered for Loading.

S S Bamora for Persian Gulf Ports.
S S Vasna for Persian Gulf Ports.
S S Carthage for Europe Ports.
S S Konkan Maru for Kobe via Karachi.
S S Toyama Maru for China Japan Ports.
S S Ormara for Calcutta.
S S Badarpur for Rangoon.
S S Nizam for Madras, Calcutta, Nagapattam, Cocoanada.

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, Jan 23

Java ready	13 10 0
S S Kohinoor	4 5 0
January shipment	4 4 9
February March shipment	4 6 6
Kesar ready	14 5 0
Saraya ready	13 10 0
Java Spot	F. 4,30

COTTON ARRIVALS

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 19/20th January	13,923
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935	845,899
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	705,243
Increase	140,656

STAGING OF A VERSE-PLAY

(Continued From Page 6.)

bol, a deliberately chosen plastic pose to suit the rhythm-and-sound-line under the surface of the character and his speech. The whole character was to be at any point of its delineation a stylised image in the whole picture worthy of being caught and fixed on the canvas of the subtle imagination. This, of course, would not be easily acceptable to those who are not at all willing to come clear of the obvious which is mistaken for "naturalness."

Narrow naturalism, portraying everyday life in its exact details and as an end in itself, routine methods of acting, without any essential significance in each movement of limb and tone and gesture, is now a thing out of date in the mental scope of the understanding spectator, although we find it still usurping the stage to the disadvantage of the new processes that are at work to displace it. New ideas are everywhere, waiting to be formulated but the process of formation is still meeting with ignorant obstruction.

The Future Theatre.

The future theatre will have to try and make wide use of all the auxiliary elements including painting, music and architecture. But these will have to be harmonised in a subtle manner if they are to produce as indefinable an effect on the audience as that felt when we come face to face with great and massive structures of thought and feeling and realisation. If these elements have to be given their right place, they must not be used alone, each by itself, but as composite essentials in a perfected entirety. There must be nothing superfluous on the stage. Every detail must have its own special and deeper significance and be calculated to produce its special effect on the subtler psychology and imagination of the audience. In such an ideal the narrowly natural and vulgarly obvious cannot, with any conscience, find an authentic place.

The centre of attraction has shifted from its old place in the centre to the circumference where it finds itself at every point of the wide and unlimited circle. And that circle is the circle of the "Collective-Creative" embracing all actors into one significant mastery of effort, all the fine arts into one splendidly shining grandeur of combination resulting in the masterpieces of the future which shall have no individual name appended to them, but shall be prefaced by the historical analysis of the collective will, the collective effort, the collective ideal meeting in a selfless and pure harmony of expression and appreciation.

Inflationary Talk On Cotton Exchange

Favourable Progress Of New Agricultural Plan

WALL-STREET MARKET FIRM

Good Spot Demand And Trade Buying

Both high and low levels of cotton prices for the day were reacted during the first five minutes in New York cotton market on Wednesday.

There was some inflationary talk on the cotton market but the rise was assisted by buying of late months on evidences of progress in the new agricultural plan. The market was fairly active and firm on improved buying, influenced by the strength of Wall-Street market and favourable spot markets.

Bombay, Jan. 23.

On Wednesday the New York cotton futures market was firm and fairly active on improved buying influenced by strength of Wall-Street market and favourable spot market. Certainly there was some inflationery talk on the cotton market, but the advance was more assisted by buying of late months on evidence of favourable progress in new agricultural plan.

The New York market opened at a rise of 5 points with March 11.44 and soon was quoted at 11.46 which was the highest level for the day. At this level there was some selling which depressed prices and March was quoted 11.40. Thereafter the market remained very steady with a good enquiry for new crop months and the market closed at a net rise of 3 to 13 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 5 points at 11.95c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was steady and closed at a rise of 6 points. Spot cotton prices were raised 5 points at 11.87c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a rise of 4 points with March 5.95. The market was in a waiting mood with a small business. There was some trade calling with light offerings. Later on there was hedging and trade-calling mixed with straddle business. The market closed at a rise of 6 to 7 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 5 points at 6.18d.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (10 a.m.)	11.46+07
Lowest (10-5 a.m.)	10.40+01
Liverpool March highest	5.98+07
Lowest	5.95+04

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from their Liverpool Agents:

Better cloth sales; Government stock notices also January 11.80 cents. Trade awaiting news.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Think market likely to advance gradually. Favour bull side.

New York: Considerable buying owing to fear of further inflation.

New York: Spot houses and trade good buyers. Pool credited selling January.

New York: Market firm for fear of inflation.

New York: Market affected favourably by securities and prospective adoption of New Agricultural Plan. Advise purchases on weak spots.

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following cables:

Messrs. Stubbs and Grindrod, Liverpool:

We expect the general tendency of the market to be upward and prefer operating on the bull side.

Messrs. E. J. Schwabach and Co., New York cable:

Growing inflation sentiment. Textile manufactures optimistic about release of taxes in escrow and substitute for farm plan being hastened. We favour purchases of distant months.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, January 22

March	11.42+03
May	11.16+06
July	10.89+06
October	10.38+10
December	10.35+13
Middling Spot	11.95+05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, January 22

January	11.60+05
March	11.37+06
May	11.10+06
Middling Spot	11.87+0.

NEW YORK
New York, January 22

New York 10-55 A.M.—	
March	11.43
May	11.13
New York Noon Call—	
March	**11.42**
May	**11.12**

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY

STATISTICS.
New York January 22

	Bales
Day's receipts at all U. S ports	10,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	8,000
Day's exports to the continent	Nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, January 22

January	6.01+08
February	5.99+07
March	5.98+07
April	5.95+07
May	5.91+06
June	5.87+06
July	5.84+07
August	5.77+07
September	5.71+07
October	5.64+07
November	5.61+07
December	5.61+07
January	5.60+07
Middling Spot	6.18+05

To-day's 10-12 A.M Quotations

March	5.95
May	5.88

EGYPTIAN COTTON
Liverpool, January 22

F. G. F. SAKELLARIDIS	
January	9.63
March	9.13
May	8.84
July	8.54
October	8.41
November	8.07
January	7 92
F. G. F. Spot	10.05

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, January 22

	£
Broach—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.3
Fine (Good Staple)	5.48
Superfine (Good Staple)	5.63
Comra—	
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.39
Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	5.54
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	5.69
Bengal—	
Good	3.96
Fully Good	4.06
Fine	4.18
Scinde—	
Fully Good	4.26
Fine	4.38
Superfine	4.50

SEEDS
London, January 22

Linseed La Plata Hull c. i. f. ton Jan. sellers £11-1-3

Linseed Calcutta Lordon, c. i. f. ton Jan./Feb sellers £13-2-6

Linseed Bombay Lordon, c. i. f. ton Jan./Feb. sellers £13-7-6

Repeseed Toria Hull/Cont c. i. f. ton Jan./Feb. sellers £12-18-9.

Castorseed Bombay Hull c. i. f. ton Jan/Feb sellers £12-18-9

LINSEED OILS.
London, January 22

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. Feb sellers 27/6-1/2.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Feb./Apl. sellers 27/0-1/2

LONDON RUBBER
London, January 22.

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb 7-1/16 sellers

LONDON PRODUCE.
London, January 22

Wheat Rozario Sents Fe. Parcels Jan./Feb. nominal

Wheat Barletta Russo. Parcels Jan Feb nominal

Wheat South Australian Parcels Jan sellers 32/0

JAVA SUGAR LONDON MARKET
London, January 22

Java Sugar, Fine White Dutch Standard No. 25 C & F Calcutta Jan./Feb. Nominal per cent. 7/3

C & F Bombay :— Jan./Feb. Nominal per cent. 7/0

C & F Karachi :— **Jan./Feb. Nominal per cent. 7/0**

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Jan 23

B. C. Rate T T D D	1/6 1/16
LONDON.—	
Banks selling T T D D Jan.-Dec.	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	270
Banks selling T T	268
Banks buying T T	265 1/4
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	564
Banks buying T T	574
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 3/8
Banks buying T T	77 1/8
AMSTRRDAM—	
Banks selling D D	54 3/4
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	54 1/2
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D	88 1/2
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	81
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN.—	
Banks selling D D	91
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 22nd inst	4.96
Japan/London 23rd inst	1/2 3/64
Java/London 23rd inst	7.25
Hongkong/London 23rd inst	1/3 7/8
Shanghai/London 23rd inst	1/2 15/32
London/Paris 22nd inst	75.01
London/Belgium 22nd inst	29.28
London/Switzerland 22nd inst	15.20 1/4
London/Berlin 22nd inst	12.29 1/2
London/Stockholm 22nd inst	19.39 1/2
London/New York 22nd inst	4.96 1/8
London/Amsterdam 22nd inst	7.28 3/4
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady	
Gold 22nd inst	27-0-9 1/2
Silver London Ready 22nd inst	19 15/16
Silver London Forward 22nd inst	—
Silver New York Ready 22nd instant	45
London Discounts 3 Mos 22nd instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 Mos 22nd instant	5/8 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/4 per cent.
3 Mos 1 per cent
6 Mos 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.
London January 22

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent. to 9/16 per cent.

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 9/16 per cent. to 5/8 per cent

Fire Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent. to 2-1/2 per cent.

Fire Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2-1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent.

Interest Day to Day Loan 1/2 per cent. to 1/2 per cent.

Interest 7 days Market Loan 1/2 per cent.

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, January 22

T T London on :—

New York closing rate	4.96-1/8
Paris	75.01
Berlin	12.29-1/2
Madrid	36.19
Amsterdam	7.28-3/4
Brussels	29.28
Milan	61.87
Berne	15.20 1/4
Prague	119.37

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, January 22

Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent.	71-1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later	85-1/4
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent 1931 or later	97-1/4
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent 1950/55	114-1/2
Consols 2-1/2 per cent	85-5/8
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 per cent. 1961	103
War Loan 3-1/2 per cent 1952	106 1/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/69	117-7/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	116-1/2
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	14
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	106
National Bank of India	44
P. & O Banking Corporation	9-7/8

NEW YORK COFFEE.
New York, January 22.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 6-3/4

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Jan 23

	Cwts.
Wheat	17710
Linseed	12648
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	1641
Gingellyseed	5333
Poppyseed	4
Groundnuts	49238
Castorseed	982
Rice	12004
Myrabollams	3385
Cottonseed	17494
Gram	4425
Joowar	236
Barley	1024
Bajree	3048
	Tons.
Coal	286

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, Jan 23

London market—	
Standard Copper Cash (Buyers)	£34 18 9
Standard Copper Cash (Sellers)	£35 0 0
Standard Copper 3 months	£35 6 3
Electrolytic copper New York—	£39 10 0
Blue Eagle	9 1/8 cents.
Non-Blue Eagle	8 1/2 cents.
Bombay market—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 32 14 0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 37 6 0

Tone: Firm.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Jan 23

Following a small rise of 3 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 205/12 for Broach A/M delivery and improved to Rs. 206 on scattered buying. At this level there was some realising and long liquidation which depressed prices to Rs. 205/4 but the market again improved to Rs. 205/12 on improved buying. The tone of the market was steady

Liverpool market was due to open unchanged on parity with overnight New York closing quotations but the market opened at a decline of one point and later on a drop of 3 points was reported. The local market responded to easier Liverpool advices and Broach A/M. was quoted at Rs. 205. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under :—

	Rs. a. p.
Broach A/M.	205 8 0
Oomra D/J.	188 0 0
Oomra March	187 12 0
Oomra May	187 0 0
Bengal D/J.	146 0 0
Bengal March	141 0 0
Bengal May	140 0 0

COTTON STRADDLES

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: March 94 May 106 July 128 at Cross Rate 4.96

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1936 205 Liverpool May 1936 5.91 Rs. 52 1/4 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1936 205 New York May 11.16 Rs. 45 at Cross Rate 4.96

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1935-36	1934-35
Receipts to date 22-1-36	5665000	3684000
Receipts yesterday 22-1-36	10000	6000
Exports to date 22-1-36	4004000	2853000
Stock at Ports 17-1-36	2602000	2029000
Stock at Interior Towns 17-1-36	2311000	824000
Stock at Liverpool 17-1-36	712000	914000
Visible Supply 17-1-36	6747000	6598000
Quantity in sight 17-1-36	9832000	6314000
Quantity out of sight 17-1-36	6191000	5069000

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Jan 23

	Old.	New
Bengal Superfine	...	155
Bengal Fine	...	152
Bengal F G	...	..
C P 1 Fine	...	209
C P 2 Fine	...	202
Arvi Fine	...	203
Ellichpur Fine	...	199
Berar Fine	...	197
Khamgaon Fine	...	197
Mulkapur Fine	...	193
Khandesh Fine	...	192
Jalna/Sailu Fine	...	194
Burwah/Sanavad Fine	...	198
Mathia Fine	...	185
Broach Fine	...	...
Punjab/American	...	220/225
Sindh-American	...	220/225
Cambodia	260/265	...
Cambodia 2nd crop	225/230	...
Compta Good	235/235	...
Westerns	220/225	...
Kampala	341/343	...
Jinja	323/325	...
New Mansa	305/315	...

READY COTTON SALES.
Bombay, Jan. 23.

200 Japan T & Co. Pachora 184
-100 Bombay & Co. Bhilwara 26 off to Broach
300 Moon Mill Sargodha 233
100 Moon Mill Barnagar 233½
100 A. Damodar Kundla 8 off

OSAKA SAMPIN

Osaka, Jan 23

	opening
January	194.00—30
April	195.60+70
July	194.90+50

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Bombay, Jan 23

The Penultimate ginning report showing the total quantity ginned of the American cotton crop will be issued today in America and the same will be received here to-night.

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

Alexandria, Jan 22

SAKELLARIDIS—	
January	16.05 +07
March	15.59 +13
May	15.46 +16
ASHMOUNI—	
February	12.94+08
April	13.05+02
June	12.50—14

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Jan 22

Broach A/M 1936 opening 205 1/4; highest 205 1/4; lowest 204 1/2; closing 205

Oomra D/J opening 189; highest 190; lowest 188 3/4; closing 188 3/4

Oomra March opening 187; highest 187 1/2; lowest 187; closing 187 1/4

Oomra May opening 186 3/4; highest 186 3/4; lowest 186 1/4; closing 186 3/4

Bengal D/J opening 144 1/4; highest 145; lowest 144 1/4; closing 144 1/2

Bengal March opening 140 1/4; highest 140 3/4; lowest 139 3/4; closing 140

Bengal May opening 139 1/2; highest 139 1/2; lowest 139; closing 139 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 13 1/4

Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (31-3-36) Rs. 13 3/4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Jan 23

3 1/2 per cent G P N 96/2
3 per cent 1941 104/0
3 per cent 1951/54 102/6
3 1/2 per cent 1947/53 106
4 per cent 1943 109/4
4 per cent 1960/70 110/10
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 117/6
5 per cent 1939/44 109/5
5 per cent 1940/43 111/2
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 108/10

TAX-FREE

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 118/14
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 109/8
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 121/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 108/12

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE)

4 per cent B P T 1974 106/4
4 per cent M Deb 1974 105
5 per cent M Deb 1939 115
6 per cent M Deb 1954 127/8
6 per cent K P T 1936 127/8
6 1/2 per cent B P T 1937 105

Note: 3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened at Rs. 96/0/6 and declined to Rs. 95/15 and closed at Rs. 96. The tone of the market was quiet but steady.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Jan 22

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan	85 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan	97 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/50	106 1/4
4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53	110
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950/55	114 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68	117
5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47	114
5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936/38	102 1/8
3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan New	97 7/8
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	85 5/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	108
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	106 3/4

East Indian Wool Auctions At Liverpool

Liverpool, Jan. 23.

Messrs. Kasamali Esmail, exporters of Wool, have received the following cable from Liverpool to-day showing the result of Indian Wool auction sale at Liverpool:—

RESULT OF FIRST DAY

"Attendance good. Competition good. Good demand from Home Trade. Moderate from Continent and very small from America. Best Yellows, Medium Yellows and medium Whites par to 5 per cent advance. Wasty and greasy, not wanted. Vicanore and Joria 1st White steady to firm. Goat Hair unchanged. 8741 bales were offered and 4251 are withdrawn."

BHAWNAGAR MARKETS

Bhavnagar, Jan 23

	Rs. a. p.
Groundnut oil ready	5 7 6
Maha	5 7 3
Jota	0 1 6
Chaytar	5 9 0
Jota	0 6 6
Groundnut January	2 15 3
March	3 0 6
Jota	0 3 3
Sutar	102 8 0
Chaytar	103 12 0
Sugar ready	4 14 0
Shipment	4 2 0
Corrugated Ready	9 2 9
Fagan	9 5 0
Vasakh	9 6 0

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, Jan 22

Spot silver prices remained unchanged at 44 3/4 cents.

MONTREAL SILVER

Montreal, Jan 22

March	44.75+1.10
May	44.50+80
July	44.80—

LONDON SILVER
London, January 22

Spot	19 15/16
Forward	Not Fixed

LONDON GOLD.
London, January 22

Gold Bars, Fine per oz. ..£7/0-9-1/2

LONDON METAL
London, January 22

	£
Copper Brazen	49
Yellow Metal	40 1/8
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	13-5/8
Corrugated sheets 24 gauge	12-3/4
Tin English Ingots Liverpool F O B	206 3/4

EAST INDIA COTTON

Liverpool, Jan 22

January	5.48+02
March	5.47+02
May	5.46+02

BOMBAY PRODUCE

Bombay, Jan 23

The local groundnut market was fairly active with improved export demand and bull support. Castorseed market was steady and cottonseed market was quietly steady.

Groundnut February	8 1 3
Groundnut March	8 3 0
Groundnut May	41 11 0
Castorseed May	7 1 9
Cottonseed January	3 1 3
Cottonseed May	21 10 0

LONDON GROUNDNUT

London, Jan 22

January	£14-8-9 minus 1s. 3d.
February	£14-7-6 minus 1s. 3d.
March	£14-7-6 minus 1s. 3d.

Tata Steel Shares Rule Steady

Narrow Trading Market

Absence Of Outside And Investment Support

BOMBAY, January 23

The local market was expected to rule easy to-day on unfavourable French political news, but under scattered buying Tata Iron and Steel shares ruled steady. The buying was mainly influenced by reports of some agreement between Tata Iron and Indian Iron. There was a marked absence of any outside and investment support and the undertone of the market was easy.

Cement shares are keeping steady in hopes of merger of all cement companies. It will be advisable to remember that present prices of Cement shares are mainly due to hopes of a merger and to a great extent the effect of the merger is discounted. Thus we see no reason for any substantial rise but if something wrong happens to the merger scheme, present prices will not be sustained.

Cotton mills and Electric shares were quiet but steady with a limited turnover. As long as the market grinds around present levels, we think that prices will fluctuate within a narrow range but we think it safe to unload holdings on all strong markets as substantial losses in silver and decline in raw cotton prices will damp enthusiasm resulting in low levels.

TEXTILE MILLS
Bombay, Jan. 23.

100	Ahm. Advance	298 12
500	Bombay Cotton	40 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	677 8
250	Bradbury	100 0
100	Century	171 4
100	Central India	231 14
100	Colaba	124 6
100	Coorla	N-95 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	340 0
1	E D Sassoon	0-5-0
100	Finlay	108 12
100	Gokak	161 4
1000	Hindustan	1750 0
100	Indore	50 0
100	Khatau	74 6
100	Kohinoor	190 10
250	Laxmi	620 0
100	Madhavji	6 12
250	Madras United	40 0
1000	Morarji	845 0
250	Model	41 0
50	Mysore	91 4
200	New Great	107 8
100	Oosmanshahi	55 0
100	Phoenix	270 0
25	Sassoon Silk	35 0
1000	Sholapur	2400 0
50	Simplex	66 4
100	Swadeshi	143 2
100	Swan	87 8
25	Tata	N-8 0
500	Vishnu	1275 0
1000	Western	750 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	104 12
25-50	Central	35 14
500	Imperial	1512-8XD
125-500	Im. Con.	4.D.375 0
50-100	India	127 0
100	Reserve Bank	127 4
5	Union	5 4

CEMENTS

100	Bundi	34 10
70	Gwalior	115 10
160	Indian	443 2
40	Katni Def.	1970 0
100	Katni Ord.	357 8
75	Okha	251 4
10	Punjab	24 10
100	Shahabad	465 0
70	United	112 8

INSURANCE

15-100	Jupiter	11-12 XD
15-75	New India	42 12
200	Oriental	4700 0
10-100	Vulcan	7 2

ELECTRIC.

100	Ahmedabad Old	156 4
1000	Andhra Valley	1610 0
10	Ajmer	13 4
50	Bombay Tram	148 7
100	Bombay Suburban	170 0
10	Broach	11 12
100	Karachi	245 0
100	Poona	218 12
100	Surat	175 0
100	Tata Hydro	105 5

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Jan 23

Century 171
Bombay Dyeing 677 676 680 677
Kohinoor 191 190/10
Central India 231 230/14
New Great 107/8
Simplex 66/4
Swadeshi 142 143/2
Bundi 34/6 34/8 34/10
I Cement 443 445 443/2
Punjab 24/6 24/10
Shahabad 462 463 465
Andhra 1607 1610
Tata Hydro 165
Tata Power 1521 1525 1523/12
Tram Ord 148/7
T Steel Defd 565 571 566 567/8
T Steel Ord 147 146/12 148 147/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref 162/12
Bellapur 165 166 165/10
B Steam 272
B Burma 391 396 395/10

1000	Tata Power	1523 12

RAILWAYS

500	Ahm. Prantij	907 8
100	Amr. Patty	119 12
100	C. Province	93 8
100	Dhond Baramati	98 0
100	Gujarat	75 0
100	Mandra Bhon	98 0
100	Pachora Jamner	92 8
100	Sara Sirajgunge	95 8
500	Tapty Valley	761 4

MININGS

10	Shivrajpur	29 12
30	T. S. Def.	567 8
75	Tata Steel Ord.	147 8

MISCELLANEOUS

100	Alcock	190 0
50	Belapur Sugar	165 10
250	Bombay Steam	272 8
125	Bombay Burma	395 10
50	Bom. Burma Cont.	132 8
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	4 14
50	Bombay Telephone	107 4
100	Indian Bleaching	93 2
100	Indian Radio Def.	515 0
100	Ind. Radio Ord.	482 8
1000	Port Canning	570 0
10	Scindia	14 13
30	Premier Construction	76 4
25	Tata Oil	15 12

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1422 8
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	293 12
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	87 8
5	p.c. Central India	527 8
7	p.c. Katni 1st	138 12
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	145 0
7-1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	1' 12
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	151 4
7-1/2	p.c. Punjab Cement	15 12
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	190 10
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	162 0
5 1/2	p.c. Tata Mill	13 0
7	p.c. Vishnu	647 8

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, Jan 23

The local wheat market was quiet but steady with scattered selling in May delivery. Both Chicago and Liverpool markets were steady. Argentine linseed was quiet and London Laplata was unchanged. In the local market prices opened at Rs. 7-8-3 and improved to Rs. 7-9-3.

Wheat January	4 9 0
Wheat May	4 8 6
Wheat September	4 9 0
Linseed May	7 9 3
Linseed September	7 12 3

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Jan 22

February	14.37—02
March	14.43—04
April	14.53—

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Jan 22

March	2.32+01
May	2.35+03
July	2.37+03
Sepptember	2.38+02

OFFICIAL COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, Jan 23

	Extra Sprfine	Sup Fine	F	G	Good
M G—					
Bengal U P	152	149	146	143	...
Punjab	152	149	146	143	...
Rajputana	...	...	...	...	...
Oomra No. 3	196	193	190	187	...
C P No. 1	213	210	207	204	...
C P No. 2	203	200	197	194	...
Broach No. 2	—	—	—	—	...

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Jan 23

As anticipated the Posh silver settlement passed of satisfactorily except small difficulty with about three parties who failed to meet their obligations in full. The total amount of the clearing is estimated about 4 1/2 crores. It is creditable for the market to meet extensive liabilities without any undue difficulty as the market had to face repeated crisis. Now the market is out of danger and the U. S. Treasury is inclined to support prices around 45 cents. In some quarters operators expect some important change in import duty.

Yesterday the Montreal market was steady and closed at a rise of 50 to 90 points, London prices advanced 3/4d. but later business was done 1/16d. under fixed prices and the tone was uncertain with a small turnover. New York silver prices remained unchanged at 44 3/4 cents. Shanghai T T on London opened to-day at 1-2 15/32

The silver market ruled very steady to-day with improved buying and covering by shorts and was quoted at Rs. 40/8.

Fears of inflation in America influenced increased selling pressure in gold and prices weakened to Rs. 34/9/6.

Later on silver market improved further on steady buying by upcountry merchants and prices registered further improvement.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	50 0 0
Magh delivery	49 14 0
Magh Tejimandi	2 8 0
Ready gold	34 10 0
Magh delivery	34 9 6
Magh Tejimandi	0 6 0
Fagan delivery	34 8 6
Fagan Tejimandi	0 12 6

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JUPITER GENERAL
has a net-work of agencies throughout the country.
J7

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

JUPITER GENERAL
has claim settling agents throughout the world.
J8

BOMBAY: FRIDAY, JANUARY 24, 1936

Accession Of New King Proclaimed

Viceroy Says All Classes Will Ever Serve Edward VIII

HIS DEEP CONCERN FOR INDIANS' WELFARE

NEW DELHI, Jan. 22.

Broadcasting to-night the Viceroy said: "it is only a few months ago that we were all celebrating with every evidence of loyal rejoicing the fact that His Majesty King George had reigned over his Empire for 25 years. To-day alas our joy is turned to sorrow.

"We mourn the loss of a great sovereign who had guided our destinies with such courage and wisdom during some of the most anxious and critical years which the British Empire has ever known.

I, therefore, feel very grateful that through wonderful advance that has taken place in recent years in all forms of communication I am able this evening to speak a few words to many thousands of my fellow citizens in this country and share with them the sorrow we all feel individually and personally at the death of a great ruler of whom it can truly be said that he lived and died in the service of his people.

"It has been my good fortune to have served his late Majesty during a greater part of my public life, very particularly during 16 happy years that I have spent among the Princes and people of India and I, therefore, perhaps have had very special opportunities of realising from personal conversation and correspondence how continual and active was his interest in all that he had to do with this country and her people.

Concern For Indians' Welfare.

"I know well how closely he studied all matters connected with her development and progress. I know of his constant care of rights and privileges of great order of princes and his deep concern for the welfare and well-being of all classes of millions of his subjects in India. I know how deeply he appreciated many evidences of their unfailing loyalty to his Throne and person during the 25 years of his reign.

"And surely those evidences were never more clearly shown than on three very particular occasions which vividly come to my mind. In 1911 shortly after His Late Majesty's coronation Their Majesties visited India and were received with greatest enthusiasm and joy wherever they travelled on that memorable tour.

"Again at the commencement of the Great War I can remember well the splendid and spontaneous outburst of loyalty and devotion to His Majesty and determination of all classes of his people in India to take their full part in securing safety of his Empire in its hour of need.

"And last but by no means the least I remember with gratitude the magnificent sum of Rs. 138 lakhs raised by rich and poor alike to commemorate His Late Majesty's Silver Jubilee by strengthening various organizations that deal with sick and suffering throughout the country.

Beloved Sovereign.

"A great and beloved sovereign has passed from our midst and has left to us both old and young example of unflagging zeal and unfailing devotion to the welfare and happiness of the peoples of his Empire. His son and successor King Edward Eighth, the proclamation of whose accession to throne of England was read out to-day, has already given many and constant proofs of his determination to follow the high tradition set by his father. As Prince of Wales he became known to us not only as Ambassador of Empire but also as a man who shared with officers and men alike the sufferings and discomforts of the war. His interest in the Empire could not be better demonstrated than by the fact that he has personally visited India and nearly all Dominions and Colonies and there are many amongst the princes and people of his great country who like myself can bear testimony to the great sympathy for and profound interest in all that has to do with India which His Majesty has always shown.

"I know that I can confidently assure His Majesty that all races, castes and creeds of his Indian Empire will ever serve him with that loyalty and devotion which they have shown to his illustrious father. It is our devout prayer that His Majesty King Edward Eighth may be spared for many long years to rule over us and to guide our destinies in way of peace."—A. P.

VICEROY READS PROCLAMATION

NEW DELHI, Jan. 22.

His Excellency the Viceroy will read the proclamation of the accession of the new King to the throne to-day at 5 in the afternoon from the steps of the Viceroy's House.

A similar proclamation will be read by the Chief Commissioner from Red Fort in the city.

A public meeting which was to be held to mourn the King's death has been postponed till to-morrow. Flags are flying full mast for to-day for the proclamation. All Government offices and courts were closed for the Proclamation at 2 p.m. to-day.—United Press.

IMPRESSIVE CEREMONY AT LAHORE

LAHORE, Jan. 22.

The proclamation of accession to the throne of King Edward VIII was made this evening at a brief but most impressive ceremony held in front of the Montgomery Hall, attended by his Excellency the Governor, members of the Executive Council and prominent civil and military officials and non-officials.—A. P.

AT NAGPUR

A Nagpur message states:—

The Proclamation announcing the accession of King Edward VIII was read by Mr. N.J. Roughton, Chief Secretary, C.P. Government, at the ceremony held at the Government House on Wednesday afternoon.

The Governor, Sir Hyde Gowan, Lady Gowan, Sir Gilbert Stone, Chief Justice and other Judges of the Nagpur High Court, officials and prominent non-officials attended the ceremony.—A.P.

AT ALLAHABAD

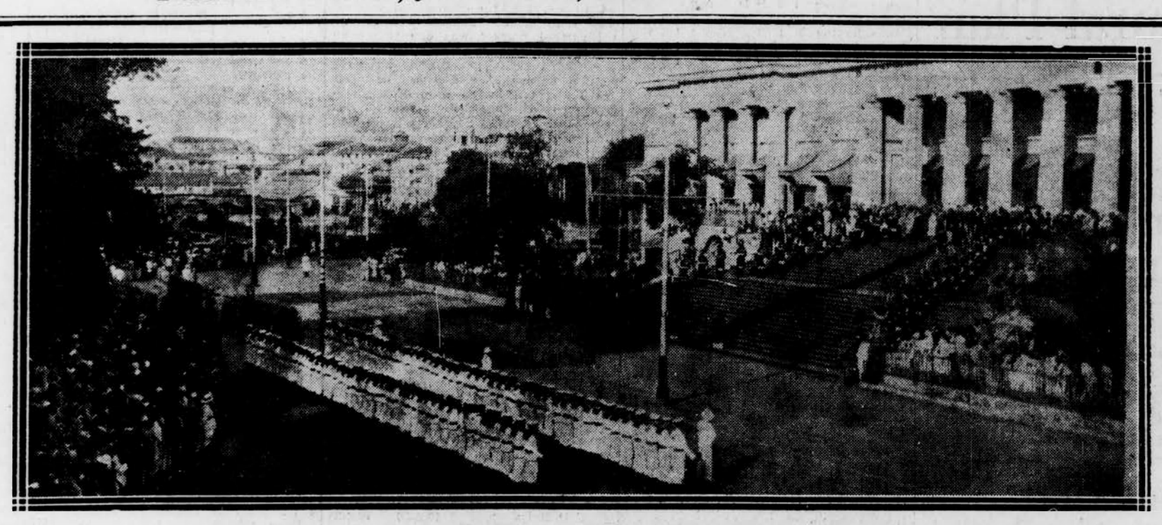
An Associated Press message from Allahabad states:—

An imposing ceremony was witnessed on Wednesday afternoon when the Commissioner of Allahabad Division, Mr. Harper, in the presence of prominent officials and non-officials, including judges of the High Court and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, proclaimed the accession of King Edward VIII from the steps of the public library in Alfred Park at 4-30 p.m.

RANGOON FIRES SALUTE

RANGOON, Jan. 22.

The proclamation of accession to the throne of King Edward the eighth was read by the chief secretary from the bandstand in Fytche Square at 5 p.m. in the presence of the Chief Justice, executive council members, ministers, officiating commandant of the Burma independent, district civil and military officers. A public salute of 31 guns was fired.—A. P.



The new King's Proclamation was read at the Town Hall by the Sheriff on Wednesday at 4-30 p.m. in the presence of H. E. the Governor and Lady Brabourne. The military and naval force in attendance at the ceremony.

NEW KING MAY BROADCAST ON 28TH

LONDON, Jan. 22.

It is learned authoritatively that the King is considering broadcasting a message to the Nation after the funeral of his father.

A special memorial service will be held at St. Pauls at 15-00 on January 28. The Lord Mayor of the Corporation and representatives of other bodies will attend.

The air force flying has been suspended for to-morrow and on January 28. Civilian airmen have been asked to refrain from flying over the route of the King's coffin to London on Thursday and over Westminster Hall during the lying-in-state and the route of the funeral procession on Jan. 28.—Reuter.

WEAKENED BY OLD ILLNESS

LONDON, Jan. 21.

Although the late King's entourage maintained an optimistic exterior, they inwardly recognised that there was no hope of recovery, says Reuter's special correspondent at Sandringham.

Apart from the fact that His Majesty was seriously weakened by his illness in 1928, following which he was fitted with tubes in the chest, he had been additionally handicapped by the consequence of his horse rolling on him during the War.

In October, when the King went shooting for the last time, it was noticed with dismay that his neck was badly swollen. Three weeks ago he fainted while attending service at Sandringham Parish Church. Ten days ago the King insisted on a visit to his Newmarket stud farm to see his newly purchased sire. He was assisted to the interior but had to be carried out ten minutes later purple-faced and, it is believed, with a stroke. The first stroke he had, in August last, was likewise in Sandringham.—Indian Allied News.

VICEROY ANNOUNCES ACCESSION

NEW DELHI: Jan. 22.

"The Gazette of India," Extraordinary notifies:—

"The Governor-General-in-Council announces that his most gracious Majesty King Edward VIII has been proclaimed King of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the seas, Defender of the Faith and Emperor of India."

Flags were hoisted to the masthead to-day and a salute of 101 guns was fired in honour of the succession of H.M. King Edward VIII. Flags will remain at the masthead until the evening and will be hoisted half-mast high again from the following morning and will remain so until further orders."—A.P.

KING EDWARD TO BROADCAST

LONDON, Jan. 23.

It is learned that King Edward is considering broadcasting to the entire nation after the funeral of his father, the late King George.

Mr. Chunilal Bhaichand Mehta, the Sheriff, reading the Proclamation. The Governor and Lady Brabourne are on the right.

LYING-IN-STATE TIMINGS ALTERED

LONDON, Jan. 22.

The timings of the Lying-In-State have been altered. There will be no admittance to-morrow and Westminster Hall will be opened to the public from Jan. 24 to Jan. 27 inclusive between 8 a.m. and 10 p.m. It is estimated that at least 1,000,000 mourners will file past the catafalque.

LAHORE BENCH AND BAR MOURN DEATH OF KING

LAHORE, Jan. 22.

Sir Douglas Young Chief Justice has cabled His Majesty the King-Emperor as follows: The Bench and the Bar of the High Court of Lahore mourn the death of King George and respectfully offer their deepest sympathy to your Majesty and Queen Mary and the Royal Family, and offer our loyal and humble duty to your Majesty's accession."—A. P.

FRENCH REPRESENTATIVES AT KING'S FUNERAL

PARIS, Jan. 22.

France will be represented at King George's funeral by M. Lebrun, the Ministers for Foreign Affairs, Marine, and the Navy and the Commander-in-Chief, Admiral Durand'riel; Marshal Petain; the Army Commander-in-Chief, General Gamelin, and the retiring Air Minister, General, Denain.

There will also be a detachment of French troops.—Reuter.

MILLOWNERS' CONDOLENCE

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The following is the copy of a telegram addressed by the Millowners' Association, Bombay, to the Private Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy on Wednesday, the 22nd January 1936:—

At a special meeting of the Committee of the Millowners' Association, Bombay, held to-day it was resolved that the following message be despatched to His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor.

REFERENCE IN DADAR COURT

When the Dadar Police Court assembled on Wednesday before the proceedings commenced, Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, the Presidency Magistrate, made a touching reference to the sad demise of His Majesty King George V.

Mr. R. D. Ratnagar, one of the senior members of the Bar, replied suitably and then the Court observed silence for two minutes before the resumption of their usual duty.

through His Excellency the Viceroy.

"The Committee and Members of the Millowners' Association, Bombay, have learnt with profound grief of the death of their beloved King-Emperor George V and in humble duty tender their heartfelt sympathies to His Majesty the King-Emperor Edward VIII to Her Gracious Majesty the Queen Mother and to the Royal Family in the irreparable loss which they and the Empire have suffered. The members of the Association also desire to tender to His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor their best wishes on his accession to the throne."

This telegram was despatched at the close of a meeting specially convened for the purpose, and was presided over by Sir Ness Wadia owing to the absence of the Chairman and Deputy Chairman of the Association from Bombay.

Placing the resolution before the meeting, Sir Ness Wadia, in a moving speech, referred to the sense of personal loss which all had sustained, and the noble example of service which the late King-Emperor had set before us.

The resolution was seconded by Sir Hormasji Mody, supported by Mr. S. D. Saklatvala, and was adopted in silence, all members present standing.

It was subsequently resolved that a recommendation be made to all member mills throughout India to close down operations on the day of public mourning to be declared by the Government of India.—A. P.

AFGHAN KING SENDS CONDOLENCE MESSAGE

KABUL: Jan. 23.

His Majesty the King of Afghanistan has sent the following telegram addressed to the new King:—

"Heard the news of death of your illustrious father His Majesty King George with great sorrow and express condolence and deep mourning at this sorrowful occasion to your Majesty, the Queen-Mother and other members of the Royal Family."

The Indian residents at Kabul in a resolution, have conveyed their sympathy to the Queen-Mother through the British Minister there.—A.P.

SERVICES TO INDIA

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 22.

Sir Sulaiman, Chief Justice, Allahabad High Court, interviewed by the Associated Press, said:—

"The sad and sudden news of the passing away of His Gracious Majesty King George the Fifth has come as a terrible shock and has cast a gloom over the whole country.

As Emperor of India, the reign of His Majesty will ever be remembered by India with deep gratitude for the inauguration of the Reformed Constitution heralding a new era of progress for this sub continent.

As India's great good fortune His Gracious Majesty King Edward the Eighth who honoured the Allahabad High Court by his visit as Prince of Wales and who was loved for his kindliness and benevolence is now ruling as sovereign".

ATTENDANCE AT FUNERAL

LONDON, Jan. 22.

A special train with the body of King George will arrive at the King's Cross at 14-30 to-morrow. The coffin will be carried in the gun-carriage followed afoot by members of the Royal Family and the Royal household escorted by mounted police, Guards-of-Honour, the Navy, the Army and the air force to the Westminster Hall. Some 6,000 police will be on duty for regulating the traffic Police and wireless vans will assist in keeping the route clear.

Four ruling sovereigns and as many heirs to throne, will be among those attending the funeral of King George. The King of Belgians will be accompanied by his brother the Count of Flanders, the King and Queen of Norway, the coming King of Rumania will be accompanied by his mother Queen Marie. The King of Denmark, Prince Paul of Yugoslavia, the Egyptian Crown Prince Farouk, Crown Prince Paul and Prince George, of Greece, the Crown Prince and the Crown Princess of Sweden will be there, also Prince Piedmont or the Duke, of Aosta, representing King Victor.

Besides France many states will be represented including Germany by Baron Von Neurath, two generals and the Admiral of the United States, Japan, Holland, Hungary Turkey and Iraq.—Reuter's Special.

KIRPAN MORCHA INTENSIFIES

More Sikhs Court Arrest In Lahore

LAHORE, Jan. 22.

One hundred and six Sikhs who have been arrested, in the last few days were tried in jail and sentenced to one day's simple imprisonment, which was passed on all expect one who was sentenced to one month's imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 this being his second conviction in connection with the Kirpan Satyagraha.

Further intensification of the Satyagraha campaign by the S. G. P. C. is indicated by the decision to send out as many as 100 Sikhs this evening to court arrest.—A. P.

40 MORE SIKHS SENT TO JAIL

LAHORE, Jan. 23.

Forty Sikhs who offered Satyagraha this morning. 15 outside Derasahib while 25 outside the Lahore Railway Station, on their arrival from Rawalpindi by train were arrested for disobedience of the ban on 'kirpan.'

The accused were tried in jail and sentenced to one day's imprisonment.—United Press.

GANDHIJI RESTING

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 22.

Mahatma Gandhi is having complete rest. He said evening prayers while lying on a cot on the terrace of the Gujerat Vidyapith where he is sleeping for the night.—A. P.

C. P. COUNCIL ADJOURNS

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, Jan. 22.

The January session of the Legislative Council commenced at 12 noon to-day with the Hon. Mr. S. W. A. Rizvi in the Chair. Visitors' galleries were practically deserted. New Members were sworn in. The panel of chairmen was nominated by the President.

Hon. Mr. E Raghavendra Rao, Leader of the House, then made feeling reference to the death of His Majesty King George V and moved for adjournment of the House.

Mr. T. J. Kedar, Leader of Opposition. Associated himself with the sentiments expressed by the Leader of the House, whereafter the motion was carried, all members standing.

GOVERNOR OF U. P. TENDERS SYMPATHY OF PEOPLE

LUCKNOW, Jan. 22.

The following message has been sent by the Governor of U. P. to His Majesty the King:—"On behalf of the people of the United Provinces I humbly tender Your Majesty and Her Majesty Queen Mary the deep sympathy of all classes in the irreparable loss that has been sustained by the death of our beloved King Emperor.

His Majesty held a place in the very hearts of his people here as in other parts of the empire and their grief will be profound."

Feeling references were made to the death of King George in the chief court, when judges and members of the bar assembled in the chief judge's court this morning.

The following telegram has been sent on behalf of the British Indian Association "Taluqdars of Oudh most respectfully beg to express their profound sorrow at the sad demise of their beloved sovereign, and offer loyal and deep sympathy to His Majesty King-Emperor and Queen Mary and other members of the Royal Family."

Bombay's Homage To New King Emperor

The following is a copy of the telegram to the Secretary of State for India from His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

On behalf of the Government and people of the Bombay Presidency I request you to convey to His Majesty the King Emperor our respectful homage on his accession to the throne.

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